

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

Candidate's Roll No.

Time Allowed : 3 Hours



Maximum Marks : 150

QUESTION PAPER SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

(Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions)

- 1 There are eighteen (18) questions in all.
- 2 Candidate has to attempt any fifteen (15) questions in all.
- 3 Marks assigned to each question/part are given against it.
- 4 Word limit in questions, wherever specified should be adhered to.
- 5 Attempts of questions shall be counted sequential order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the answer booklet must be clearly struck off.
- 6 No extra/additional sheet will be provided.
- 7 Answer must be written in the authorized medium. No marks will be given for answers written in a medium other than the authorized one.

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- 1 Prove or disprove that if a+b=c+d and $a^2+b^2=c^2+d^2$, then $a^n+b^n=c^n+d^n$ for $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
- 2 If z_1 and z_2 both satisfy the relation $z + \overline{z} = 2|z-1|$ and $\arg(z_1 z_2) = \frac{\pi}{4}$, 10 then find the imaginary part of $z_1 + z_2$.
- 3 (i) A box contains 7 blue socks and 5 red socks. Find the number $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}=5$ *n* of ways two socks can be drawn from the box if
 - (a) they can be of any color
 - (b) they must be of the same color.
 - (ii) Consider the function f: N×N such that f(x, y) = (2x+1)2^y -1, where 5
 N is set of natural numbers including zero. Check whether function is bijective or not.
 - (i) Find the coefficient of x^4 in the expansion of $(1+x+x^2)^{10}$.
 - (ii) If x, y, z are positive real numbers, such that x + y + z = a, then prove that $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z} \ge \frac{9}{a}$
- 5 Let A and B be square matrices. If AB = BA, then prove by the method of 10 mathematical induction that $(AB)^n = A^n B^n$ for $n \ge 1$.
- 6 The value of xyz is 55 or 343/55 according as the series a, x, y, z, b is in
 10 A.P. or H.P., respectively. Find the values of a and b given that they are positive integers.
- 7 Is the following system consistent? If consistent, check whether the solution 10 is unique or infinite.

2y + z = 3, 3x + y + 4z = 5, 2x + 4y + 6z = 9

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- 8 Find the circle whose diameter is the common chord of the circles $x^{2} + y^{2} + 2x + 3y + 1 = 0$ and $x^{2} + y^{2} + 4x + 3y + 2 = 0$.
- 9 Find the value of the determinant $\begin{vmatrix} bc & ca & ab \\ p & q & r \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$, where a, b and c, 10

respectively, are the p^{th} , q^{th} , and r^{th} terms of a harmonic progression.

- 10 Solve the differential equation; $\frac{dy}{dx} \frac{3}{x^2}y = x^4y^{\frac{1}{3}}$. 10
- 11 Check whether the points $-6\vec{i}+3\vec{j}+2\vec{k}$, $-13\vec{i}+17\vec{j}-\vec{k}$, $3\vec{i}-2\vec{j}+4\vec{k}$, 10 $5\vec{i}+7\vec{j}+3\vec{k}$ are coplanar or not.
- 12 The mean and variance of a Binomial variable X are 2 and 1, respectively.10 Find the probability that X takes values greater than 1.

13 (i) Find all the eigen values and eigen vectors of the following matrix. 5

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- $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- (ii) Prove that the intersection of two subspaces W_1 and W_2 of a vector 5 space V(F) is also a subspace.
- 14 Find the values of A and B, if $f(x) = \frac{\sin 2x + A \sin x + B \cos x}{x^3}$ is continuous 10

at x = 0.

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If $\cos^{-1} x + \cos^{-1} y + \cos^{-1} z = \pi$, then prove that $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2xyz = 1$. 15

10

5+5=10

- 1 0 -1 Find a matrix P such that $P^{-1}AP$ is a diagonal matrix where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$. 16 10
- If each pair of the three equations $x^2 + ax + b = 0$, $x^2 + cx + d = 0$, and 17 10 $x^{2} + ex + f = 0$ has exactly one root in common, then show that $(a+c+e)^2 = 4(ac+ce+ea-b-d-f) \cdot \mathbf{N}$
- Find the Laplace Transform of following: 18
 - $te^{-kt}\sin t$ (i)
 - (ii) $t^3 e^{-3t}$



242

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