

100 Idioms & Phrases for CDS

Directions (1-60): Select the correct meanings of the given idiom and phrase.

- **Q1.** Bear the palm
- (a) To face the consequences
- (b) To meet death
- (c) To be able to predict future
- (d) To win
- **Q2.** To give the devil his due
- (a) To punish the wrong person
- (b) To give credit to even a notorious person
- (c) To let the enemy learn the lesson on his own
- (d) To stand in the way of the devil
- **Q3.** To have a finger in every pie
- (a) To Fight with everybody
- (b) To be involved in a large and varied number of activities or enterprises
- (c) To make fun of everybody
- (d) To leave every job unfinished
- Q4. To make up one's mind
- (a) To be prepared for unfavorable outcomes
- (b) To make a decision; decide
- (c) To overcome intense grief
- (d) To psyche oneself into believing that the task at hand is not impossible
- **Q5.** To Have bitten off more than you can chew
- (a) To eat voraciously and then fall sick
- (b) To behave disrespectfully towards elders and then repent the act
- (c) To have tried to do something which is too difficult
- (d) To have missed a golden opportunity and after that willing to put twice the effort to recover the loss
- **Q6.** Out of print
- (a) Not able to print due to being short on paper
- (b) A book no longer available from the publisher
- (c) Intentionally not mention some items in the article or book
- (d) All publishers refuse to publish your book



- **Q7.** To hit the nail on the head
- (a) To take out frustration by beating a person
- (b) To make a wrong decision
- (c) To find exactly the right answer
- (d) To unwittingly fall into a trap

Q8. On thin ice

- (a) To keep failing after repeated efforts
- (b) To endure a harsh winter
- (c) To keep one's cool even in a tough situation
- (d) In a precarious or risky situation

Q9. To heave a sigh of relief

- (a) To become very tired with routine or boring work
- (b) To suddenly feel very happy because something unpleasant has not happened or has ended
- (c) To Feel extremely sad over someone else's misfortune
- (d) To Feel silent anger over real or perceived injustice

Q10. To be on cloud nine

- (a) To be extremely happy
- (b) To feel lucky
- (c) To experience the feeling of being intoxicated
- (d) To make one last attempt

Q11. Mealy-mouthed

- (a) Ill-tempered
- (b) Soft-spoken
- (c) Enthusiastic
- (d) Depressed

Q12. By fits and starts

- (a) Regularly
- (b) Totally
- (c) Finally
- (d) Irregularly

Q13. Rat race

- (a) Make others fight for scraps and get sadistic pleasure out of it
- (b) Be an oppressive boss and treat employees like animals
- (c) A way of life in which people are caught up in a fiercely competitive struggle for wealth or power
- (d) Play games with the lives of other people and see them run aimlessly

Q14. Spin one's wheels

- (a) Keep bragging about oneself
- (b) Try your luck
- (c) Expel much effort for little or no gain
- (d) Start a long journey



Q15. Put one's foot down

- (a) Give up easily without a fight
- (b) Learn to dance inspite of being clumsy
- (c) Adopt a firm policy when faced with position or disobedience
- (d) Take the first step of a very long difficult journey

Q16. Whistle in the dark

- (a) Pretend to be unafraid
- (b) A ray of hope in the worst of times
- (c) See a ghost while dreaming
- (d) Be blind and fall into a trap

Q17. The alpha and the omega

- (a) Happy and sad
- (b) The beginning and the end
- (c) The love and the hatred
- (d) Truth and dare

Q18. Throw up the sponge

- (a) To attack
- (b) To laugh at someone
- (c) To surrender
- (d) To talk loudly

Q19. To put a spoke in one's wheel

- (a) To be advantageous at the time of difficulty
- (b) To maintain under all circumstances
- (c) To blame the other party
- (d) To put a difficulty in the way of progress

Q20. At loggerheads

- (a) To suffer
- (b) In conflict with someone
- (c) To face tough competition
- (d) To be in do or die situation

Q21. Chicken-hearted

- (a) Coward
- (b) Short tempered
- (c) Composed
- (d) Bold

Q22. Red letter day

- (a) Starting day
- (b) Holiday
- (c) Significant day
- (d) Ending day

Q23. Ended in a fiasco

- (a) A complete failure
- (b) A successful event
- (c) Changed one completely
- (d) Twisted around

Q24. Sow wild oats

- (a) To make someone fool
- (b) To make space to red
- (c) To take revenge
- (d) To waste time by doing foolish things

Q25. Live from hand to mouth

- (a) Filthy rich people
- (b) To be dependent on others
- (c) To have enough money to live on and nothing extra
- (d) Living in miserable conditions.

