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ಮಾರ್ಚ್/ಏಪ್ರಿಲ್ 2024 ರ ಪರೀಕ್ಷೆ - 1

MARCH/APRIL 2024 EXAMINATION-1

ಒಟ್ಟು ಮುದ್ರಿತ ತಳಾಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 16]

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ಒಟ್ಟು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 38]

Total No. of Questions : 38]

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Code No. : 81-E

CCE RF/PF/RR/
PR/NSR/NSPR
FULL SYLLABUS

Question Paper Serial No.

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Subject : MATHEMATICS

(ಅಂಗ್ಲ ಮಾಡ್ಯಂ / English Medium)

(ಹಾಲೀ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಖಾಸಗಿ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಹಾಲೀ ಪ್ರಸರಾವತೀತ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಖಾಸಗಿ ಪ್ರಸರಾವತೀತ
ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಆರ್. / ಎನ್.ಎಸ್.ಬಿ.ಆರ್.)

(Regular Fresh / Private Fresh / Regular Repeater / Private Repeater / NSR / NSPR)

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 02. 04. 2024]

[Date : 02. 04. 2024

ಸಮಯ : ಬೆಳಿಗೆ 10-15 00ದ ಮಧ್ಯಾಹ್ನ 1-30 ರವರೆಗೆ] [Time : 10-15 A.M. to 1-30 P.M.

ಗೊಳಿಸುತ್ತಿರುವ ಅಂಶಗಳು : 80] [Max. Marks : 80

General Instructions to the Candidate :

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→

1. This question paper consists of 38 questions in all.
2. This question paper has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the right side to open the paper at the time of commencement of the examination (Follow the arrow). Do not cut the left side to open the paper. Check whether all the pages of the question paper are intact.
3. Follow the instructions given against the questions.
4. Figures in the right hand margin indicate maximum marks for the questions.
5. The maximum time to answer the paper is given at the top of the question paper. It includes 15 minutes for reading the question paper.
6. Ensure that the Version of the question paper distributed to you and the Version printed on your admission ticket is the same.



I. Four alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet. $8 \times 1 = 8$

1. The product of HCF and LCM of two numbers 15 and 20 is

(A) 15

(B) 20



(C) 300

(D) 35

2. If α and β are the zeroes of the quadratic polynomial

$p(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, then $\alpha\beta$ is



(A) $\frac{b}{a}$

(B) $\frac{-b}{a}$



(C) $\frac{-c}{a}$

(D) $\frac{c}{a}$

3. If $\sin \theta = \frac{4}{5}$, then the value of $\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta}$ is

(A) $\frac{16}{25}$

(B) $\frac{4}{5}$



(C) $\frac{5}{4}$

(D) $\frac{9}{25}$

4. The probability of a sure event is

(A) 1

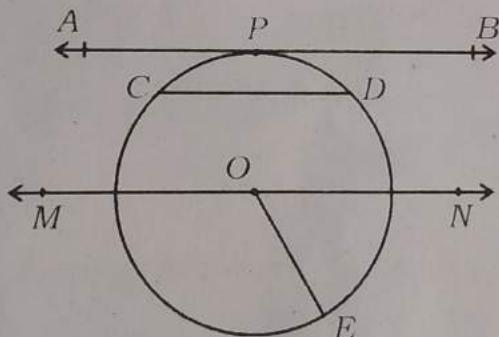


(B) 0

(C) -1

(D) 1.5

5. The secant of the circle in the figure, is



(A) MN



(B) OE

(C) CD

(D) AB



6. The volume of the frustum of a cone whose base radii are r_1 and r_2 and height ' h ', is



- (A) $\frac{1}{3} \pi (r_1 + r_2 + r_1 \cdot r_2) h$
- (B) $\frac{1}{3} \pi (r_1^2 + r_2^2 - r_1 \cdot r_2) h$
- (C) $\frac{1}{3} \pi (r_1^2 + r_2^2 + r_1 \cdot r_2) h$
- (D) $\frac{1}{3} \pi (r_1^2 - r_2^2 - r_1 \cdot r_2) h$

