ICSE Chemistry Questions 2024 with Solution

SECTION A

Question 1

Choose the correct answers to the questions from the given options. (Do not copy the questions, write the correct answers only.)

- (i) Unsaturated hydrocarbons undergo
- a. Addition reaction
- (b) Substitution reaction
- (c) Oxidation reaction
- (d) Redox reaction

Answer - a. Addition reaction

In the 2nd period Neon has maximum Ionization Potential because

- (a) It has unstable electronic configuration
- (b) It easily accepts electrons
- (c) It easily loses electrons.

d. The outer most shell is completely filled (Answer)

- (iii) Copper, Zinc and Tin are the metals alloyed to form:
- (a) Duralumin
- (b) Brass

c. Bronze (ANSWER)

(d) Solder

(iv) The metal hydroxide which reacts with both acids and alkalis to form salt and water is:

(a) Calcium hydroxide

(b) Magnesium hydroxide

c. Aluminium hydroxide (ANSWER)

(d) Ferric hydroxide

(1) Reaction of an alcohol with a carboxylic acid in the presence of concentrated H_2SO is termed as:

(a) Halogenation

b. Esterification (ANSWER)

- (c) Hydrogenation
- (d) Dehydrohalogenation

(vi) Conversion of Ethanol to Ethene by the action of concentrated sulphuric acid involves:

a. Dehydration (ANSWER)

- (b) Dehydrogenation
- (c) Dehydrohalogenation
- (d) Hydrolysis

(vii) The oxidizing agent in the equation S+2H2SO4 3SO2 + 2H2O is

(a) Sulphur

b. Sulphuric acid (ANSWER)

- (c) Sulphur dioxide
- (d) Water

(vi) Electron Affinity is maximum in

- (a) Mg
- (b) Ar
- (c) la

d. Br(ANSWER)

(x) The compound that is not a constituent of the electrolytic mixture used in the Hall-Heroult's process is

(a) AlO **b. NaAlO (ANSWER)** (c) Na AlF

(4) CaF

(x) On passing ammonia gas over heated copper oxide for some time, a reddish-brown residue is left behind. What property of ammonia is demonstrated here?

(a) Basic property

(b) Oxidising property

c. Redueng property (ANSWER)

(d) Aerdie property

(XI) Rotten et smell is due to the liberation of

(a) HCI gas

b. HS(ANSWER)

- (c) Cligas
- (d) SO gas

(xii) Ammonia gas is collected by downward displacement of air since ammonia is:

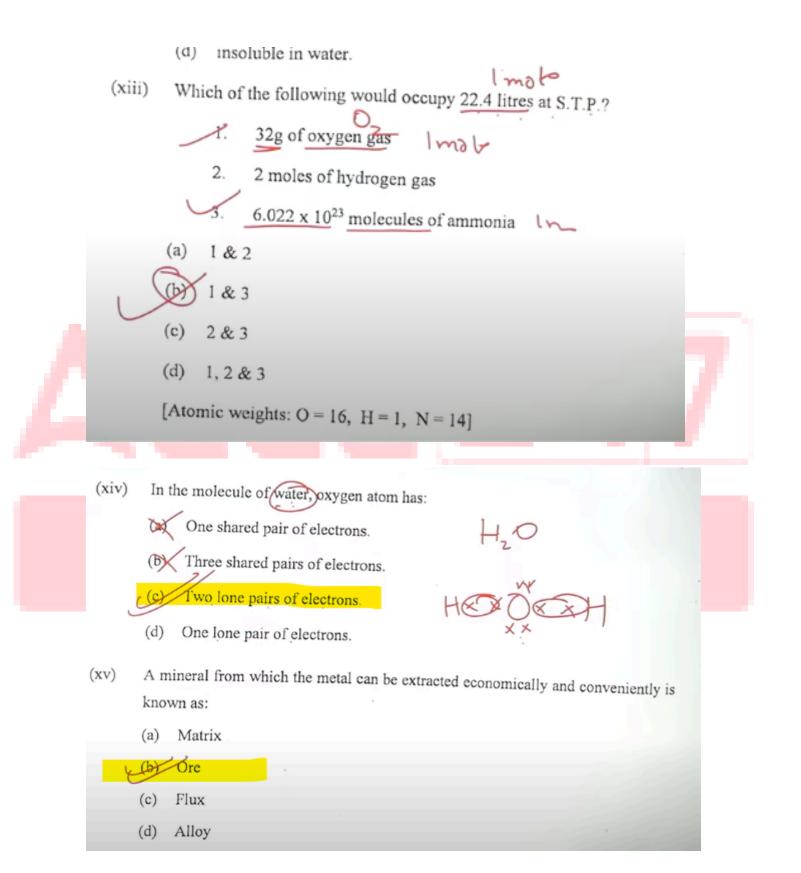
(a) very slightly soluble in water.