Q26. To face the music

- (a) To bear the consequences
- (b) To disparage someone
- (c) To be hard of hearing
- (d) To enjoy a musical concert

Q27. Pillar to post

- (a) Main support of an object
- (b) One place to another
- (c) To be reluctant
- (d) To incite others

Q28. Hobson's choice

- (a) To choose first in row
- (b) To make a careful choice
- (c) No real choice at all
- (d) To seek all favourable alternatives to choose from

Q29. Adam's ale

- (a) Gift
- (b) Food
- (c) Water
- (d) Belongings

Q30. At one's wits end

- (a) A man of ability
- (b) At the last moment
- (c) To get puzzled
- (d) Undecided controversy



Q31. To steal a march

- (a) To act in a foolish way
- (b) To break something
- (c) To outshine
- (d) To see a hidden meaning

Q32. In a jiffy

- (a) Fail to win appreciation
- (b) In an appropriate manner
- (c) Something that is done very quickly
- (d) To fall in love

Q33. Herculean task

- (a) Important task
- (b) Motivating
- (c) Optional to do
- (d) Very difficult task

Q34. On tenterhooks

- (a) Flattery
- (b) In a disorganized manner
- (c) In anxious suspense
- (d) Speak quickly

Q35. The thin end of the wedge

- (a) In strict vigilance
- (b) Start of harmful development
- (c) Be aware of the trick
- (d) Not a worthy possession

Q36. To accept the gauntlet

- (a) To accept challenge
- (b) To accept defeat
- (c) To accept what is written in fate
- (d) To be able to grasp the hidden meaning

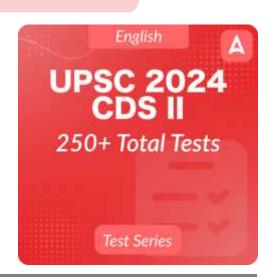
Q37. To wrangle over an ass's shadow

- (a) To waste money over trifles
- (b) To punish a person severely for his arrogance
- (c) To quarrel over trifles
- (d) To keep away from extreme poverty

Q38. Make one's flesh creep

- (a) To confuse someone
- (b) To flatter someone
- (c) To abuse someone
- (d) To frighten someone





Q39. Damp squib

- (a) Complete failure
- (b) Complete knowledge
- (c) To motivate
- (d) To squander money

Q40. Rise like a phoenix

- (a) Something memorable
- (b) Time to answer for one's action
- (c) To become successful again
- (d) To make people happy

Q41. What does the idiom "Bite the bullet" mean?

- (a) To eat something spicy
- (b) To face a difficult situation with courage
- (c) To criticize someone harshly
- (d) To avoid taking responsibility

Q42. Which idiom means to reveal a secret unintentionally?

- (a) Let the cat out of the bag
- (b) Cry over spilled milk
- (c) Break a leg
- (d) Hit the nail on the head

Q43. What does the phrase "In the same boat" imply?

- (a) To be stuck on a deserted island
- (b) To be in a difficult situation together
- (c) To travel on a cruise ship
- (d) To be on a successful journey

Q44. If someone "turns a blind eye" to something, what are they doing?

- (a) Ignoring or pretending not to see something
- (b) Being overly cautious
- (c) Seeking medical attention
- (d) Wearing sunglasses

Q45. What does the idiom "Break a leg" mean when used in a theater context?

- (a) Good luck
- (b) Be careful
- (c) Take a break
- (d) Get injured

Q46. What does the phrase "Ball is in your court" mean?

- (a) The game is over
- (b) It's time to go home
- (c) It's your responsibility or decision now
- (d) Pass the ball to me

Q47. What does the idiom "Cost an arm and a leg" mean?

- (a) Inexpensive
- (b) Very expensive
- (c) Worth the price
- (d) Hard to find

Q48. If someone "spills the beans," what have they done?

