121/2022

Maximum: 100 marks

Time	. 1	hour	and	30	minut	te

1.	A steel hand so minute
	par 20 mm in diameter
	A steel bar 20 mm in diameter, when subjected to axial pull of 50 kN, elongates by 0.20 mm over a gauge length of 20 cm. The diameter of the d
	over a gauge length of 20 cm. The diameter of the bar is reduced by 0.004 mm. Bulk modulu of the material of the bar is
	of the material of the bar is:
	one par is:
	(A) 88394 NAD

88384 MPa

(B) 159090 MPa

66288 MPa (C)

(D) 210524 MPa

2. A floor is supported by beams of rectangular cross section 7 cm wide, 20 cm deep and span 4.5 m. The floor carries a load of 10 kN/m². If the permissible bending stress in the beam is 8 MPa, the maximum permissible spacing of the beams is:

(A) 120 cm

(B) 70 cm

(C) 15 cm

10 cm

A hollow circular shaft has inner diameter of 90 mm and thickness 25 mm. The shaft is 3. subjected to a torque of 12 kNm. If the modulus of rigidity of the material of the shaft is 80 GPa, the shear stress at the inner curved face of the shaft is:

17.26 MPa (A)

26.85 MPa

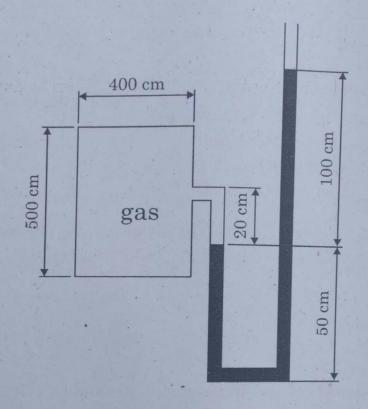
35.52 MPa (C)

53.70 MPa (D)

Crippling load of column A is half of that of column B. If both the columns have the same height, end conditions of A and B are respectively: 4. Both ends hinged, both ends fixed

- One end fixed the other free, both ends hinged (A)
- Both ends fixed, one end fixed the other free (B)
- One end fixed the other hinged, both ends fixed (C)
- (D)

A manometer is used to measure the pressure of a gas filled rectangular tank as show Fig. below. It is assumed that the mass density of fluid inside the tank is The manometric fluid is water having specific weight $10 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3}$. If the local atmosph pressure is 100 kPa, the absolute pressure within the tank is:



- (A) 110 kPa
- (C) 117 kPa

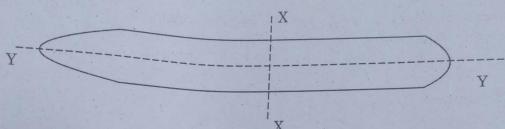
- 115 kPa (B)
- 150 kPa (D)
- 6. For a two dimensional flow having velocity potential function $\phi = 4xy$ and stream function $\psi = \frac{4}{2}(y^2 - x^2)$ where x and y are in metres, the discharge between the stream lines passing through the points (2,4) and (1,3) is:
 - (A) $20 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

10 m³/s (B)

(C) $8 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

- $16 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ (D)
- Choose the wrong statement out of the followings mentioned connected with drag and lift forces on immersed hodics: 7. forces on immersed bodies:
 - For a stream lined body pressure drag is very small
 - (B) For a bluff body pressure drag is very large
 - The drag force on slender cylindrical bodies decreases as velocity of flow increase upto a Re = 2000 (C) upto a Re = 2000
 - Lift force occurs on a body when there is symmetry of fluid motion.