(b) heavier than air.

(c) lighter than air. (ANSWER)

(d) insoluble in water.

xiii)



Question 2

(i) The following sketch represents the electroplating of an Iron cup with Nickel metal. Study the diagram and answer the following questions: [5]

Anode

Cathode

Iron cup

Electrolyte

(a) During electroplating the iron cup is placed at the cathode. Why?

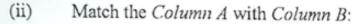
(b) Name the ion that must be present in the electrolyte.

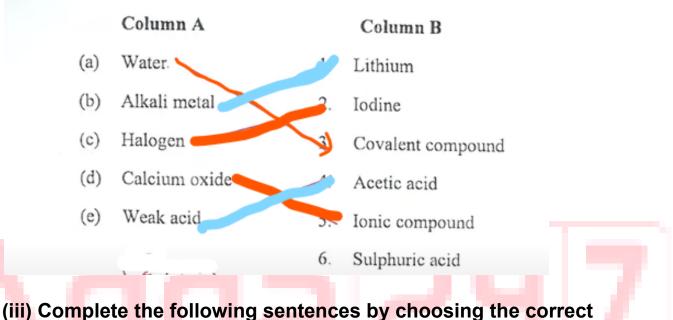
(c) State one condition that is necessary to ensure that the deposit is smooth, firm and even.

(d) Write the reaction taking place at the cathode

(e) What change would you observe at the anode?

Answers
Anode < Cathol
→ Iron cup → Electrolyte
(a) During electroplating the iron cup is placed at the cathode. Why?
(b) Name the ion that must be present in the electrolyte. Ni ²⁺ (nickel ion)
(c) State one condition that is necessary to ensure that the deposit is smooth, firm and even. > 10 w current for tonget the
(d) Write the reaction taking place at the cathode. $N_1^2 + 2e^{-2} N_1$
(e) What change would you observe at the anode? this





answer from the brackets:

Bold options are answers

(a) The salt that can be prepared by Direct Combination is

-----[FeCl3/FeCl2]

(b) The metallic oxide which can be reduced by using common reducing agents is [Fe2O3/Al2O3]

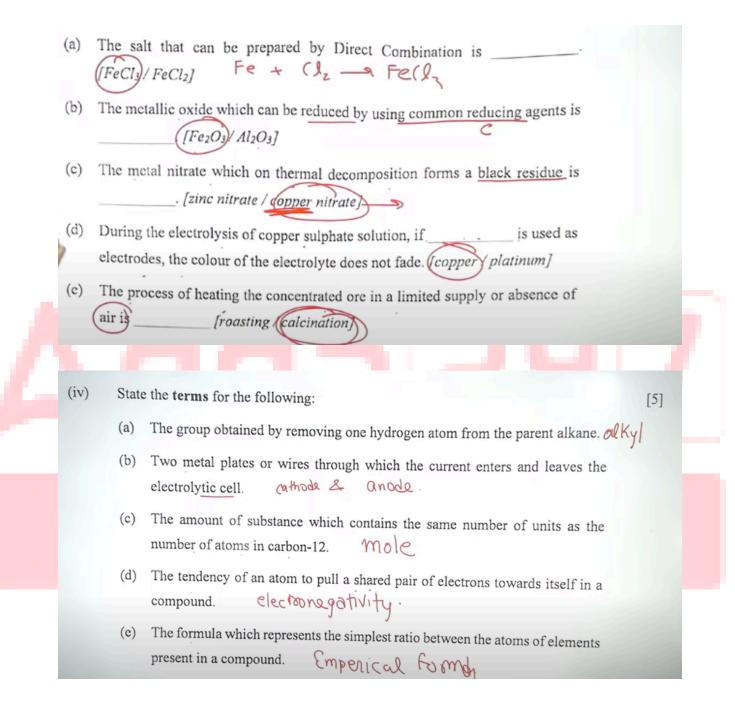
(c) The metal nitrate which on thermal decomposition forms a black residue is _____ [zinc nitrate/copper nitrate]

(d) During the electrolysis of copper sulphate solution, if is used as electrodes, the colour of the electrolyte does not fade____.