- (a) Made a mess in the kitchen
- (b) Shared a secret or confidential information
- (c) Broken a glass container
- (d) Cooked a delicious meal

Q49. What does the phrase "Once in a blue moon" indicate?

- (a) Very often
- (b) Every day
- (c) Rarely or infrequently
- (d) On a cloudy day

Q50. What does the idiom "A piece of cake" mean?

- (a) A difficult task
- (b) A delicious dessert
- (c) An easy or simple task
- (d) A broken plate

Q51. A wild goose chase

- (a) Fruitful search
- (b) Timely search
- (c) Useless search
- (d) Wrong decision

Q52. A moot point

- (a) Agreeable
- (b) Disputed
- (c) Unclear
- (d) Unknown

Q53. Spick and Span

- (a) High and low
- (b) Dark and light
- (c) Neat and clean
- (d) Happy and sad

Q54. To draw the longbow

- (a) To nullify
- (b) To exaggerate
- (c) To underrate
- (d) To demarcate

Q55. All agog

- (a) Avoid
- (b) Contentment
- (c) Amazed
- (d) Unsystematically

Q56. Not to mince matters

- (a) To be at ease
- (b) To not confuse others
- (c) To not interfere in others affairs
- (d) To speak out politely

Q57. Kick the bucket

- (a) Loose temper
- (b) To delay a little longer
- (c) To die
- (d) To meet with an accident

Q58. An axe to grind

- (a) To act bravely
- (b) To act like a fool
- (c) To have a selfish motive
- (d) To take risk

Q59. Will-o-the wisp

- (a) Something that is impossible to get or achieve.
- (b) To keep off an unwanted and undesirable person.
- (c) To spend recklessly.
- (d) Accept or leave the offer.

Q60. To go through fire and water

- (a) To scold someone
- (b) To experience many dangers in order to achieve something
- (c) To act without restraints
- (d) Something which hurts

Directions (61-90): In the following questions four alternatives are given for idioms or phrases in a row. Choose the one that best expresses the meaning of the given idiom or phrase.

Q61. Touch and go

- (a) To waste
- (b) Dangerous and Uncertain
- (c) Conduct Secretly
- (d) Pleasant and Certain

Q62. Be hand and foot

- (a) In all possible ways; by all means
- (b) To be lazy to move your hands and foots
- (c) To fall between two great difficulties
- (d) In disorder

Q63. To set at naught

- (a) To like
- (b) To ruin
- (c) To admire
- (d) To be agree

Q64. In the black

- (a) In a financially profitable condition
- (b) In extreme difficulty
- (c) In the absence of money
- (d) To be unsuccessful

Q65. Gray matter

- (a) Kindness
- (b) Intelligence
- (c) Cruelty
- (d) Weakness

Q66. All Thumps

- (a) To give your best
- (b) Awkward and clumsy especially with one's hands
- (c) To examine thoroughly
- (d) To stop some activity, to stop working and go home

Q67. Be in the swim

- (a) To keep oneself informed and up-to-date
- (b) To refuse to do what someone else wants
- (c) To pursue a line of thought or course of action that is misguided
- (d) Someone who is completely crazy

Q68. Feather brained

- (a) To show that you do not support something
- (b) Silly or often forgetting things
- (c) To be over excited
- (d) To take a balanced diet

Q69. Hear it on grapevine

- (a) To hear stories regularly
- (b) To listen news carefully
- (c) To hear rumors about something or someone
- (d) To continue to listen songs



Q70. Between the cup and the lips

- (a) On the point of achievement
- (b) By any means
- (c) Straight talks
- (d) To take on a task that is way too big

Q71. What does the idiom "Kick the bucket" mean?

- (a) To start a project
- (b) To complete a task successfully
- (c) To die
- (d) To play soccer

Q72. If someone is "barking up the wrong tree," what are they doing?

- (a) Trying to climb a tree
- (b) Investigating a mystery
- (c) Pursuing the wrong course of action or suspect
- (d) Calling for help

Q73. What does the idiom "Beat around the bush" mean?

- (a) To avoid addressing the main issue
- (b) To avoid getting lost in the forest
- (c) To speak directly and honestly
- (d) To be a skilled musician

Q74. What does the idiom "The apple of my eye" refer to?

- (a) A tasty fruit
- (b) Something insignificant
- (c) A favorite or cherished person or thing
- (d) A beautiful garden

Q75. What does the phrase "Burn the midnight oil" mean?

