# NATIONAL TESTING AGENCY 

## Excellence in Assessment

## Sample Questions for Section on Numerical Value-Mathematics

Q.1: Let $\alpha$ and $\beta$ be two roots of the equation $x^{2}+2 x+2=0$, then $\alpha^{15}+\beta^{15}$ is equal to $\qquad$ .

## Answer: <br> 256

Q.2: Consider a group of 5 females and 7 males. The number of different teams consisting of 2 females and 3 males, that can be formed from this group, if there are two specific males A and $B$, who refuse to be the member of the same team, is $\qquad$ .

## Answer: <br> 300

Q.3: Let $\mathrm{a}_{1}, \mathrm{a}_{2}, \mathrm{a}_{3}$,...be an A.P., $\mathrm{S}=\sum_{\mathrm{i}=1}^{30} \mathrm{a}_{\mathrm{i}}$ and $\mathrm{T}=\sum_{\mathrm{i}=1}^{15} \mathrm{a}_{2 i-1}$. If $\mathrm{a}_{7}=37$, and $\mathrm{S}-2 \mathrm{~T}=75$, then $\mathrm{a}_{15}$ is equal to $\qquad$ .

## Answer:

 77Q.4: If $y=y(x)$ is the solution of the differential equation $x \frac{d y}{d x}+2 y=x^{2}$ satisfying $y(1)=1$, then $16 y(1 / 2)$ is equal to $\qquad$ —.

## Answer: <br> 49

Q.5: If $\vec{a}=\hat{i}-\hat{j}, \vec{b}=\hat{i}+\hat{j}+\hat{k}$ and $\vec{c}$ be a vector such that $\vec{a} \times \vec{c}+\vec{b}=\vec{o}$ and $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}=4$, then $|\overrightarrow{|c|}|^{2}$ is equal to $\qquad$ .

Answer: 9.5