The water plane area of a heavily bottom loaded cargo ship is shown in the Fig. below:



Choose the correct statement regarding the stability of the floating ship

- The ship is least stable in pitching
- The ship is more stable in rolling (B)
- (C) The rotational stability about of YY axis is the design criteria
- (D) The centre of buoyancy lies below the centre of gravity
- 9. If the contour values are 100, 110, 115, 120, 130 moving inwards, and all the contours are seemed to be touching each other at only one common point, the inference is that the terrain represented is:
 - an overhanging cliff

(B) a vertical hillside

a gently sloping hill

(D) a pond

- 10. A Mass diagram is used for:
 - (A) computation of cut and fill quantities and haul
 - (B) balancing cut and fill
 - both (A) and (B) (C)
 - Neither (A) nor (B) (D)
- In transit theodolite, the verniers have a least count of: 11.
 - (A) 30 minutes

20 minutes

30 seconds (C)

- (D) 20 seconds
- Bar bending schedule is made to: 12.
 - estimate the quantity of bars needed (A)
 - to provide a drawing of bent bars (B)
 - to use reinforcement economically (C)
 - all of the above (D)
- How much quantity of gypsum shall be added to control the setting time of Portland cement during its manufacturing process? 13. (B) 25 to 30%
 - (A) 20 to 25%

(C) 3 to 5%

A

(D) 15% (A) Silica fume

crown known as:

(C) Blast furnace slag

15.

	(A)	Voussoir Arcade	(D)	Spandril
16.	(C) As per the (A) (B) (C) (D)	e specification in IS 456:2000, the	ced perpend ced at 45° to	e reinforcement for torsion shall be cular to the axis of the member icular to the axis of the member the axis of the member the axis of the member
17.	The deve Fe415, at	lopment length required for a a section where design bond stre	reinforcements is 1.92 M	nt bar of 12 mm diameter and gra IPa:
	(A)	353 mm	(B)	438 mm
	(C)	564 mm	(D)	648 mm
18.	High stre	ngth concrete is necessary for pre	estressed co	ncrete because it:
	(A)	has high resistance to shrinkag	ge crack	
	(B)	allows reduced cross section		
	(C)	has high bearing strength		
	(D)	all of the above		
19.	are tools	201tod 1 organic organic method occurrence	orth	of two cases, viz., (i) Angles placed of the same sides of the gusset plate:
	(A)	Case (i) greater than case (ii)	(B)	Case (1) less than case (11)
	(C)	Case (i) equal to case (ii)	(D)	Can be any of the above
20.	A soil str	atum is 10 m thick with pervious for 50% consolidation.	is stratum o	on top and bottom. Determine the time
	Given:			
	Coefficier	at of permeability = 10^{-7} cm/sec.		
		nt of compression = $0.0003 \text{ cm}^2/\text{gr}$	n.	
	Void ratio	o = 2		
		tor = 0.197.		a laye
	(A)		(B)	690 days
	(C)	570 days	(D)	450 days

(D)

14. Which of the following is a key ingredient in the preparation of high performance concrete?

(B) Volcania ash

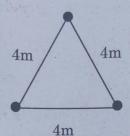
The curved triangular space formed between the extrados and the horizontal line through the

(B)

(D) Pumice

Springer

Plan of a three legged tower forms an equilateral triangle of side 4 m. If total weight of tower is 450 kN and is equally carried by all the legs. Compute the vertical stress increase in soil by the tower at a depth of 4 m directly below one of the legs:



- (A) 15 kN/m²
- (C) 20 kN/m²

- 6 kN/m^2 (B)
- 45 kN/m² (D)

The total unit weight of soil is 18.8 kN/m³, the specific gravity (G) of the solid particles of soil 22. is 2.76 and the water content (w) of the soil is 12%. Calculate the void ratio:

> (A) 1.56

(B) 2.4

(C) 0.89 (D) 0.56

What will be the ratio of average permeability in horizontal direction to hat in the vertical 23. direction (kH/kV) for a soil deposit consisting of 3 horizontal layers, if the thickness and permeability of the second layer are twice of those of the first and those of the third layer twice that of the second?

> 9/7 (A)

(B) 7/6

(C) 5/8 (D) 4/7

Height of buildings is strictly restricted in zoning when: 24.

- it affects aesthetics of the place
- the site is close to an airport (B)
- (C) the building is near a river
- the building is built in a marsh (D)

The facility in a port, to allow for ships to be taken on repair is known as: 25.

> Pier (A)

(B) Wharf

Dock

(D). Apron

(C)

The resultant force of two equal forces P is also equal to P. The angle between them in degree

26.