- (a) To set something on fire at night
- (b) To work late into the night
- (c) To relax and enjoy the evening
- (d) To sleep soundly

Q76. What does the idiom "Don't cry over spilled milk" advise?

- (a) To clean up a mess immediately
- (b) To cry when you make a mistake
- (c) To not worry about past mistakes or losses
- (d) To avoid drinking milk

Q77. What does the phrase "Read between the lines" mean?

- (a) To read a book carefully
- (b) To analyze and understand what is implied but not explicitly stated
- (c) To read a letter out loud
- (d) To skip important details



Q78. What does the idiom "Hit the nail on the head" mean?

- (a) To miss the target
- (b) To accurately describe or identify something
- (c) To play a musical instrument loudly
- (d) To hammer a nail into the wall

Q79. What does the phrase "Give someone the cold shoulder" mean?

- (a) To offer someone a cold drink
- (b) To welcome someone warmly
- (c) To ignore or reject someone intentionally
- (d) To share a secret with someone

Q80. What does the idiom "Jumping on the bandwagon" mean?

- (a) Riding a musical parade float
- (b) Trying something new and exciting
- (c) Joining a popular trend or following what is popular
- (d) Avoiding crowds and public events

Q81. To foam at one's mouth

- (a) to brush properly
- (b) to get very angry
- (c) to salivate on seeing food
- (d) None of the above

Q82. To feel like a fish out of water

- (a) disgusted
- (b) uncomfortable
- (c) disappointed
- (d) homeless

Q83. At the eleventh hour

- (a) too late
- (b) too early
- (c) immediately
- (d) at the last moment

Q84. To burn one's fingers

- (a) to get hurt physically
- (b) to suffer financial losses
- (c) to find work
- (d) to suffer nervous breakdown

Q85. To add fuel to fire

- (a) to investigate
- (b) to insulate
- (c) to initiate
- (d) to incite

Q86. Dog in a manger

- (a) selfish
- (b) warm
- (c) cold
- (d) selfless

Q87. Vote with one's feet

- (a) choose one as a leader
- (b) stop one from speaking
- (c) kick one out
- (d) show one's disapproval

Q88. Arm-chair critic

- (a) someone who gives advice based on practice not theory
- (b) someone who gives advice based on theory not practice
- (c) someone who gives advice based on experience
- (d) someone who never gives advice

Q89. Take French leave

- (a) being absent without permission
- (b) leaving without intimation
- (c) giving lame excuse
- (d) resigning without giving notice

Q90. Give a wide berth to

- (a) give a larger bed to
- (b) share her seat with
- (c) pay more attention do
- (d) to stay away from

Q91. Select the most appropriate idiom (in the context) to fill in the sentence.

After many quarrelling years, they finally decided to (_

- (a) Break a leg
- (b) Bite the bullet
- (c) Hang in there
- (d) Bury the hatchet

Q92. Select the most appropriate idiom (in the context) to fill in the sentence.

Pratik is (_____) as he failed to complete the sales target.

- (a) On cloud nine
- (b) Head over heels
- (c) In a pickle
- (d) Up in arms



Q93. Select the most appropriate idiom (in the context) to fill in the sentence. It's important for him to keep () so that he can get a job. (a) A cool head (b) Under the weather (c) A taste of his own medicine (d) Go on a wild goose chase
Q94. Select the most appropriate idiom (in the context) to fill in the sentence. Many politicians in India are () to Subhas Chandra Bose. (a) Not fit to hold a candle (b) Live and learn (c) Chip off the old block (d) Fair and square
Q95. Select the most appropriate idiom (in the context) to fill in the sentence. She hates people who are always (
Q96. Select the most appropriate idiom (in the context) to fill in the sentence. Mr. Thakur ruled the company with (a) An iron hand (b) A toss-up (c) An eyewash (d) An Axe Q97. Select the most appropriate idiom (in the context) to fill in the sentence.
Atul had invested extensively in stocks and got his when the market collapsed. (a) Cutting corners (b) Under the weather (c) Add insult to injury (d) Fingers burned
Q98. Select the most appropriate idiom (in the context) to fill in the sentence. She was by leaving her permanent job before getting new one. (a) Putting the cart before the horse (b) Comparing apples to oranges (c) Killing two birds with one stone (d) Playing devil's advocate
Q99. Select the most appropriate idiom (in the context) to fill in the sentence. Our happiness is when we are dealing with uncertainties, insecurities, and chaos. (a) Put something on ice (b) Put cards on the table (c) Put house in order (d) Put to a tough test

Q100. Select the most appropriate idiom (in the context) to fill in the sentence.

