

Patna High Court Assistant Previous Year Questions Paper 2016

Directions (1-5): In each of the following sentences, a proverb is highlighted. Select the alternative which best describe its use in the sentence.

- **Q1.** In the last budget, the government **brought** forward a new scheme of taxation.
- (a) Prioritised
- (b) Displayed
- (c) Notified
- (d) Introduced
- **Q2.** The sales of the company are increasing by leaps and bounds.
- (a) As proposed
- (b) In calculated ways
- (c) Very slowly
- (d) Far lesser than expected
- Q3. The police made considerable headway in sorting the papers.
- (a) Progress
- (b) Movement
- (c) Action
- (d) Measurement
- **Q4.** The kind old woman received the stranger with open arms.
- (a) With her arms free
- (b) With warmth
- (c) With restraint
- (d) With gratitude
- Q5. My friend ran off helter-skelter down the slope.
- (a) Unknowingly
- (b) With minimum speed
- (c) Purposefully
- (d) Hurriedly and in confusion

- **Q6.** Find the misspelt word.
- (a) Prioratise
- (b) Pciturise
- (c) Visualise
- (d) Individualise
- **Q7.** Find the misspelt word.
- (a) Mendacious
- (b) Obnoxcious
- (c) Pernicious
- (d) Ferocious
- **Q8.** Find the misspelt word.
- (a) Pennetrate
- (b) Irritate
- (c) Hesitate
- (d) Perforate
- **Q9.** Find the misspelt word.
- (a) Passagway
- (b) Causeway
- (c) Subway
- (d) Straightway
- **Q10.** Find the misspelt word.
- (a) Temperature
- (b) Temperament
- (c) Tempastuous
- (d) Temptation



Q11. We respect our parents and teachers. (a) may have to	Q18. It is time you (a)/ decide on your next (b)/ course of action. (c)/ No error (d)
(b) will (c) shall (d) ought to	Q19. He who has suffered most (a)/ for the cause (b)/ let him speak. (c)/ No error (d)
Q12. We are highly disappointed exam results. (a) about (b) from	Q20. A cup of coffee (a)/ is an excellent complement (b)/ to smoked salmon. (c)/ No error (d)
(c) in (d) with	Q21. Select the word opposite in meaning to "Candid". (a) Outspoken
Q13. Let us sit down the shade of a tree for some time.	(b) Frank (c) Devious
(a) inside(b) below(c) in	(d) Disguised Q22. Select the word which can be substituted for
(d) on	"One who walks in sleep". (a) Somniloquist
Q14. Mother had prepared 20 biscuits, Rani ate all of them. Therefore, mother called her a (a) Digester	(b) Egoist (c) Somnambulist
(b) Goader (c) Needy (d) Glutton	(d) Altruist Q23. Select the word opposite in meaning to "facilitate".
Q15. You are fortunate having an intelligent and obedient son.	(a) Help(b) Propagate(c) Hinder
(a) to (b) with (c) of	(d) Reject
(d) in Directions (16-20): In the following question, some of the sentences have errors and some have	Q24. Select the word which can be substituted for "A specialist who tests eyesight".(a) Optician
none. Find out which part of a sentence have error. The number of that part is your answer. If your answer is (D) i.e. there is no error.	(b) Ophthalmologist(c) Ichthyologist(d) Neurologist
Q16. He is a university professor (a)/ but of his three sons (b)/ neither has any merit. (c)/ No error (d)	Q25. Select the word opposite in meaning to "Affirm".(a) Refuse(b) Negate
Q17. After knowing truth (a)/ they took the right decision (b)/ in the matter. (c)/ No error (d)	(c) Neglect (d) Avoid

Directions (26-30): Read the passage and answer the following question.

In the past 50 years, doctors across the world have accepted the practice to prescribe antibiotics at the first sign of a trivial infection or treat patients with a handful of antibiotics. These days it is not uncommon to see practitioners prescribing multiple antibiotics without any real indication or relevance for such a combination of drugs. Antibiotics have traditionally bean known as miracle drugs, but there is growing evidence that they are overworked miracles, especially in countries like ours where there is easy access to drugs across the counters including antibiotics. We cannot think of a return to pre-antibiotic days. Yet the unbridled use of these agents is inexorably propelling us in that direction.

Q26. Antibiotics are called "overworked miracles" because

- (a) they perform miracles.
- (b) they are hardly used.
- (c) they are over-used.
- (d) they exhausted their miracles.

Q27. We cannot think of a return to "pre-antibiotic days" means

- (a) Antibiotics became indispensable.
- (b) We must go back to pre-antibiotic days.
- (c) We cannot stop using antibiotics.
- (d) We can stop using antibiotics.

