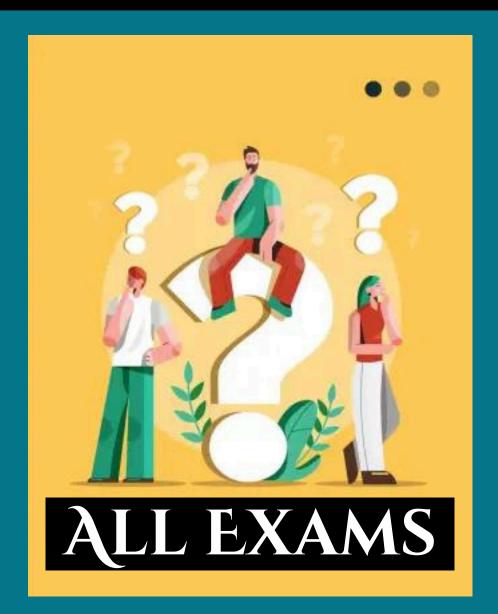


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Q.1

To keep drinks at the same temperature for quite some time, the walls of thermos bottle are coated with:

- 1. Aluminium paint
- 2. Lead Powder
- 3. Silver layer
- 4. Mercury Layer

Answer:

C

Sol:

थर्मोंस बाटलीच्या भिंती, ज्याला व्हॅक्यम फ्लास्क देखील म्हणतात, सामान्यतः प्रतिबिंबित चांदींच्या थराने लेपित असतात. हे परावर्तित कोटिंग थर्मल रेडिएशनदवारे हस्तांतरित केल्या जाणाऱ्या उष्मा उर्जेचे प्रमाण कमी करते.

Q.2

In a microwave oven, the microwave tube used is-

- 1. A combination of klystron and magnetron tubes
- 2. Klystron tube
- 3. Magnetron tube
- 4. Travelling wave tube

Answer:

C

Sol:

मॅग्नेट्रॉन ही उच्च-शक्तीची व्हॅक्यूम ट्यूब आहे जी मायक्रोवेव्ह तयार करते. हे मायक्रोवेव्ह ओव्हन, रडार आणि इतर अन्प्रयोगांमध्ये वापरले जाते.

0.3

The Pearl Mosque in Delhi was built by

- Shah Jahan
- 2. Aurangzeb
- 3. Humayun
- 4. Akbar

Answer:

В

Sol:

मोती मशीद ('मोती मशीद') ही दिल्लीतील लाल किल्ल्यातील संकलातील पांढऱ्या संगमरवरी मशीद आहे. हम्मामच्या पश्चिमेला आणि दिवाण-ए-खासच्या जवळ असलेले, हे मुघल समाट औरंगजेबाने 1659-1660 मध्ये त्याची दूसरी पत्नी नवाब बाईसाठी बांधले होते.

0.4

Under Sher Shah the largest administrative unit was administered by a Chief namely

- 1. Shikadar
- 2. Mansabdar
- 3. Kasi
- 4. Faujdar

Answer:

Α

Sol:

शेरशाह सूरी, ज्याने भारतात 16 व्या शतकात राज्य केले, त्यांनी एक स्व्यवस्थित प्रशासकीय व्यवस्था स्थापन केली. शेरशाह सूरीच्या राजवटीत सर्वात मोठे प्रशासकीय एकक 'सरकार' महणून ओळखले जात असे आणि ते