(B) 60

30 (A)

(D) 120

90 (C)

The unit of moment of force is:

(B). Nm

(A) N/m

(D) Nm²

N/m² (C)

27.

	28.	Three It can	forces A, B and C of magnitude 4N, 6N a be concluded that :	ind 10N	I acting on a particle are in equilibriu
			A) A and B are perpendicular to each o	other	
		(E	B) B is non coplanar		
		(C	C) C is non concurrent		
		(D) B and C are acting in opposite direc	tion	
2	9. W	hich o	f the following elements has simple cub	oic stru	cture?
		(A)		(B)	Polonium
		(C)	Titanium	(D)	Aluminium
30	. Wł	nich on	ne of the following will doorsess 1		
		(A)	ne of the following will decrease when t Hardness	the perc	centage of carbon increases?
		(C)	Ultimate strength	(B)	Ductility
				(D)	Percentage of cementite
31.		(A) (B) (C) (D) oulk n l B, w (A) (B)	gation of shaft A is four times the elect. If the modulus of elasticity length Diameter of A is half the diameter of Diameter of A is twice the diameter of Diameter of A is one-fourth the diamed Diameter of A is four time of the following is correct? The modulus of Elasticity of A is four The modulus of Elasticity of A is six of the modulus of Elasticity of A is eight.	of B neter of B ter of B and m ee times	B odulus of rigidity of A is three times of B of B
33.	Whice gear (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)	Press Press Press (A) (B) (C)	the following statements is/are corresprofile? Sure angle is constant throughout the sure angle is zero at the pitch point sure angle is maximum at the beginning sure angle varies from point to point (i) only (ii) and (iii) only (iii) and (iv) only	profile	
		(D)	(ii), (iii) and (iv) only		

34.	Which of the following statements is/are (i) It measures the average number of (ii) Contact ratio is always maintained (iii) A lower contact ratio necessitates a (iv) The angle of action must be greater (A) (i), (iii) and (iv) only (C) (i) and (ii) only	teeth in con at one	ee of accuracy in machining
35.	the following statements is/are to	rue about ve	elocity ratio of worm gear drives?
	velocity ratio is the ratio of diameter	r of the worn	n wheel to the diameter of the worm
	worm worm	of teeth on	the wheel to the number of teeth on the
	(iii) Velocity ratio is the ratio of the num starts on the worm	nber of teet	h on the worm wheel to the number of
	(iv) Velocity ratio is the ratio of speed of	worm to the	speed of worm wheel
	(A) (i) and (ii) only	(B)	(i) and (iii) only
	(C) (iii) and (iv) only	(D)	(i) and (iv) only
36.	The energy dissipated in viscous damping	is proportion	nal to:
	(A) The amplitude	(B)	Square of the amplitude
	(C) Cube of the amplitude	(D)	$\sqrt{2}$ power of the amplitude
37.	Which of the following statements is/are tr	ue with resp	ect to Coulomb damping?
	(i) Damping force is constant		
	(ii) Damping force is independent of relat	tive velocity	
	(iii) Damped natural frequency of vibratio	on is same as	undamped natural frequency

Loss of amplitude per cycle is four times the ratio of frictional force to stiffness (iv)

(A) (i), (ii) and (iii) only

(ii), (iii) and (iv) only (B)

(ii) and (iii) only (C)

(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) (D)

A cantilever beam of length L, moment of inertia I, and modulus of Elasticity E, carries a A cantilever beam of length L, months of the initial I, and modulus of Elasticity E, carries a mass m, at its free end. What is the natural frequency of transverse vibrations neglecting the 38. beam mass?

(A)
$$\sqrt{\frac{EI}{mL^3}}$$

(C)
$$\sqrt{\frac{3EI}{mL^3}}$$

(B)
$$\sqrt{\frac{2EI}{mL^3}}$$

(D)
$$\sqrt{\frac{4EI}{mL^3}}$$



The relation between shear stress Z and velocity gradient $\left(\frac{du}{dy}\right)$ of a fluid given by

 $Z = A \left(\frac{du}{dv}\right)^n$ where A and n are constants. If n < 1, What type of fluid will it be?