7. If $2, x, 26$ are in Arithmetic progression, then the value of x is

- (A) 12 (B) 14



- (C) 28 (D) 24

8. If $\tan(90^\circ - \theta) = \sqrt{3}$, then the value of $\cot \theta$ is

- (A) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ (B) 1

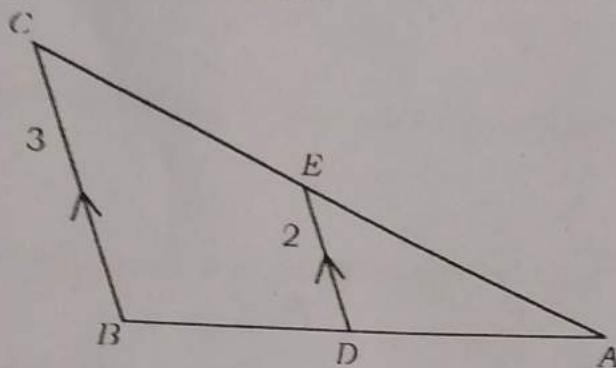
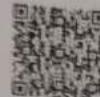


- (C) 0 (D) $\sqrt{3}$

II. Answer the following questions : $8 \times 1 = 8$

9. In the figure, $\Delta ADE \sim \Delta ABC$ and $DE : BC = 2 : 3$. Find

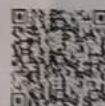
$$\frac{\text{Area of } \Delta ADE}{\text{Area of } \Delta ABC}$$



10. The radii of the base and the height of a cylinder and a cone are

same. If the volume of the cylinder is 27 cubic units, then find

the volume of the cone.



11. If $200 = 2^m \times 5^n$, then find the values of m and n .

12. Find the number of solutions of the pair of linear equations

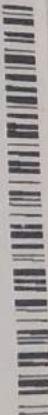
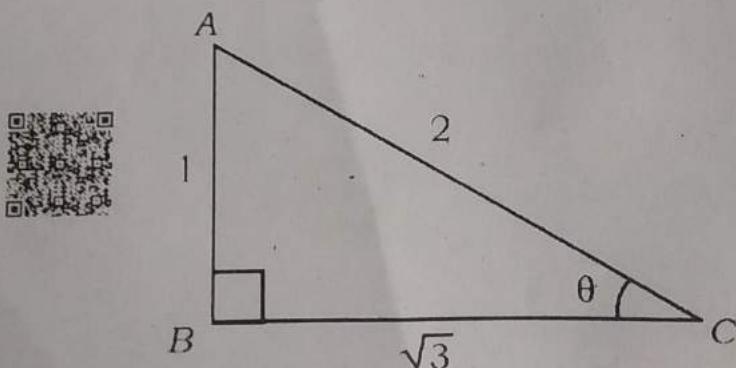
$$2x - 3y + 4 = 0 \text{ and } 3x + 5y + 8 = 0.$$



13. In an Arithmetic progression, sum of the first six terms and sum of the first five terms are 78 and 55 respectively. Then find the sixth term of the progression.



14. Write the degree of the polynomial $p(x) = x(x^2 + 3) + 5x^2 + 7$.
15. If the value of discriminant of a quadratic equation is zero, then write the nature of roots of the quadratic equation.
16. Find the value of θ in the figure.



III. Answer the following questions :

$8 \times 2 = 16$



17. Prove that $3 + \sqrt{2}$ is an irrational number.

18. Solve the given pair of linear equations by Elimination method :

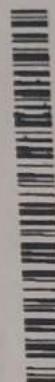
$$2x + y = 8$$



$$3x - y = 7$$

19. Find the sum of first 20 terms of the Arithmetic progression

1, 5, 9, using formula.



20. Find the roots of the quadratic equation $2x^2 - 3x - 1 = 0$ using

quadratic formula.



21. Prove that $\frac{\cos \theta - \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta}{\cos \theta + \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta} = \frac{\operatorname{cosec} \theta - 1}{\operatorname{cosec} \theta + 1}$