Narendra Modi's popularity among elderly voters gives him _____ for the coming election.

- (a) A blessing in disguise
- (b) An ace up his sleeve
- (c) A snowball effect
- (d) A dime a dozen

Solutions

S1. Ans.(d)

Sol. Bear the palm: to win.

S2. Ans.(b)

Sol. To give the devil his due: if someone or something generally considered bad or undeserving has any redeeming features these should be acknowledged.

S3. Ans.(b)

Sol. To have a finger in every pie: be involved in a large and varied number of activities or enterprises.

S4. Ans.(b)

Sol. To make up one's mind: to make a decision.

S5. Ans.(c)

Sol. To Have bitten off more than you can chew: To take on more responsibility than one can handle.

S6. Ans.(b)

Sol. Out of print: no longer available from the publisher.

S7. Ans.(c)

Sol. To hit the nail on the head: to find exactly the right answer.

S8. Ans.(d)

Sol. On thin ice: in a precarious or risky situation.

S9. Ans.(b)

Sol. To heave a sigh of relief: to suddenly feel very happy because something unpleasant has not happened or has ended.

\$10. Ans.(a)

Sol. To be on cloud nine: a state of perfect happiness.

S11. Ans.(b)

Sol. Mealy-mouthed: means hesitant or unwilling to state something bluntly and directly, especially facts or opinions that are considered divisive or controversial.

S12. Ans.(d)

14

Sol. By fits and starts: means in short, inconsistent, and irregular intervals, as of motion or progress.

S13. Ans.(c)

Sol. Rat race: means a fierce competition for success, wealth, or power.

S14. Ans.(c)

Sol. Spin one's wheels: means to waste time; to remain in a neutral position, neither advancing nor falling back.

S15. Ans.(c)

Sol. Put one's foot down: means to be unyielding or inflexible in one's position or decision.

\$16. Ans.(a)

Sol. Whistle in the dark: to pretend to be unafraid.

S17. Ans.(b)

Sol. The alpha and the omega: the beginning and the end.

\$18. Ans.(c)

Sol. Throw up the sponge: to give up a contest; to acknowledge defeat.

\$19. Ans.(d)

Sol. To put a spoke in one's wheel: means to disrupt, foil, or cause problems to someone's plan, activity, or project

S20. Ans.(b)

Sol. At loggerheads: means to be in conflict.

S21. Ans.(a)

Sol. Chicken-hearted: easily frightened or coward.

S22. Ans.(c)

Sol. A red-letter day: a day that is pleasantly noteworthy or memorable.

S23. Ans.(a)

Sol. Ended in a fiasco: to end with a failure.

S24. Ans.(d)

Sol. Sow wild oats: To engage in a rebelliousness thing.

S25. Ans.(c)

Sol. Live from hand to mouth: to have just enough money to live.

S26. Ans.(a)

Sol. To face the music: be confronted with the unpleasant consequences of one's actions.

S27. Ans.(b)

Sol. Pillar to post: From one place or thing to another in rapid succession.

S28. Ans.(c)

Sol. Hobson's choice: a choice of taking what is available or nothing at all.

S29. Ans.(c)

Sol. Adam's ale: water.

S30. Ans.(c)

Sol. At one's wits end: to be so worried, confused, or annoyed that you do not know what to do next.

S31. Ans.(c)

Sol. To steal a march: to get an advantage over the person or anything by acting before they do.

S32. Ans.(c)

Sol. In a jiffy: very fast and very soon.

S33. Ans.(d)

Sol. Herculean task: requiring the great strength of a Hercules.

S34. Ans.(c)

Sol. On tenterhooks: in a state of suspense or agitation because of uncertainty about a future event.

S35. Ans.(b)

Sol. The thin end of the wedge: an action or procedure of little importance that is likely to lead to more serious developments.