(A) Newtonian fluid

(B) Dilatant

Pseudoplastic (C)

(D) Bingham plastic

The speed of water in a hose increased from 2m/s to 25m/s going from hose to the nozzle, given the absolute pressure in the nozzle is 1×105 N/m2 (atmospheric) assuming level frictionless flow. Calculate the pressure in the hose (density of water 1000 kg/m³):

 $4.10 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$

(B) $3.10 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$

 $2.10 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$ (C)

(D) $5.24 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$

Pelton wheel is used in those places where: 41.

- high head and low discharge are available (A)
- low head and high discharge are available (B)
- high head and high discharge are available (C)
- none of the above (D)

The thermal conductivity of a solid depends upon the solids temperature as K = aT + b, 42. where a and b are constants. The temperature of the planar layer of this solid as it conducts heat is given by:

(A)
$$aT + b = x + C_2$$

(B)
$$aT + b = C_1 x^2 + C_2$$

$$(C) \quad aT^2 + bT = C_1x + C_2$$

(D)
$$aT^2 + bT = C_1x^2 + C_2$$

The thermal resistance of heat conduction through a hollow sphere of inner radius r_1 and 43. outer radius r_2 is:

(A)
$$r_2 / 4\pi k r_1 r_2$$

(B)
$$\frac{r_2 - r_1}{4\pi k r_1 r_2}$$

(C)
$$\frac{r_1}{4\pi k r_1 r_2}$$

(D)
$$4\pi k r_1 r_2$$

It is proposed to coat a 1 mm diameter with enamel paint (k = 0.1 w/mk) to increase the heat It is proposed to coat a 1 min defined the heat transfer coefficient is 100 w/m²k, the optimum thickness transfer with air. If the air side heat transfer coefficient is 100 w/m²k, the optimum thickness 44. of enamel paint should be: 1 mm (B)

45.	Whi (i) (ii) (iii)	Scal Line (A) (B) (C)	the following is/are true about hority flows directly from the ar principles and the principle managers may depend too monly (i) and (ii) Only (i) Only (ii) and (iii)	top of the org	canization to lower levels of management
		(D)	None of the above (i), (ii) and	d (iii)	
46.	Whi	ch of	the following is true about a b	udget?	
	(i)	Hel			nal resources and expectations for their
	(ii)	use			
	(iii)		os to define control system states to evaluate the performance		11
		(A)	Only (ii) and (iii)	(B)	Only (ii)
		(C)	Only (iii)	(D)	All of the above (i), (ii) and (iii)
47.	Whi	ah of t	the following is not a principle	of organization	
41.	VV 1110	(A)	Unity of command	(B)	
		(C)	Principle of redundancy	(D)	Span of control Delegation of a 11
					Delegation of authority
48.	Whic		he following is/are correct abo		
	(i)		ling results in residual stress a		of workpieces
	(ii)	Porta	able welding equipment is not	is generally no	
	(iii)	Edge	preparation of the workpiece	is generally re	equired before welding them
		(A)	Only (i) and (ii)		
		(B)	All of (i), (ii) and (iii)		
		(C)	Only (i) and (iii) None of the above (i), (ii) and	(iii)	
49.	other	h of the gases		molding sand hot metal por (B)	which permits the escape of steam and uring? Permeability None of the above
		(0)	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE		

A

	(D)	None of the above (i), (i	i) and (iii)		
51.	12.7 Kwh/	y required per unit mas ton. An estimate (using to $50 \mu \text{m}$ is :	s to grind lime stone Bonds law) of the er	particle of very large siz	e to 100 μm is es from a very
	(A)	6.35 Kwh/Ton	(B)	9.0 Kwh/Ton	
	(C)	18.0 Kwh/Ton	(D)	25.4 Kwh/Ton	
52.		ne critical rotational spameter balls?		ll mill of 1.2 m diameter	charged with
	(A)	0.5	(B)	1.0	
	(C)	2.76	(D)	0.66	
53.	For a sphediameter		drag coefficient regi	me, its terminal velocity	depends on its
	(A)	D	(B)	$\mathrm{D}^{0.5}$	
	(C)	D^2	(D)	1/D	AV STATE
54.	relocity of	4.4μ m/s. If the Richa	ruson-zaki innaciea	in a viscous oil has a hir settling index is 4.5, the	ndered settling in the terminal
	settling ve	elocity of sand grain is:	(B)	1 μm	
	(A)	0.9 μm	(D)	0.02 μm	
	(C)	21.9 μm			
55.	Separation	n factor of a cyclone se	eparator having 0.5	m diameter and tanger	ntial velocity of
	20 m/s is:	40	(B)	80	
	(A)	160	(D)	240	
	(C)	100			
			12		A

Which of the following is true for a gating system in casting?