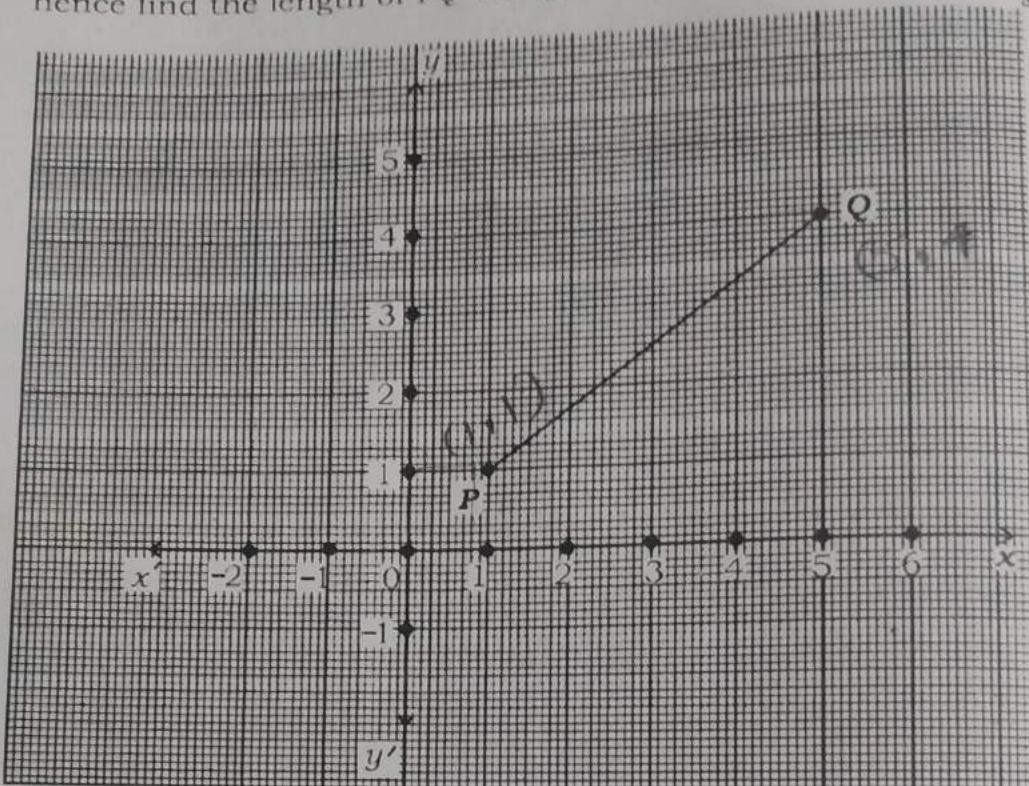


OR

Prove that $\frac{\sin 30^\circ + \cos 60^\circ}{\operatorname{cosec} 30^\circ - \cot 45^\circ} = \sin 90^\circ$.



22. Find the coordinates of the point P and Q in the given graph and hence find the length of PQ using distance formula.



OR

Find the coordinates of the point which divides the line segment joining the points $(4, -3)$ and $(8, 5)$ in the ratio $3 : 1$ internally.

23. A basket contains 36 mangoes. $\frac{1}{4}$ th of them are rotten and others are good. If one mango is drawn at random from basket, then find the probability of getting a good mango.
24. Draw a circle of radius 3.5 cm and construct a pair of tangents to the circle such that the angle between the tangents is 60° .

IV. Answer the following questions :

$$9 \times 3 = 27$$

25. Divide $p(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 4x + 5$ by $g(x) = x^2 - x + 1$ and find the quotient [$q(x)$] and remainder [$r(x)$].

OR

When the polynomial $p(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 + 5x - 2$ is divided by the polynomial $g(x)$, the quotient [$q(x)$] and remainder [$r(x)$] are $x^2 - x + 2$ and 4 respectively. Find $g(x)$.

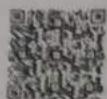


26. Find the mean for the following data :

| <i>Class-interval</i> | <i>Frequency</i> |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 2 – 6 | 2 |
| 7 – 11 | 4 |
| 12 – 16 | 5 |
| 17 – 21 | 3 |
| 22 – 26 | 1 |

**OR**

Find the mode for the following data :



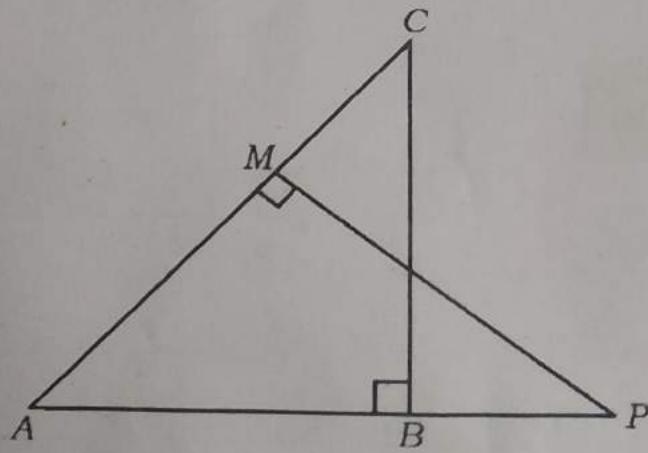
| Class-interval | Frequency |
|----------------|-----------|
| 1 - 5 | 1 |
| 5 - 9 | 3 |
| 9 - 13 | 7 |
| 13 - 17 | 10 |
| 17 - 21 | 9 |

27. 'D' is a point on the side BC of a $\triangle ABC$ such that $\angle ADC = \angle BAC$. Then prove that $AC^2 = BC \cdot CD$.