Q28. The passage tells us that

- (a) The antibiotics work miracles
- (b) The antibiotics are available at the counters
- (c) The use of antibiotics in uncontrollable
- (d) Antibiotics are used indiscriminately

Q29. The passage discusses the use of

- (a) The drugs in general
- (b) Miracle drugs
- (c) Antibiotics
- (d) Combination of different drugs

- **Q30.** "These days it is not uncommon to prescribe antibiotics" means
- (a) It is rare to prescribe antibiotics.
- (b) It is a common practice antibiotics.
- (c) It is not a common practice to prescribe antibiotics.
- (d) It is compulsory to prescribe antibiotics.

Q31. Where did Aurangazeb died?

- (a) Ahmednagar
- (b) Aurangabad
- (c) Allahabad
- (d) Lahore

Q32. The deepest ocean of the world is

- (a) Atlantic ocean
- (b) Arctic ocean
- (c) Indian ocean
- (d) Pacific ocean

Q33. Which of the following article of the Indian Constitution abolished the practice of untouchability?

- (a) Article 14
- (b) Article 18
- (c) Article 17
- (d) Article 19

Q34. RBI does not transact the business of which of the following state governments?

- (a) Nagaland
- (b) Assam
- (c) | & K
- (d) Rajasthan

Q35. The Preamble of Indian Constitution was for the first time amended by the

- (a) 24th amendment
- (b) 42nd amendment
- (c) 44th amendment
- (d) None of the above

Q36. Jahangir Khan is famous in which sports?

- (a) Boxing
- (b) Squash
- (c) Hockey
- (d) Cricket

- **Q37.** The UN flag was adopted by the General Assembly on
- (a) October 20, 1947
- (b) January 1, 1952
- (c) June, 24, 1973
- (d) August 15, 1982
- **Q38.** The system of Judicial Review originated in
- (a) India
- (b) Germany
- (c) Russia
- (d) U.S.A
- **Q39.** Where is the Bandipur National Park?
- (a) Rajasthan
- (b) Andhra Pradesh
- (c) Karnataka
- (d) Assam
- **Q40.** The maximum permissible gap between two sessions of Parliament is
- (a) 3 months
- (b) 4 months
- (c) 5 months
- (d) 6 months
- **Q41.** Which of the following Indian states first adopted the 3-tier Panchayati Raj System?
- (a) Bihar
- (b) Uttar Pradesh
- (c) Rajasthan
- (d) Madhya Pradesh
- **Q42.** In the third Battle of Panipat, the Marathas were defeated by
- (a) The Afghans
- (b) The Mughals
- (c) The English
- (d) The French
- **Q43.** Which of the following non-members of Parliament has the right to address it?
- (a) Attorney General of India
- (b) Solicitor General of India
- (c) Chief Justice of India
- (d) Chief Election Commissioner

- Q44. The Jawahar Tunnel, the largest in India is located in
- (a) Himachal Pradesh
- (b) Rajasthan
- (c) West Bengal
- (d) Jammu & Kashmir
- **Q45.** What inspired the paintings of Ajanta?
- (a) Compassionate Buddha
- (b) Radha-Krishna Leela
- (c) Jain Thirthankaras
- (d) Mahabharata Encounters
- Q46. A passenger standing in a bus is thrown outward when the bus takes a sudden turn. This happens due to
- (a) Outward pull on him
- (b) Inertia of motion
- (c) Change in momentum
- (d) Change in acceleration
- Q47. The Simon Commission was formed to
- (a) Legislatures in India
- (b) Fitness of India for further reforms
- (c) The position of the viceroy
- (d) A Constitution for India
- **Q48.** Which is the latest satellite of India placed in the geosynchronous orbit?
- (a) INSAT 2D
- (b) INSAT 3A
- (c) INSAT 4A
- (d) Kalpana



- **Q49.** During emergency, imposed under Article 352, which of the following provisions stands suspended?
- (a) Directive Principles of State Policy
- (b) Amendment Procedures
- (c) Fundamental Rights
- (d) Judicial Review
- **Q50.** Which was the first talkie feature film of India?
- (a) Raja Harishchandra
- (b) Alam Ara
- (c) Duniya na Mane
- (d) Aadami
- **Q51.** Which constitutional provision enables the Central Government to provide reservations in iobs and educational institutions for the weaker sections of the society?
- (a) Section 14
- (b) Section 16
- (c) Section 46
- (d) Section 19
- **Q52.** Which one of the following currencies has the highest value in terms of rupee?
- (a) Pound
- (b) Dollar
- (c) Euro
- (d) Saudi Rial
- **Q53.** Which of the following gases is present under pressure in soft drinks?
- (a) Oxygen
- (b) Nitrogen
- (c) Carbon dioxide
- (d) Nitrous oxide
- **Q54.** Typhoid fever is cause by
- (a) Virus
- (b) Bacteria
- (c) Fungus
- (d) Allergy