All of the above (i), (ii) and (iii)

A gating system may be composed of a runner, riser, sprue, etc.

(iii) A gating system should fill the mold cavity completely before freezing

A gating system should have sudden or right-angled changes in direction

50.

(ii)

(B)

(C)

(A) Only (i) and (ii)

Only (i) and (iii)

56.	A flue gas	as is at 200°C and 765 mm Hg n	mixture cor	ntains 14% ${\rm CO_2}$ and 6% ${\rm O_2}$ by mole. I tial pressure of ${\rm N_2}$ in the mixture is :
	(A)	107 mm Hg		212 mm Hg
	(C)	50 mm Hg	(B) (D)	612 mm Hg
57.	Wet leath content. I respective	the product flow rate is 500 kg/	% enters a h, feed to th	drier and leaves with 10% moistur e drier and water removed (in kg/h) ar
20	(A)	1125 and 625	(B)	1225 and 635
	(C)	750 and 250	(D)	850 and 350
58.	Pick out c	orrect statement related with An	nagat's law	
	(A)	Volume of gas mixture equals temperature and pressure as the	s sum of p at of the mi	ure component volumes at the sam xture
	(B)	temperature		ure component pressures at the sam
	(C)	Partial pressure of a componer pressure	nt in mixtur	e is product of mole fraction and tota
	(D)	Both (B) and (C)		
59.	Dew point	t method can be used to measure		
	(A)	Absolute humidity	(B)	Partial pressure of vapour
	(C)	Dew point	(D)	All the above
CO	0	nsion thermometers are based on	the principl	e of:
60.		Ideal gas law	(B)	Dalton's law
	(A)	Planck's law	(D)	Kirchoff's law
	(C)	1 for level mea	surement i	n onen vessels?
61.	Which of t	he following is used for level mea	(B)	air-trap system
	(A)	rotameter	(D)	hygrometer
	(C)	hydrometer		
62.	Controller (A) (B) (C)	suitable for a process, where no Proportional controller Proportional derivative controller Proportional Integral controller Proportional Integral Derivative Proportional Integral Derivative	er	erable, is:
	(D)	Proportional		

Transfer function of PD control is $(K_c$ is gain, au_D is derivative time and au_I is integral time): 63.

(A)
$$\frac{P(s)}{\varepsilon(s)} = K_c(1 + \tau_D s)$$

(B)
$$\frac{P(s)}{\varepsilon(s)} = K_c \left(1 + \tau_D s + \frac{1}{\tau_I s} \right)$$

(C)
$$\frac{P(s)}{\varepsilon(s)} = \frac{K_c}{(1 + \tau_D s)}$$

(D)
$$\frac{P(s)}{\varepsilon(s)} = \frac{K_c}{(1 + \tau_D s + \tau_I s)}$$

Error detector is absent in: 64.

> Feed back systems (A)

Closed loop systems (C)

Open loop systems

All the above (D)

If the temperature of the atmosphere increases at constant absolute humidity, the percentage 65. saturation would be:

> (A) Increase

Remain constant (B)

Decrease

- First increase and then decrease (D)
- For a two phase feed, where 80% of the feed is vaporized under column condition, the feed line slope in the Mc Cabe-Thiele method for distillation column is:

(A) -1/4

(B) 1/4

(C) 4

- (D) -4
- At 750 K and 1 atm, the approximate value of the Schmidt number for air is:

(A) 0.01

(B) 10

(C) 0.1

- (D) 1
- 68. The absorption factor is defined as:

(A) L/mG

(B) G/mI

(C) mL/G

- (D) LG/m
- Simultaneous heat and mass transfer are occurring in a fluid over a flat plate. The flow is laminar. The concentration boundary layer will coincide with the thermal boundary layer,

(A) Sc = Nu

(B) Sh = Nu

Sh = Pr

(D) Sc = Pr

10.	in distill	ation column sizing ca	lcul	ations by s	short cut	methods, match the following:
	P Und	erwoods equation	.1	Number	of real tr	ays
	Q Fens	ske equation	2	Column		
	R Gilliland equation			Minimun	n Numbe	r of ideal trays
	S Vap	our velocity at flooding	4	Actual nu		
			5	Minimun	n reflux r	atio
			6	Tray effic	eiency	
		D100 D4 C0				Do O C Da Go
		P-1, Q-3, R-4, S-6 P-5, Q-3, R-6, S-2				P-2, Q-5, R-1, S-3 P-5, Q-3, R-4, S-2
) 1-9, 9-9, 11-0, 15-2			(D)	r-9, Q-3, n-4, S-2
71	Stereo s	pecific polymers are pr	odu	ced by —		type of polymerization.
	(A) Free radical			(B)	Cationic
	(C)) Coordination polym	eriz	ation	(D)	Anionic
72.	Styrene the:	which is a monomer f	or tl	he product	ion of po	lystyrene is commercially prod
,	(A)	Dehydration of ethy	l alc	cohol follow	ed by hy	drogenation
	(B)	Reacting ethylene or	xide	with aceta	ldehyde	
	(C)	Fermentation of sta	rch			
	(D)	Catalytic dehydroge	nati	on of ethyl	benzene	
73.	What is t	he role of potassium po	ersu	lfate in po	lymerizat	zion reaction?
	(A)	Stabilizer			(B)	Cooling agent
	(C)	Initiator			(D)	Terminating agent
74.	Bulk poly	merization is not suite	ed fo	or —	— type	e of reaction.
	(A)	Highly exothermic re			(B)	Reversible reaction
	(C)	Highly endothermic			(D)	Irreversible reaction
5.	Nylon 66	is so named because:				
	(A)	The average degree	of po	olymerizati	on of the	polymer is 1966
	(B)	The number of carbo	n at	coms betwe	en two n	itrogen atoms are 6
	(C)	The number of nitrog	gen a	atoms betw	veen two	carbon atoms are 6
	(D)	The polymer was firs	t sy	nthesized	in 1966	

produced by

76.	Free resid	ual chiornie is seen in.	(D)	Polluted water
	(A)	Natural water	(B)	
	(C)	Treated water	(D)	All of the above
		d for		
77.		ting pump is used for:	(B)	Low discharge and high head
	(A)	High discharge and high head		Low discharge and low head
	(C)	High discharge and low head	(D)	Dow discharge area
78.	Which of	the following is not tested during p	hysical an	alysis of water?
	(A)	Turbidity	(B)	Colour
	(C)	Temperature	(D)	pH
79.	Chemica	l formula for bleaching powder is:		
	(A)	$ m MgCl_2$	(B)	CaCl ₂
	(C)	CaOCl ₂	(D)	MgOCl ₂
0.0	7771 : 1	f the following is the most destruct	ive form of	residual chlorine?
80.			(B)	Hypochlorous acid
	(A)		(D)	
	(C)	Monocmoranmes	(2)	
81.	Which o	f the statement is true? Objective of	of Water au	udit is:
	(A)		(B)	- 10 11 7 01 .
	(C		(D)	All of the above
				1 Cl 41 I wilth D height II on
82.	. Surface	loading for a rectangular sedime	entation ta	ank of length L, width B, height H an
	having a	a discharge Q is given by:		0
	(A	$\frac{Q}{2M}$	(B	$\frac{\alpha}{BL}$
		BH		0
	(C	$\frac{BLH}{\Omega}$	(I	$\frac{Q}{BLH}$
		Q		
29	Flow th	rough period of a sedimentation to	ank, when	compared to its detention time is alway
83				3) less
	(A			none of these
	(C			
84	. The me	ethod, which is most widely used	for analyz	ing and designing the pipes of all types
	comple	x water distribution networks, is:		
	(1	A) Hardy cross method	(B) Equivalent pipe method
	((C) Circle method	(D) All of the above