OR



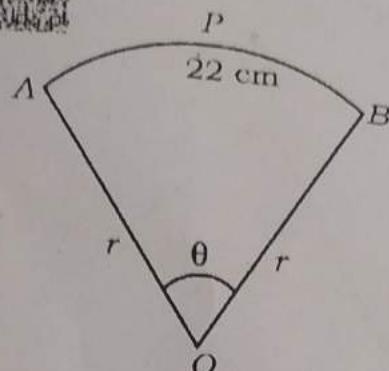
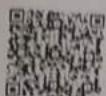
In the figure, $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle AMP$ are right angled triangles, right angled at B and M respectively. Then prove that $\frac{CA}{PA} = \frac{BC}{MP}$.



28. Prove that "The lengths of tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are equal".

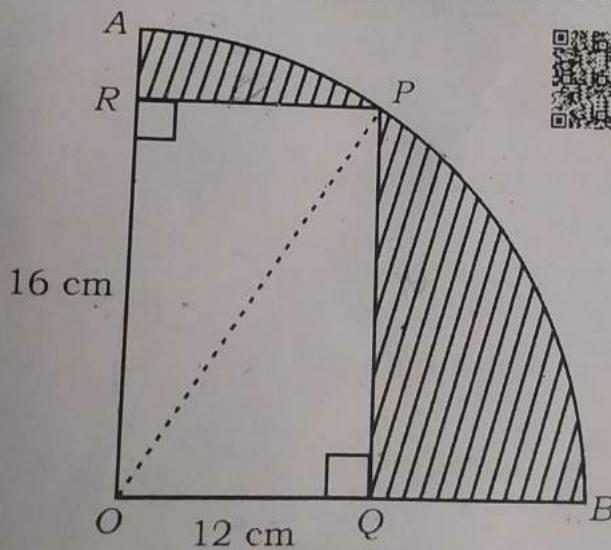
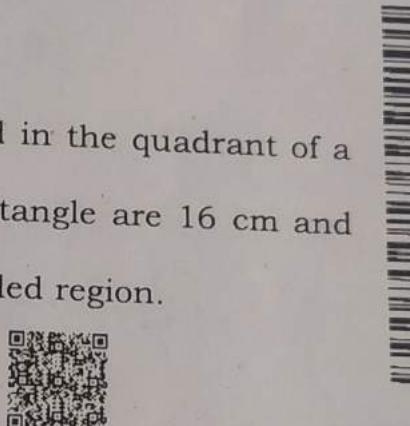


29. In the figure area of sector $AOBPA$ of radius ' r ' is 231 cm^2 and the length of the arc APB is 22 cm . Find the radius of the sector and angle θ .



OR

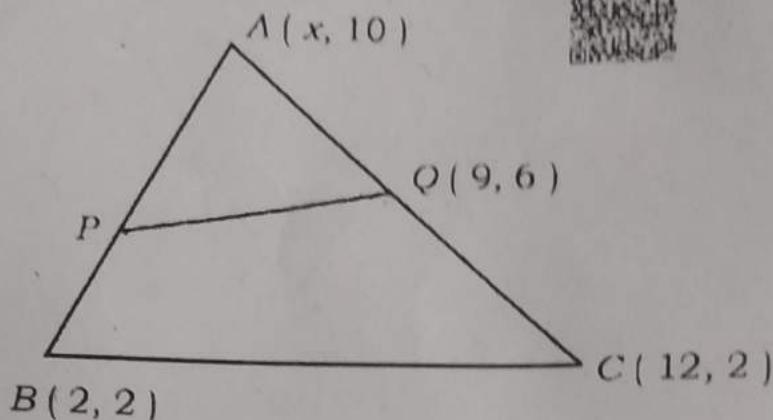
- In the figure a rectangle $ROQP$ is inscribed in the quadrant of a circle. If the length and breadth of the rectangle are 16 cm and 12 cm respectively, find the area of the shaded region.



30. Age of mother is twice the square of age of her son. After 8 years mother's age becomes 4 years more than the thrice of age of her son. Find their present ages.