- **Q55.** What is the playing time of full version of the **Indian National Anthem?**
- (a) 47 seconds
- (b) 50 seconds
- (c) 52 seconds
- (d) 60 seconds
- **Q56.** Which of the following events made the English East India Company the legitimate masters of the Bengal Suba?
- (a) Battle of Buxar, 1764
- (b) Battle of Plassey, 1757
- (c) Farrukhsiyar's Farman, 1717
- (d) Ibrahim Khan's Farman, 1690
- **Q57.** Which one of the following has the highest wind velocity?
- (a) Typhoon
- (b) Hurricane
- (c) Cyclone
- (d) Tornado
- Q58. What is the age upto which children are prohibited from employment any factory/mines/hazardous work?
- (a) 10 years
- (b) 12 years
- (c) 14 years
- (d) 16 years
- **Q59.** When too much money is chasing too few goods, the situation is
- (a) Deflation
- (b) Inflation
- (c) Recession
- (d) Stagflation
- **Q60.** The crops grown after the summer monsoon are called
- (a) Kharif
- (b) Rabi
- (c) Annual
- (d) Seasonal

Q61. 3/4 of 5/6 of 7/10 of 1664 = ?

- (a) 648
- (b) 762
- (c) 612
- (d) 728

062. The cost of 12 cabinets and 16 dressers is Rs. 18,936. What is the cost of 9 cabinets and 12 dressers?

- (a) Rs. 25,248
- (b) Rs. 12,624
- (c) Rs. 14,202
- (d) Rs. 16,832

Q63. A canteen requires 84 kgs of wheat for 7 days. How much kgs of wheat will it require for the month of May and June?

- (a) 716 kgs
- (b) 732 kgs
- (c) 748 kgs
- (d) 764 kgs

Q64. Suresh consumes 450 ml of milk every day. How many litres of milk will be consume in two weeks?

- (a) 0.63 litres
- (b) 6.7 litres
- (c) 12.3 litres
- (d) 6.3 litres

Q65. ? of 650 + 844 = 1000

- (a) 54
- (b) 24
- (c) 34
- (d) 14

Q66. Six boys can complete a piece of work in 42 hours. In how many hours will 14 boys complete the same piece of work?

- (a) 18
- (b) 16
- (c) 12
- (d) 14

Q67. A truck covers a certain distance of 12 hours at the speed of 70 km/hr. What is the average speed of a car which travels a distance of 120 km more than the truck in the same time?

- (a) 56 km/hr
- (b) 75 km/hr
- (c) 80 km/hr
- (d) 78 km/hr

Q68. Find the missing number if the average of all the eight numbers is 474.

533, 128, 429, 225, _____, 305, 601, 804

- (a) 767
- (b) 781
- (c) 776
- (d) 758

Q69. At present, Tarun is twice the age of Vishal and half the age of Tanvi. After four years, Tarun will be 1.5 times Vishal's age and Tanvi will be 2.5 times of Vishal's age. What is Tanvi's present age?

- (a) 12 years
- (b) 8 years
- (c) 20 years
- (d) 16 years

Q70. Prashant incurred a loss of 75% on selling an article for Rs. 6,800. What was the cost price of the article?

- (a) Rs. 27,200
- (b) Rs. 25,600
- (c) Rs. 21,250
- (d) Rs. 29,000



Q71. Rs. 58,750 amounts to Rs. 79,900 in four years at simple interest. What is the rate of interest paid?

- (a) 14
- (b) 9
- (c) 12
- (d) 16

Q72. How much part of a day is 45 minutes?

- (a) 1/42
- (b) 1/24
- (c) 1/32
- (d) 1/48

Q73. Value of π is

- (a) 2.14
- (b) 3.14
- (c) 4.14
- (d) 1.14

Q74. Mita's income is 25% more than that of Sita. What percent is Sita's income less than that of Mita?

- (a) 25
- (b) 24
- (c) $22\frac{1}{2}$
- (d) 20

Q75. 0.003 is equivalent to

- (a) 3%
- (b) 0.3%
- (c) 0.03%
- (d) 0.003%

Q76. The ratio of cost price and selling price of an article is 20:21. The gain percent is

- (a) 3
- (b) 4
- (c) 5
- (d) 6

Q77. $(5^2 + 6^2 + 7^2 \dots + 10^2)$ is equal to

- (a) 330
- (b) 345
- (c)355
- (d) 360

Q78. The average age of 9 students and their teacher is 16 years. The average age of the first four students is 19 years and that of the last five is 10 years. The teacher's age is

- (a) 36 years
- (b) 34 years
- (c) 30 years
- (d) 28 years

Q79. In an examination, a student had to obtain 33% of the maximum marks to pass. He got 125 marks and failed by 40 marks. The maximum marks were