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85.	Iron and m	anganese can be removed from	water by:	and the second of the second of the second
	(A)	Boiling	(B)	Chlorination
	(C)	Activated carbon	(D)	Aeration followed by coagulation
		1 C		
86.		emand of water is:	(D)	Residual chlorine
	(A)	Applied chlorine	(B) (D)	(A) + (B)
	(C)	(A) - (B)	(D)	
87.	Which of t	he following is not a coagulant?		
	(A)	Potassium permanganate	(B)	Alum
	(C)	Ferric chloride	(D)	Ferric sulphate
88.		ncy of sedimentation tank does		
	(A)	Detention time	(B)	Depth of the tank Horizontal velocity of water
	(C)	Length of the tank	(D)	Horizontal velocity of water
89.	The suital	ole layout for a water supply dis-	tribution sys	tem, for an irregularly grown town is:
	(A)	Dead end system		Grid iron system
	(C)	Ring system	(D)	Radial system
	T 1	. Compared to t	he geometric	cal increase method, the arithmetical
90.		nethod gives:	ine geometri	car mercase method, the arrumneticar
	(A)	Higher value	(B)	Lesser value
	(C)	Equal value	(D)	May vary
91.	Pickup th	e incorrect statement:	by gravity	
		Sewer pipes carry sewage flow Sewer pipe material has to wit	hstand wear	and tear due to abrasion
	(B)	1 -1d ho designe	d for a self-c	leansing velocity of atlanct of
	(C)	discharge of 0.0 II	1/sec at run u	ischarge
	(D)	Sewer pipes can be carried up	and down the	e hills and valleys
92.	The speci	fic gravity of sewage is:	(B)	Slightly less than 1
	(A)	Zero than 1	(D)	Equal to 1
	(C)	Slightly greater than 1		
93.	If the der	pletion of oxygen is found to be	2 mg/l after	incubating 3 ml of sewage diluted to be would be:
00.	300 ml, at	oletion of oxygen is found to be t 20°C for 5 days, then the BOD ₅	(B)	300 mg/l
	(A)	//	(D)	None of these
	(C)	600 mg/l		

01.	willie tes	sting for COD of sewage,	organic matter is oxi	arzed by R2O12O7	
	(A)	HCl	(B)	H_2SO_4	
	(C)	HNO ₃	(D)	None of these	
95.	High CO	D to BOD ratio of an org	anic pollutant repres	ents:	
	(A)	High biodegradability	of the pollutant		
	(B)	Low biodegradability	of the pollutant		
	(C)	Presence of free oxyge	n for aerobic decompo	osition	
	(D)	Presence of toxic mate	erial in the pollutant		
96.		creatment of sewage is n			
	(A)	Removal of dissolved of			
	(B)	Removal of fine susper			
	(C)	Removal of larger susp			
	(D)	Removal of pathogenic	bacteria		
97.	The follow	ving residual chlorine co	ompounds are formed	during chlorination of water	c:
	1. NH,	$_{2}\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$			
	2. NH	Cl_2			
	3. HO	Ci			
	4. OCl				
	The correct	ct sequence of formation	n of these residual ch	lorine compounds is:	
	(A)	2, 1, 4, 3	(B)	1, 2, 4, 3	
	(C)	1, 2, 3, 4	(D)	2, 1, 3, 4	
98.	Imhoff cor	ne is used to measure, i	n sewage :		
	(A)	Total solids	(B)	Total inorganic solids	
	(C)	Total organic solids	(D)	Settleable solids	
99.	Standard	5 day BOD at 20°C, wh	en compared to ultim	mate BOD, is about:	
	(A)	58%		68%	
	(C)	98%	(D)	None of these	
100.	The graph	between the amount o	f organic matter left	in sewage, and time elapsed	l in days is
	(A)	Linear	(B)		
	(C)	Exponential	(D)	C 11	
	(-)				
			3		

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