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vicetty Quiz compilation	n Download lite LDI		
'शिकदार' म्हणून ओळखल्या जाणाऱ्या प्रमुखाद्वारे	Sol:		
प्रशासित केले जात असे. म्हणून, योग्य उत्तर आहे (a) शिकदार.	माजी संरक्षण मंत्री आणि गोव्याचे मुख्यमंत्री मनोहर		
	पर्रीकर यांच्या नावावर गोव्यातील मोपा येथील ग्रीनफिल्ड आंतरराष्ट्रीय विमानतळाचे मनोहर आंतरराष्ट्रीय		
	विमानतळ असे नामकरण करण्यास केंद्रीय मंत्रिमंडळाने		
Q.5	कार्योत्तर मान्यता दिली आहे.		
Writer Ambikasuthan Mangad has been selected			
for Odakuzhal Award 2022 for his collection of short stories titled	Q.7		
1. Aansoo	Which country's scientists have recently		
2. Lahar	discovered the first instance of solo		
3. Pranavayu	electromagnetic waves on Mars?		
4. Prabhavati	1. America		
	2. India		
Answer:	3. Japan		
С	4. Russia		
	A		
	Answer:		
Sol:	В		
लेखक अंबिकासुतन मंगड यांची प्रणवायू या लघुकथा संग्रहासाठी ओडकुझल पुरस्कार 2022 साठी निवड झाली			
आहे.	Sol:		
	भारतीय शास्त्रज्ञांना अलीकडेच मंगळावर एकल विद्युत		
	चुंबकीय लहरींचा पहिला प्रसंग सापडला आहे.		
Q.6			
The Union Cabinet recently approved the naming of Greenfield Airport at Mopa in Goa after	Q.8		
whom?	The Heim Collins at any and an initial contact of		
	The Union Cabinet approved an initial outlay of Rs. 19,744 crores for the National Green		
1. Atal Bihari Bajp <mark>a</mark> yee	Hydrogen Mission. The National Green		
2. Narendra Modi	Hydrogen Mission was launched in?		
3. Pramod Sawant			
4. Man <mark>ohar Parrikar</mark>	1. 2018		
Answer:	2. 2019		
A11311C1:	0 0000		

Answer:

3. 2020 4. 2021

D



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Sol:

राष्ट्रीय हरित हायड्रोजन मिशन 2021 मध्ये स्रू करण्यात

Q.9

Which of the following is a target set by the Foreign Trade Policy 2023 launched by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry?

- 1. \$1 trillion export of goods and services by 2030
- 2. \$2 trillion export of goods and services by
- 3. \$2 trillion export of goods and services by 2030
- 4. \$1 trillion export of goods and services by

Answer:

C

Sol:

परकीय व्यापार धोरण (FTP) 2023 चे उद्दिष्ट 2030 पर्यंत भारताची वस्तू आणि सेवांची निर्यात दुप्पट करून \$2 ट्रिलियनपर्यंत नेण्याचे उददिष्ट आहे.

Q.10

a case of the plant fungus Chondrostereum purpureum affecting humans has been reported. Which of the following diseases is caused by it?

- 1. Rose Eye
- 2. Silver Leaf

- 3. Blight of Beans
- 4. Soft Rot

Answer:

В

Sol:

सिल्व्हर लीफ डिसीज हा कोंड्रोस्टेरिअम पर्प्युरियम या बुरशीजन्य रोगकारक वनस्पतीमुळे होणारा रोग आहे.

Q.1

The wing of a bat and the wing of a bird are the examples of _____ limbs.

- Homogenous
- 2. Heterogeneous
- Analogous
- 4. Homologous

Answer:

C

Sol:

पक्षी आणि वटवाघ्ळाचे पंख एकसारखे आहेत म्हणजेच त्यांची उत्क्रांती उत्पत्ती वेगळी आहे, परंतु वरवरच्या दृष्टीने समान आहेत कारण त्यांच्यात नैसर्गिक निवडीचा अनुभव आहे ज्यामुळे त्यांना उड्डाणात महत्त्वाची भूमिका बजावता आली.

Q.2

Order Primata comprising monkey, gorilla and gibbon is placed in class Mammalia along with order Carnivore that includes?

Giraffe, Camels and Elephants



- Crocodile, Lizard and Snake
- 3. Lion, Leopard and Tiger
- 4. Tiger, Cats and Dogs

Α	n	C	w	6	r.
_		J	vv	┖	

D

Sol:

वाघ, मांजरी आणि क्त्री मांसाहारी असलेल्या सस्तन प्राण्यांमध्ये ठेवतात.