- (a) 500
- (b) 600
- (c)800
- (d) 1000

Q80. The price of cooking oil has increased by 25%. The percentage of reduction that a family should effect in the use of cooking oil, so as not to increase the expenditure in this account, is

- (a) 15%
- (b) 20%
- (c) 25%
- (d) 30%

Q81. रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए:

साहित्य जीवन की है।

- (a) अभिव्यक्ति
- (b) अतिवृष्टि
- (c) अभिवृक्ति
- (d) अनावृष्टि

Q82. जो अच्छे कुल में पैदा हुआ, कहलाता है

- (a) क्लीन
- (b) संस्कारी
- (c) सर्वज्ञ
- (d) बहुज

Q83. 'सर्वज्ञ' कौन सी संज्ञा है?

- (a) व्यक्तिवाचक संज्ञा
- (b) समूहवाचक संज्ञा
- (c) द्रव्यवाचक संज्ञा
- (d) जातिवाचक संज्ञा

Q84. उस वाक्य का चयन करें, जो अश्द्ध हो -

- (a) गीता सबसे श्रेष्ठतम ग्रंथ है।
- (b) दुध में क्या पड़ गया।
- (c) वहाँ पह्ँचने की व्यवस्था करें।
- (d) मन्त्रों का सही उच्चारण करो।

Q85. 'उत्कृष्ट' शब्द का विलोम है

- (a) अपकृष्ट
- (b) व्यर्थ
- (c) निकृष्ट
- (d) विकराल

Q86. व्याकरण की दृष्टि से 'प्रेम' शब्द क्या है?

- (a) क्रिया
- (b) विशेषण
- (c) अव्यय
- (d) भाववाचक संज्ञा

Q87. 'नीरोग' का संधि-विच्छेद है:

- (a) नी: + रोग
- (b) नि: + रोग
- (c) नीर + रोग
- (d) निर + रोग

Q88. अशुद्ध शब्द छाँटिए :

- (a) आज्ञाकारी
- (b) आज्ञाकारिणी
- (c) आज्ञा
- (d) आज्ञाकारीणी

Q89. 'दूध का दूध पानी का पानी' का अर्थ है

- (a) दूध और पानी अलग करना
- (b) अन्याय नहीं करना
- (c) निरपेक्ष न्याय करना
- (d) द्ध में पानी मिलाना

Q90. 'जो सोएगा वो खोएगा' में सर्वनाम है

- (a) प्रषवाचक सर्वनाम
- (b) मध्यम पुरुष सर्वनाम
- (c) निजवाचक सर्वनाम
- (d) संबंधवाचक सर्वनाम

Q91. किस शब्द में संज्ञा से विशेषण नहीं बना है?

- (a) गुलाबी
- (b) गरीबी
- (c) रसीला
- (d) भूखा

Q92. निम्न में किसमें अनुस्वार का प्रयोग नहीं ह्आ है?

- (a) गंगा
- (b) चंचल
- (c) ਨਂਤਾ
- (d) नहीं

Q93. शब्दकोष में सही शब्द-क्रम च्निए:

- (a) नलिनी, मलिन, नीलम
- (b) पवन, पंकज, पंच
- (c) कंगन, कपड़ा, क्षत्रिय
- (d) कागज, कोचीन, क्रां

Q94. 'सत्य बोलो परंतु कटु सत्य न बोलो' है

- (a) मिश्रवाक्य
- (b) संयुक्त वाक्य
- (c) सरल वाक्य
- (d) उपवाक्य

- Q95. माला फेरत जुग भया, फिरा न मन का फेर । कर का मन का डार दे, मन का मनका फेर ।। इस दोहे के कवि हैं -
- (a) रहीम
- (b) कबीर
- (c) त्लसीदास
- (d) सूरदास
- Q96. 'क्स्म' का पर्यायवाची शब्द नहीं है
- (a) कमल
- (b) फूल
- (c) पुष्प
- (d) प्रसून
- Q97. रिक्त स्थान भरें :

रूठे स्जन मनाइये जो रूठे ___

रहिमन फिर फिर पोइये टूटे मुक्ताहार।

- (a) एक बार
- (b) दस बार
- (c) सौ बार
- (d) हजार बार
- Q98. 'राजन' का स्त्रीलिंग है:
- (a) रानी
- (b) राज्ञी
- (c) राजनी

- (d) राजिन
- Q99. "नौका <u>झील में</u> डूब गई" रेखांकित पद में कारक है
- (a) अधिकरण
- (b) कर्म
- (c) अपादान
- (d) करण
- **Q100.** 'कस्तूरी' शब्द (Gender) है
- (a) पुल्लिंग
- (b) स्त्रीलिंग
- (c) उभयलिंग
- (d) इनमें से कोई नहीं