\$36. Ans.(a)

Sol. To accept the gauntlet: To accept or attempt a challenge or invitation.

\$37. Ans.(c)

Sol. To wrangle over an ass's shadow: To fight or quarrel over trivial and insignificant matters.

\$38. Ans.(d)

Sol. Make one's flesh creep: to frighten and horrify one.

\$39. Ans.(a)

Sol. Damp squib: a situation or event which is much less impressive than expected.

\$40. Ans.(c)

Sol. Rise like a phoenix: become successful or powerful again after defeat or destruction.

S41. Ans.(b)

Sol. "Biting the bullet" means to confront a challenging or unpleasant situation with bravery and determination.

\$42. Ans.(a)

16

Sol. "Let the cat out of the bag" means to accidentally reveal a secret or information that was supposed to be kept confidential.

S43. Ans.(b)

Sol. "In the same boat" means to be facing a common problem or challenge with others.

S44. Ans.(a)

Sol. "Turns a blind eye" means deliberately ignoring or avoiding acknowledging something, typically a problem or wrongdoing.

S45. Ans.(a)

Sol. In the theater, "Break a leg" is used to wish someone good luck before a performance.

\$46. Ans.(c)

Sol. "Ball is in your court" means that it is now up to someone to make a decision or take action.

S47. Ans.(b)

Sol. "Cost an arm and a leg" refers to something that is extremely expensive.

S48. Ans.(b)

Sol. "Spill the beans" means to accidentally or deliberately reveal a secret or private information.

S49. Ans.(c)

Sol. "Once in a blue moon" refers to something that happens very rarely or on rare occasions.

\$50. Ans.(c)

Sol. "A piece of cake" means something that is very easy to do or accomplish.

S51. Ans.(c)

Sol. A wild goose chase: a foolish and hopeless search for or pursuit of something unattainable.

S52. Ans.(b)

Sol. A moot point: A debatable question, an issue open to argument.

\$53. Ans.(c)

Sol. Spick and Span: fresh, brand-new; spotlessly clean.

\$54. Ans.(b)

Sol. To draw the longbow: to lie; to exaggerate.

\$55. Ans.(c)

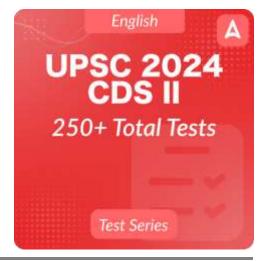
Sol. All agog: means Amazed or impressed.

\$56. Ans.(d)

Sol. Not to mince matters: means to speak frankly.

\$57. Ans.(c)

Sol. Kick the bucket: to die.



S58. Ans.(c)

Sol. An axe to grind: to have a strong personal opinion about something.

\$59. Ans.(a)

Sol. Will-o-the wisp: a person or thing that is difficult or impossible to reach or catch.

S60. Ans.(b)

Sol. To go through fire and water: To face many challenges in the process of doing.

S61. Ans.(b)

S62. Ans.(a)

S63. Ans.(b)

S64. Ans.(a)

S65. Ans.(b)

S66. Ans.(b)

S67. Ans.(a)

S68. Ans.(b)

S69. Ans.(c)

\$70. Ans.(a)

S71. Ans.(c)

Sol. "Kick the bucket" is a euphemism for dying or passing away.

S72. Ans.(c) Pursuing the wrong course of action or suspect

Sol. "Barking up the wrong tree" means someone is focusing their efforts on the wrong direction or person.

\$73. Ans.(a)

Sol. "Beating around the bush" means to avoid getting to the point or addressing the main topic.

\$74. Ans.(c)

Sol. "The apple of my eye" is used to describe someone or something that is deeply loved and cherished.

\$75. Ans.(b)

Sol. "Burn the midnight oil" means to work or study late into the night, usually when preparing for something important.

S76. Ans.(c)

18

Sol. "Don't cry over spilled milk" advises not to dwell on past mistakes or losses because they cannot be undone.

\$77. Ans.(b)

Sol. "Read between the lines" means to interpret the hidden or implied meaning in a statement or text.

\$78. Ans.(b)

Sol. "Hit the nail on the head" means to describe or identify something accurately or precisely.

S79. Ans.(c)

Sol. "Give someone the cold shoulder" means to intentionally be unfriendly or dismissive toward someone.