Q.3

In a pitcher plant, the pitcher is made by modification of

- 1. leaf
- 2. branches.
- 3. stem
- 4. flower

Answer:

Α

Sol:

भक्षक वनस्पतीमध्ये, भक्ष पानामध्ये स्धारणा करून तयार केले जाते:

Q.4

While cooking, if the bottom of the vessel is getting blackened on the outside, it means that

- 1. The food is not cooked completely
- 2. The fuel is not burning completely

- 3. The fuel is wet
- 4. The fuel is burning completely

Answer:

В

Sol:

स्वयंपाक करताना भांड्याच्या खालचा भाग बाहेरून काळे होत असेल तर याचा अर्थ इंधन पूर्णपणे जळत नाही.

Q.5

Which of the following statement(s) is/are INCORRECT?

- I. Alkenes are fairly unreactive.
- II. Alkenes burn with blue flame.
- III. Alkanes burn with yellow flame.
 - 1. Only I and II
 - 2. Only I and III
 - 3. Only II and III
 - 4. All I, II and III

Answer:

D

Sol:

कार्बन-कार्बन बाँडच्या ग्णधर्माम्ळे अल्कीन अधिक प्रतिक्रियाशील असतात. जेव्हा ऑक्सिजन समृद्ध असलेल्या वातावरणात अल्कीन जळतात आणि तापमान पुरेसे जास्त असल्यास, अल्कीन CO2 आणि H2O देत जळतात. अल्कीन निळ्या ज्वालाने जळत नाहीत आणि



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अल्केन पिवळ्या ज्वालाने जळत नाहीत.	4. Directly proportional to		
Q.6 Valency of an element depends on which of the following? I. Number of losing electron II. Number of gaining electron	Answer: D Sol: न्यूटनचा वैश्विक गुरुत्वाकर्षणाचा सिद्धांतानुसार विश्वातील प्रत्येक वस्तू इतर प्रत्येक वस्तूला ठराविक बलाने आकर्षित करत असते. हे बल एकमेकांना आकर्षित करणाऱ्या वस्तूच्या वस्तुमानांच्या गुणाकाराशी समानुपाती आणि त्यामधील अंतराच्या वर्गाशी व्यस्तानुपाती असते.		
III. Number of sharing electron			
1. Only I and III 2. Only I and III 3. Only II and III 4. All I, II and III Answer: D Sol: मूलद्रव्याच्या बाह्यतम कवचमधील इलेक्ट्रॉनची संख्या त्याची संयुजा निर्धारित करते. एखाद्या मूलद्रव्याची (किंवा रेण्, त्या बाबतीत) संयुजा मोजण्यासाठी, अनेक पद्धती	Q.8 Find the acceleration (in m/s2) produced in a body of mass 10 kg when a force of 20 N is applied on it. 1. 200 2. 4 3. 2 4. 100		
आहेत. अणूची संयुजा बाहयतम कवचमधील इलेक्ट्रॉनेच्या संख्येइतकी असते जर ती संख्या चार किंवा त्याहून कमी असेल. त्यामुळे वरील सर्व विधाने बरोबर आहेत.	Answer:		
Q.7 The gravitational force of attraction between two bodies is the product of their masses.	Sol: बल = वस्तुमान X त्वरण प्रवेग/त्वरण= बल/वस्तुमान = 20/10 = 2 मी/से ²		
Directly proportional to the square of Inversely proportional to	0.9		

3. Inversely proportional to the square of





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The product of mass of a body and the acceleration produced in it equals the _ acting on it.

- 1. Force
- 2. Impulse
- 3. Torque
- 4. Kinetic energy

Answer:

Α

Sol:

वस्तूच्या वस्तुमानाचे आणि त्यामध्ये निर्माण होणारे त्वरणचे गुणाकार हे त्यावर क्रिया करणाऱ्या बलाच्या बरोबरीचे असते.

