



04 July 2024

National and International News

Shanghai	Cooperation
Organisati	ion (SCO)

Why in the news?

• India has officially announced its participation in the annual Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO) summit in Astana, Kazakhstan.

About SCO:

- **Establishment**: June 15, **2001**, in **Shanghai**, China.
- Coverage:
 - World's largest regional organization by geography and population.
 - Covers about 80% of the Eurasian landmass and 40% of the world population.
- Objective:
 - Promote cooperation and peace among member states.
 - Foster a new democratic, fair, and rational international political and economic order.
- Founding Members:
 - Kazakhstan,
 - o China,
 - Kyrgyzstan,
 - Russia,
 - o Tajikistan, and
 - Uzbekistan.
- Expansion:
 - o India and Pakistan joined in 2017.
 - o Iran joined in 2023.
- Total: 9 member states.
- Observer States: Mongolia, Belarus, and Afghanistan.
- Resources:
 - Controls 20% of the world's oil reserves.
 - Controls 44% of the world's natural gas reserves.





	Organizational Structure:	
	 Supreme Decision-Making Body: Heads of State Council (HSC). 	
	 Meets once a year. 	
	 Adopts decisions and guidelines on all important matters of 	
	the organization.	
	Permanent Bodies:	
	 SCO Secretariat based in Beijing. 	
	 Executive Committee of the Regional Anti-Terrorist 	
	Structure (RATS) based in Tashkent, Uzbekistan.	
	o Promotes cooperation against terrorism, separatism, and	
	extremism.	
	 Official Languages: Chinese and Russian. 	
National Test House	Why in the news?	
(NTH)	• The union government is working on making the National Test	
	House (NTH) as the apex certification body for all Indian	
	products.	
	About NTH:	
	About NTH:	
	About NTH: • Establishment and Legacy:	
	About NTH: • Establishment and Legacy:	
	About NTH: • Establishment and Legacy: · Formerly known as the Government Test House.	
	About NTH: • Establishment and Legacy: ○ Formerly known as the Government Test House. ○ Established in 1912.	
	About NTH: • Establishment and Legacy: ○ Formerly known as the Government Test House. ○ Established in 1912. ○ Rich legacy as India's largest multi-location	
	About NTH: • Establishment and Legacy: ○ Formerly known as the Government Test House. ○ Established in 1912. ○ Rich legacy as India's largest multi-location multidisciplinary industrial central government testing	
	About NTH: • Establishment and Legacy: • Formerly known as the Government Test House. • Established in 1912. • Rich legacy as India's largest multi-location multidisciplinary industrial central government testing laboratory.	
	About NTH: • Establishment and Legacy: • Formerly known as the Government Test House. • Established in 1912. • Rich legacy as India's largest multi-location multidisciplinary industrial central government testing laboratory. • Facilities and Services:	
	About NTH: ■ Establishment and Legacy: □ Formerly known as the Government Test House. □ Established in 1912. □ Rich legacy as India's largest multi-location multidisciplinary industrial central government testing laboratory. ■ Facilities and Services: □ Specializes in testing, calibration, and quality evaluation	

and finished products.





• Branch Locations:

- Kolkata,
- o Mumbai,
- o Chennai,
- Ghaziabad,
- Jaipur,
- o Guwahati, and
- Varanasi.

• Functions:

- Test and evaluation of materials, products, equipment, modules, systems, and sub-systems across all branches of Science & Technology.
- Test and Certification of Welders under the Central Authority for Testing and Certification of Welders.
- Assists industries in developing indigenous products for export promotion and import substitution.
- Supports industries' quality assurance programs.
- Assists BIS in the formulation of National Standards.
- o **Provides R&D support** in Test Engineering.
- Assists NABL in the accreditation of Testing & Calibration Laboratories in India.
- Administrative Details:
- Functions as a subordinate office under the Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food & Public Distribution, and the Department of Consumer Affairs.





Exercise MAITREE

Why in the news?

• The **Indian Army contingent** has departed to participate in the **joint** military Exercise MAITREE with Thailand.

About Exercise MAITREE:

- 13th Edition: India-Thailand joint military Exercise MAITREE.
- **Location**: Fort Vachiraprakan, Tak Province, **Thailand**.
- **Previous Edition**: Conducted at **Umroi**, **Meghalaya** in September 2019.
- Main Representation: Battalion of the LADAKH SCOUTS
- Aim and Objectives:
 - Primary Aim: To foster Military Cooperation between India and Thailand.
 - Key Focus: Enhancing combined capabilities in executing Joint Counter Insurgency/Terrorist Operations in Jungle and Urban Environments.
 - Framework: Operations conducted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.

Saryu River

Why in the news?

• Efforts to drain an artificial lake formed in the Saryu River have failed for the second consecutive day, posing a significant threat.



About Saryu River:

- States: Flows through Uttarakhand and Uttar Pradesh.
- Alternative Names: Also known as the Sarayu or Sarju River.
- Significance:
 - Mentioned in the **Vedas** and the **Ramayana**.
 - Ayodhya, the birthplace of Lord Rama, is situated on its banks.

Course:

- Originates from the foothills of the Himalayas.
- Flows through Kapkot, Bageshwar, and Seraghat towns.
- Discharges into the Sharada River at Pancheshwar on the India-Nepal border.
- The Sharada River (Kali River) flows into the Ghaghara River in Sitapur District, Uttar Pradesh.
- The lower Ghaghara is known as Sarayu, especially as it flows through Ayodhya.





Steel Slag Road	Why in the news?	
	 The member of Niti Aayog in the First International Conference on Steel Slag Road released guidelines for the utilization and processing of steel slag. 	
	It is jointly organized by CSIR-CRRI and PHDCCI at New-Delhi.	
	About Steel Slag Road:	
	 Industrial byproduct from steel manufacturing. 	
	 Produced in large quantities during steel-making using electric arc 	
	furnaces or by smelting iron ore in a basic oxygen furnace.	
	 Primarily consists of calcium, magnesium, manganese, and 	
	aluminium silicates and oxides.	
	Applications of Steel Slag:	
	Environmental Remediation:	
	Acts as a barrier material for waste sites, preventing	
	heavy metal leaching.	
	■ High oxide mineral content forces heavy metals to	
	precipitate out of solution in water runoff.	
	 Successfully treats acidic water discharges from 	
	abandoned mines.	
	o Construction:	
	 Replaces coarse aggregate due to higher impact and crushing strength. 	
	 Offers better anti-skid capacity for road surfaces. 	

Copyright © by Adda247

All rights are reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without prior permission of Adda247.