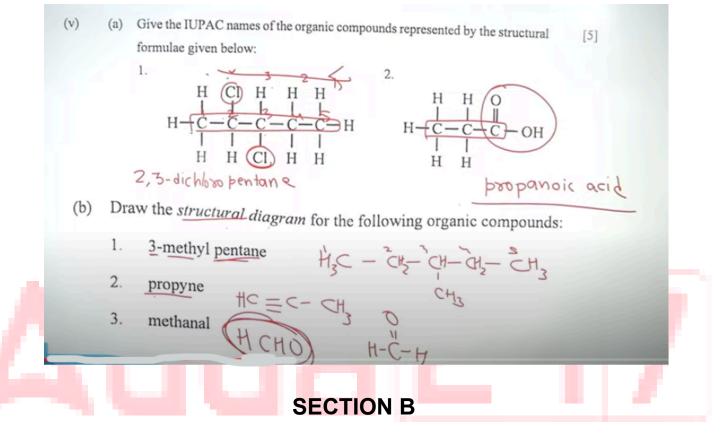
[copper/platinum]

(c) The process of heating the concentrated ore in a limited supply or absence of air is ____ [roasting/**calcination**]

Answers



iv) b) Answer - cathode & Anode / Electrodes



Question 3

(i) Rewrite the following statements by adding the correct word as shown in the example:

Example.

Example:

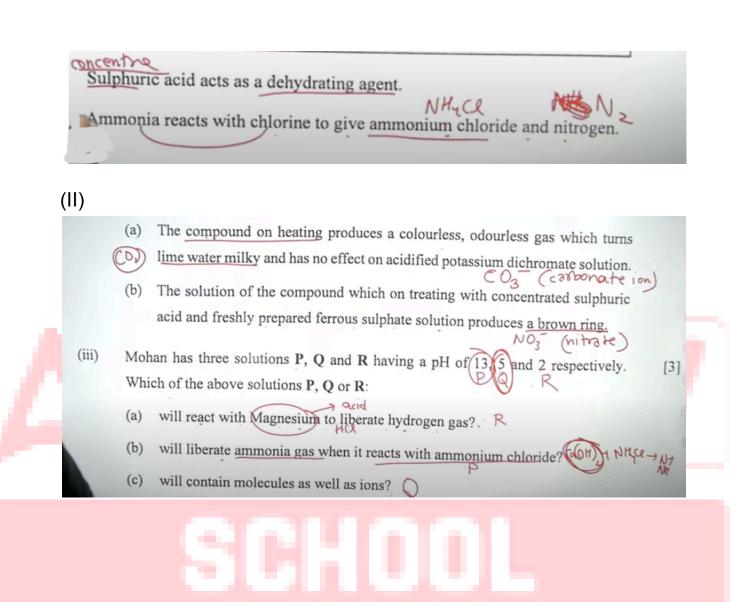
Given Statement: Ammonia changes moist red litmus to blue.

Correct Statement: Aqueous ammonia changes moist red litmus to blue.

(a) Sulphuric acid acts as a dehydrating agent.

(b) Ammonia reacts with chlorine to give ammonium chloride and nitrogen.