\$80. Ans.(c)

Sol. "Jumping on the bandwagon" means to join or support something that has become popular or trendy.

S81. Ans.(b)

Sol. to foam at one's mouth to be uncontrollably angry.

S82. Ans.(b)

Sol. to feel like a fish out of water to feel awkward because you are not familiar with a situation or because you are very different from the people around you.

\$83. Ans.(d)

Sol. at the eleventh hour at the last possible moment(Just before the last clock hour, 12).

S84. Ans.(b)

Sol. To burn one's fingers to have a bad result from something, esp. to lose money.

S85. Ans.(d)

Sol. To add fuel to fire to make a problem worse; to say or do something that makes a bad situation worse; to make an angry person get even angrier.

\$86. Ans.(a)

Sol. A dog in a manger means someone who keeps something that they do not really want in order to prevent anyone else from having it

\$87. Ans.(d)

Sol. Vote with the feet means leaving situations we do not like. Option d is correct with the context.

S88. Ans.(b)

Sol. An armchair critic is a person who knows or pretends to know a lot about something in theory rather than practice.

\$89. Ans.(a)

Sol. Take French leave is to go away, or do anything, without permission or notice.

S90. Ans.(d)

Sol. Give a wide berth to keep a reasonable distance from someone or something. Option d is correct.

S91. Ans.(d)

Sol. The correct answer is option d.

Bury the hatchet - It is an idiomatic expression which means, 'To stop fighting or arguing or to end old resentments.

As per the context, the idiom – 'Bury the hatchet' best fits in the given sentence.

Hence, option (d) is the correct choice.

S92. Ans.(c)

Sol. The correct answer is option c.

In a pickle - It is an idiomatic expression which means, 'To be in a difficult situation. As per the context, the idiom – 'In a pickle' best fits in the given sentence.

Hence, option (c) is the correct choice.

S93. Ans.(a)

Sol. The correct answer is option a.

a cool head - It is an idiomatic expression which means, 'The ability to stay calm and behave in a reasonable way in difficult situations.

As per the context, the idiom – 'A cool head' best fits in the given sentence.

Hence, option (a) is the correct choice.

S94. Ans.(a)

Sol. The correct answer is option a.

Not fit to hold a candle - It is an idiomatic expression which means, 'Cannot compare to someone or something; is not nearly as good or desirable as someone or something.

As per the context, the idiom – 'Not fit to hold a candle' best fits in the given sentence.

Hence, option (a) is the correct choice.

S95. Ans.(b)

Sol. The correct answer is option b.

Blowing their own trumpet – It is an idiomatic expression which means, 'To boast or brag about one's own abilities, skills, success, achievements, etc.

As per the context, the idiom - 'Blowing their own trumpet' best fits in the given sentence.

Hence, option (b) is the correct choice.

\$96. Ans.(a)

Sol. The correct answer is option a.

An iron hand – It is an idiomatic expression which means, "To control a group of people very firmly, having complete power over everything they do".

As per the context, the idiom – 'An iron hand' best fits in the given sentence.

Hence, option (a) is the correct choice.

S97. Ans.(d)

Sol. The correct answer is option d.

Burn one's fingers – It is an idiom which means, "To suffer unpleasant results of an action, especially loss of money, so you do not want to do the same thing again."

As per the context, the idiom – 'Burn one's fingers' best fits in the given sentence.

Hence, option (d) is the correct choice.

S98. Ans.(a)

Sol. The correct answer is option a.

Putting the cart before the horse – It is an idiomatic expression which means, "To do things in the wrong order."

As per the context, the idiom – 'Putting the cart before the horse' best fits in the given sentence.

Hence, option (a) is the correct choice.

S99. Ans.(d)

Sol. The correct answer is option d.

Put to a tough test - It is an idiomatic expression which means, "To test how good someone or something is, esp. in difficult conditions:

As per the context, the idiom – 'Put to a tough test' best fits in the given sentence.

Hence, option (d) is the correct choice.

S100. Ans.(b)

Sol. The correct answer is option b.

An ace up one's sleeve - It is an idiomatic expression which means, "a powerful and often secret weapon, advantage, etc., that can be used if it is needed".

As per the context, the idiom – 'An ace up one's sleeve' best fits in the given sentence.

Hence, option (b) is the correct choice.



