## Maths Class 9 Formula

## Mensuration Formulas

- Surface Area of a Cuboid $=2(\mathrm{lb}+\mathrm{bh}+\mathrm{hl})$, where ' $l$ ', ' $b$ ' and ' $h$ ' are the length, breadth, and height respectively.
- Curved Surface Area of a Cone $=1 / 2 \times 1 \times 2 \pi r=\pi r l$, where ' $r$ ' is its base radius and ' l ' its slant height, then, ' l ' $=$ Square root of $\left(\mathrm{r}^{2}+\mathrm{h}^{2}\right)$
- Surface Area of a Sphere $=4 \pi \mathrm{r}^{2}$
- Volume of a Cuboid $=$ Base Area $\times$ Height $=$ Length $\times$ Breadth $\times$ Height
- Volume of a Cube $=a^{3}$ where ' $a$ ' is the edge of the cube.
- Volume of a Cylinder $=\pi r^{2} h$, where, ' $r$ ' and ' $h$ ' are radius and height respectively.
- Volume of a Cone $=(1 / 3) \pi r^{2} h$
- Volume of a Sphere $=(4 / 3) \pi r^{3}$
- Volume of a Hemisphere $=(2 / 3) \pi r^{3}$


## Algebra Formulas

- $(a+b)^{2}=a^{2}+2 a b+b^{2}$
- $(a-b)^{3}=a^{3}-b^{3}-3 a b(a-b)$


## Statistics Formula

- Class-mark $=($ Upper limit + Lower limit $) / 2$
- Mean $=$ Sum of the observations / Total number of observations
- Mode $=$ The observation occurring the most frequent times
- Experimental Probability Formula: The trial counts in which the event (E) has occurred / The sum of trials


## Number System Formulas

- $\quad \sqrt{ } \mathrm{ab}=\sqrt{ } \mathrm{a} \sqrt{ } \mathrm{b}$
- $\sqrt{ }(\mathrm{a} / \mathrm{b})=\sqrt{ } \mathrm{a} / \sqrt{ } \mathrm{b}$
- $(\sqrt{ } \mathrm{a}+\sqrt{ } \mathrm{b})(\sqrt{\mathrm{a}}-\sqrt{ } \mathrm{b})=\mathrm{a}-\mathrm{b}$
- $(\sqrt{ } \mathrm{a}+\sqrt{ } \mathrm{b})^{2}=\mathrm{a}+2 \sqrt{ } \mathrm{ab}+\mathrm{b}$
- $(a+\sqrt{ } b)(a-\sqrt{ } b)=a^{2}-b$
- $(a+b)(a-b)=a^{2}-b^{2}$