31. In the figure, ABC is a triangle whose vertices are $A(x, 10)$, $B(2, 2)$ and $C(12, 2)$. If $Q(9, 6)$ is the mid-point of AC and area of $\triangle APQ$ is 12 cm^2 , then find the area of quadrilateral $PBCQ$.



32. The ages of 100 patients admitted in a hospital are as follows.

Draw a "less than type ogive" for the given data :

| Age (in years) | Number of patients (cumulative frequency) |
|----------------|--|
| Less than 10 | 6 |
| Less than 20 | 15 |
| Less than 30 | 38 |
| Less than 40 | 46 |
| Less than 50 | 65 |
| Less than 60 | 84 |
| Less than 70 | 100 |

33. Construct a triangle with sides 6 cm, 8 cm and 9 cm and then construct another triangle whose sides are $\frac{2}{3}$ of the corresponding sides of the first triangle.



V. Answer the following questions :

$4 \times 4 = 16$

34. Find the solution of the given pair of linear equations by graphical method :

$$2x + y = 8$$



$$x + y = 5$$

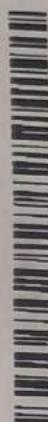
35. In an Arithmetic progression the sum of first n terms is 210 and the sum of first $(n - 1)$ terms is 171. If the first term of the Arithmetic progression is 3, then find the Arithmetic progression and find its 20th term.



OR



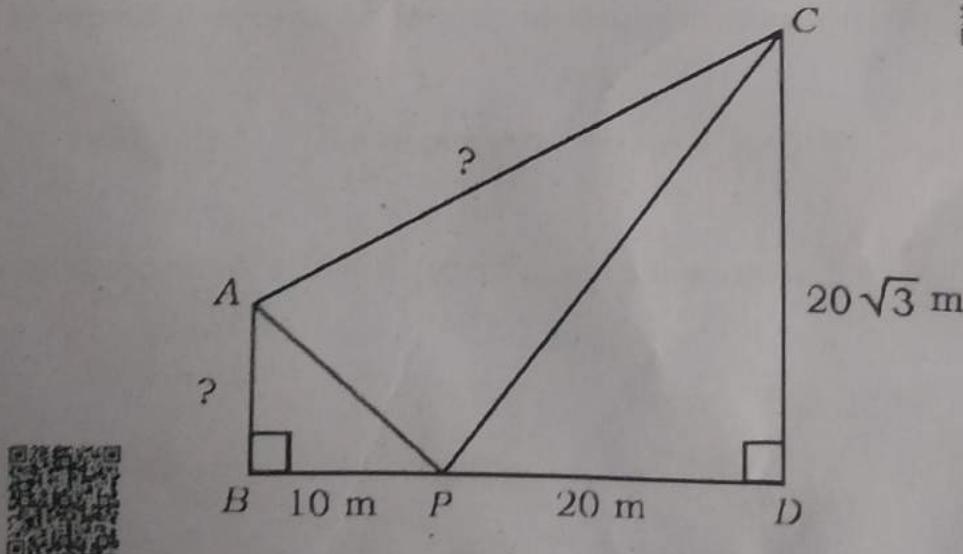
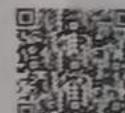
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The sum of interior angles of a polygon of 'n' sides is $(n - 2) \cdot 180^\circ$. If the interior angles of a pentagon are in Arithmetic progression and its least angle is 72° , then find all the interior angles of the pentagon.

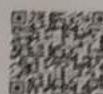


36. In the figure the poles AB and CD of different heights are standing vertically on a level ground. From a point P on the line joining the foots of the poles on the level ground, the angles of elevation to the tops of the poles are found to be complementary. The height of CD and the distance PD are $20\sqrt{3}$ m and 20 m respectively. If BP is 10 m, then find the length of the pole AB and the distance AC between the tops of the poles.



37. Prove : "Basic proportionality theorem" or "Thales theorem".

VI. Answer the following question :

 $1 \times 5 = 5$

38. An insect control device made of a cylinder, a frustum of a cone and a hemisphere attached to each other is as shown in the figure. Sticky liquid is completely filled in the hemispherical part. If the radii of hemisphere and cylinder are 21 cm and 14 cm respectively and total height of the device is 60 cm and height of the cylinder is 15 cm, then calculate the curved surface area of the device and also find the quantity of the sticky liquid in the hemisphere.