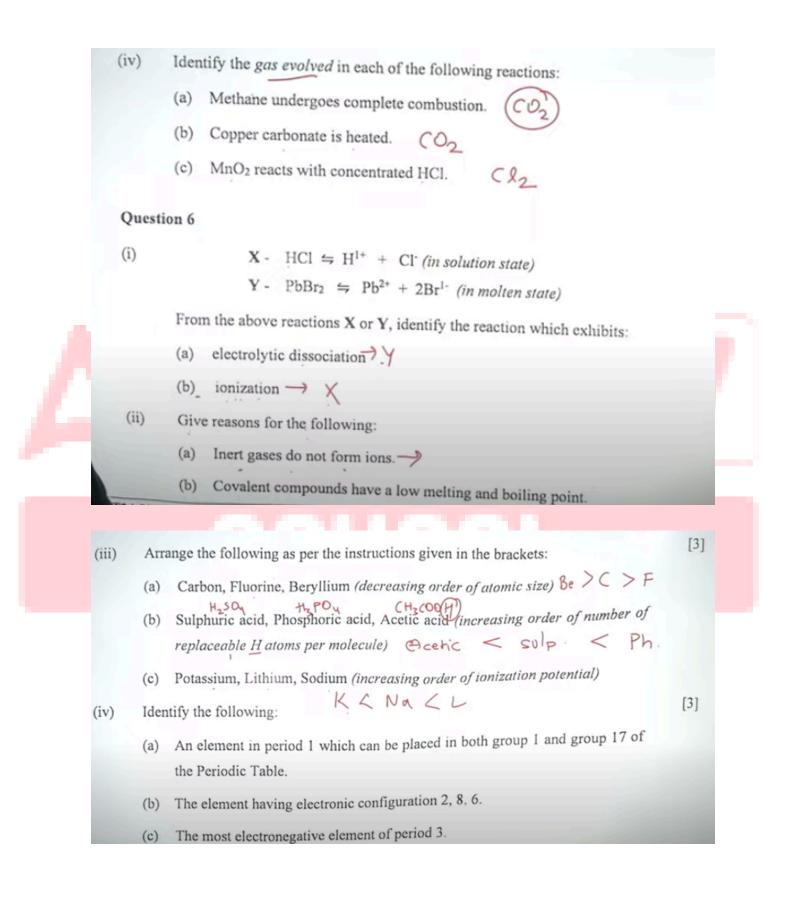
Answers -



	Name of the process	Reactant	Catalyst	Final product		
	contacts	$SO_2 + O_2$.(b)	(c)		
	Identify (a), (b) and (c).		Contact 6 V205 sulphun	Processo c acid		
Question 4						
(i)	(a) Molar volume	ns:	H		[2]	
			(x)			
	(b) Normal salt		HOBCOS	Н	[2]	
(ii)	Draw the electron dot stru	ucture of:	$(\mathbf{\hat{v}})$	YNR	[2]	
	(a) Methane molecule	CHy	H	×NB	NY	
	(b) _Nitrogen molecule					
		7 - 6 H - 1)				
	[Atomic number: N = 7, 0	<u> </u>				
Comp	lete and balance the to	llowing equal	0115.			
(a)	Al ₂ O ₃ + NaOH → C ₂ H ₅ COONa + NaOH	Na Al Oz sod mota	duminate H	120 1a203		
(0)	C2115COOTta Theory	CaO	2424 -	240+ (H,	
	$C_2H_4Br_2$ + alcoholic K					
	se the organic compound ons: $-C - C - 0 - H C H$		st given below $C_{H_5}^{H_5}OH$		wing	
				Methanal		
•	Ethene Ethan	noic acid	Ethanol	monitaria		
(a)	The compound which d	loes not have a	double bond in	ethanois and	(Gra	
		n ito nure form	turns into an ic	e like solid on cool	ing.	
5)	The compound which in	n ns pure ronn				

Question 5

Name the main metal used in making of the alloys given below: Duralumin Auminium (a) Stainless steel Fe Iron) (b) Differentiate between the following pairs based on the criteria given: (a) Sulphuric acid and Nitric acid (using barium chloride solution) Unsaturated and Saturated hydrocarbons (type of bond present) (b) HI2SO4 + Ball -> Basay + thep HNO3 + Ball, -1 (iii) Calcium carbonate reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid as given below: $CaCO_3 + 2HCI \rightarrow CaCl_2 + H_2O + ICO_2$ SCO2 What is the mass of 5 moles of calcium carbonate? (Relative molecular mass (a) of calcium carbonate is (100) I mole - 100g Smole - 500g How many moles of HCl will react with 5 moles of calcium carbonate? What is the volume of carbon dioxide liberated at S.T.P. at the same time? SX 22.4 11201



(a) An element in period 1 which can be placed in both group 1 and group 17 of the Periodic Table. Hydrogen
(b) The element having electronic configuration 2, 8, 6. 16 Solphy
(c) The most electronegative element of period 3. Chloring

Question 7	
(i) Rita was given an unknown salt for identification. She prepared a solution of the salt	[2]
and divided it must parts.	
• To the first part of the salt solution, she and a few drops of ammonium	
Fe las the second part of the salt solution, she added a tew drops of silver nitrate	
Fe dy T. To the second part of the salt solution, she added a few drops of silver nitrate	
solution and obtained a white precipitative O_{2} + Ag NO ₂ -	Ag
solution and obtained a white precipital fe Con F Agrades -	white bot
Name:	
(a) the cation present and Fe	
(b) the anion present in the salt given for identification.	