Q.10

In the Indian geological time scale the first metamorphosed sedimentary rock system is known as the

- 1. Bundelkhand System
- 2. Dharwar System
- 3. Cuddapah System
- 4. Gondwana System

Answer:

В

Sol:

भारतीय भूगर्भीय टाइम स्केलमध्ये प्रथम रूपांतरित गाळाची खंडक प्रणाली धारवार प्रणाली म्हणून ओळखली जाते, कारण या खडकांचा प्रथमच कर्नाटकातील धारवार जिल्ह्यात अभ्यास करण्यात आला.

Which is the first newspaper of India?

- 1. Bombay Gazette
- 2. Bengal Gazette
- 3. Bombay Times
- 4. Hindustan Times

Answer:

В

Sol:

In 1780, James Augustus Hicky published Bengal Gazette, which is considered to be the "first newspaper of India". The origin of newspapers in India is made by Europeans. Printing press was started in India in 16th century by Portuguese missionaries.

0.2

Which of the following river originates from mahabaleshwar?

- 1. Tapi
- 2. Sabarmati
- 3. Krishna
- 4. Kaveri

Answer:

C

Sol:

The Krishna is the second largest east flowing Peninsular river which rises near Mahabaleshwar in Sahyadri. Its total length is 1,401 km. Its major tributaries are Koyna, Tungabhadra, Bhima, Musi and Dudhganga.



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0.3

In which of the following countries the system of judicial review was originated?

- 1. France
- 2. Germany
- 3. USA
- 4. Britain

Answer:

C

Sol:

Judicial Review is defined as the doctrine under which executive and legislative actions are reviewed by the Judiciary. The judicial review system was originated in the USA.

0.4

The phenomenon of change in direction of light when it passes from one medium to another is called

- 1. Propagation
- 2. Reflection
- 3. Refraction
- 4. Dispersion

Answer:

C

Sol:

When light rays enter from one transparent medium to another transparent medium, it exits directly without turning when it is perpendicular

to the surface separating the two mediums but when it is slanted, they deviate from their original direction, this phenomenon is called refraction of light.

0.5

Which of the following controls the insurance business of India?

- 1. RBI
- 2. IDBI
- 3. SEBI
- 4. IRDA

Answer:

D

Sol:

Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority is a regulatory body under Ministry of Finance and is tasked with regulating and promoting the insurance and re-insurance industries in India. IRDA was founded in 1999, headquartered in Hyderabad.

0.6

When were the Fundamental Duties included in the Constitution -

- 1. 1976
- 2. 1975
- 3. 1977
- 4. 1979

Answer:

Α





Sol:

The 42nd Constitution Amendment Act, 1976 has included ten Fundamental Duties in Article 51 (A) of the constitution of India. India adopted Fundamental Duties from the Constitution of erstwhile USSR. This was done in accordance with the recommendation of the Sardar Swaran Singh Committee.

Q.7

When was the 'Battle of Kannauj' fought?

- 1. 1524
- 2. 1540
- 3. 1536
- 4. 1556

Answer:

В

Sol:

In May 1540, the Battle of Kannauj was fought between Humayun and Sher Shah. The Afghan soldiers were capable of running off the Mughal Empire. Humayun ran away from the field of battle, and for the next 15 years, he survived like a wanderer.

Q.8

The Black Mountains are located in

- 1. Canada
- 2. Norway
- 3. Switzerland
- 4. U.S.A.

Answer:

Sol:

The Black Mountains are located in USA. The Black Mountains are a mountain range in western North Carolina, in the southeastern United States.

0.9

The headquarters of the United Nations is located in which city?

- 1. Geneva
- 2. Paris
- 3. New York
- 4. London

Answer:

C

Sol:

The headquarters of the United Nations (UN) is situated in New York City, United States. It serves as the primary international organization for promoting peace, cooperation, and global development.

Q.10

Mauna Loa is an active volcano of

- 1. Alaska
- 2. Hawaii
- 3. Italy
- 4. Japan

Answer:





Sol:

Mauna Loa is an active volcano of Hawaii. Mauna Loa is one of five volcanoes that form the Island of Hawaii in the U.S. state of Hawaii in the Pacific Ocean.