 (ii) Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct answer from the bracket:
 (a) Carbon tetrachloride is a _____Non polar_____.[polar /non-polar/ covalent molecule].

(b) During electrolysis of acidulated water, the gas liberated at the anode(+) is **oxygen** [**oxygen**/ hydrogen].

-	+ $30_2 \rightarrow 2 N_2 + Uf 240 \text{ cc of am}$	$4NH_3 + 3O_2 \rightarrow$ monia is burnt in 300 cc of	oxygen fir	nd out the com	position of the
4	resultant gaseou	is mixture at toom tempera	ture		
in	T 2 (iv) The following t	able shows the electronic co	onfiguration	of the atoms	A. B. C. and D. I
lcc -	$3 \qquad 2 \qquad \text{resultant gaseou}$ $3 \qquad 2 \qquad (iv) \qquad The following to the foll$	А	B		
040	$\rightarrow 3x \times 10^{60} \rightarrow 2 \times 2^{10}$ Electronic con		2,6	C	D
2400	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}$	- 0		2, 8, 7	2, 4
	18000	formula of the compound for	onned betwe	een:	
	(A 20 C)))	id B			
	(N ₂) 2. Dan	id C			
	The l	the shows allow the states of			
		the above elements will exh	ubit catenatio	on?	
	120 0 0 1				
	(20 a O2 le	rty .			
_					
(iv)	The following table shows the e	lectronid and	6.1		
1 /	the following hole shows the c	configuration	on of the	atoms A, E	3, C and D.
	Element	A B	C		D
	Element		Ç		D
	Element	A B , 8, 8, 2 2, 6	2, 8		D 2, 4
ļ	Element Electronic configuration 2,	, 8, 8, 2 2, 6	2, 8		
l,	Element Electronic configuration 2,	, 8, 8, 2 2, 6	2, 8		
1	Element Electronic configuration 2, (a) Write the formula of the co 1. A and B	A B	2, 8	,7	
	Element Electronic configuration 2, (a) Write the formula of the construction 1. A and B	, 8, 8, 2 2, 6	2, 8	,7	
	Element Electronic configuration 2, (a) Write the formula of the co 1. A and B	A B	2, 8	,7	

Question 8	
(i) Cho	bose the correct answer from the list given below: [2]
5	zinc blende, C2H2, calamine, CA haematite
(a)	The ore which can be concentrated by magnetic separation. Ferry Haemetite.
(b)	Empirical formula of Ethyne CH
(ii) Giv	$C_{L} \mathcal{H}_{2}$ re balanced equation for the following reactions:
Zn + H(l (h)	Aluminium ninida is tracted with a cid. Cu + 21 1003 - Cu (2003) + 2NO2 + 2H2O
Zn + HCL (a) and + KOM -> KNO, (b)	Copper reacts with concentrated Nitric acid. $Cu + 2HNO_3 \rightarrow Cu(NO_3)_2 + 2H_2O$ Aluminium nitride is treated with warm water. AIN $\neg H_2O \rightarrow AI(OH)_3 + NH_3$
(m) widt	ten the saits underlined in Column A with the most suitable method of [3]
(all -> (all >) rep	paration given in Column B.
	Column A Column B
(a)	ZnCl ₂ from Zn Precipitation
(b)	KNO ₃ from KOH 2. Direct combination
(c)	CaCO ₁ from CaCl ₂ 3. Displacement reaction
	Neutralization
(iv) Hydrogen chloride	gas is prepared in the laboratory by the action of concentrated [3]
	odium chloride. Na() + FL250, <2000 Nattson + Hip
(a) Give balanced	d chemical equation for the above reaction.
(b) State the meth	nod of collection of the gas formed above.
(c) What is the pr	roperty of sulphuric acid that makes it a suitable reagent for the
reaction?	