भवा (मुख्य) प - 2017

प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक BOOKLET No.

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प्रश्नपुस्तिका-І

संच क्र.

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पेपर क्र. - 1 कृषि विज्ञान

एकूण प्रश्न : 100

एकूण गुण : 200

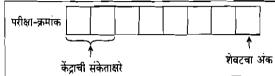
वेळ: 1 (एक) तास

सूचना

(1) <u>सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत 100 अनिवार्य प्रश्न आहेत</u>. उमेदवारांनी प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहिण्यास सुरुवात करण्यापूर्वी या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत सर्व प्रश्न आहेत किंवा नाहीत याची खात्री करून घ्यावी. असा तसेच अन्य काही दोष आढळल्यास ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका समवेक्षकांकडून

लगेच बदलून घ्यावी.

(2) आपला परीक्षा-क्रमांक ह्या चौकोनांत न विसरता बॉलपेनने लिहावा.



- (3) वर छापलेला प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर विशिष्ट जागी उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे न विसरता नमूद करावा.
- (4) या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाला 4 पर्यायी उत्तरे सुचिवली असून त्यांना 1, 2, 3 आणि 4 असे क्रमांक दिलेले आहेत. त्या चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तराचा क्रमांक उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर नमूद करावा. अशा प्रकारे उत्तरपत्रिकेवर उत्तरक्रमांक नमूद करताना तो संबंधित प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोर छायांकित करून दर्शविला जाईल याची काळजी घ्यावी. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.
- (5) सर्व प्रश्नांना समान गुण आहेत. यास्तव सर्व प्रश्नांची उत्तरे द्यावीत. घाईमुळे चुका होणार नाहीत याची दक्षता घेऊनच शक्य तितक्या वेगाने प्रश्न सोडवावेत. क्रमाने प्रश्न सोडविणे श्रेयस्कर आहे पण एखादा प्रश्न कठीण वाटल्यास त्यावर वेळ न घालविता पुढील प्रश्नांकडे वळावे. अशा प्रकारे शेवटच्या प्रश्नापर्यंत पोहोचल्यानंतर वेळ शिल्लक राहिल्यास कठीण म्हणून वगळलेल्या प्रश्नांकडे परतणे सोईस्कर ठरेल.
- (6) उत्तरपत्रिकेत एकदा नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडता येणार नाही. नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडून नव्याने उत्तर दिल्यास ते तपासले जाणार नाही.
- (7) प्रस्तुत परिक्षेच्या उत्तरपत्रिकांचे मूल्यांकन करताना उमेदवाराच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेतील योग्य उत्तरांनाच गुण दिले जातील. तसेच ''उमेदवाराने वस्तुनिष्ठ बहुपर्यायी स्वरूपाच्या प्रश्नांची दिलेल्या चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तरेच उत्तरपत्रिकेत नमूद करावीत. अन्यथा त्यांच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेत सोडविलेल्या प्रत्येक चार चुकीच्या उत्तरांसाठी एका प्रश्नाचे गुण वजा करण्यात येतील''.

ताकीद

ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपेपर्यंत ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका आयोगाची मालमत्ता असून ती परीक्षाकक्षात उमेदवाराला परीक्षेसाठी वापरण्यास देण्यात येत आहे. ही वेळ संपेपर्यंत सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेची प्रत/प्रती, किंवा सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील काही आशय कोणत्याही स्वरूपात प्रत्यक्ष वा अप्रत्यक्षपणे कोणत्याही व्यक्तीस पुरविणे, तसेच प्रसिद्ध करणे हा गुन्हा असून अशी कृती करणाऱ्या व्यक्तीवर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या ''परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचा अधिनियम-82'' यातील तरतुदीनुसार तसेच प्रचलित कायद्याच्या तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

तसेच ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी विहित केलेली वेळ संपण्याआधी ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका अनिधकृतपणे बाळगणे हा सुद्धा गुन्हा असून तसे करणारी व्यक्ती आयोगाच्या कर्मचारोवृंदापैकी, तसेच परीक्षेच्या पर्यवेक्षकीयवृंदापैकी असली तरीही अशा व्यक्तीविरूद्ध उक्त अधिनियमानुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

पुढील सूचना प्रश्नपुस्तिकेच्या अतिम पृष्ठावर पहा

क्रांच्या सूचनेविना हे सीर

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा/SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



1.	Mat	ch the follow	wing:					
	a.	Complex f	ertilizer		I.	Diammonium phosphate	•	
	b.	Straight fe	ertilizer		II.	Urea		
	c.	Potassic fe	ertilizer		III.	Sulphate of Potash		
	d.	Phosphati	c fe rt iliz	er	IV.	Single superphosphate		
	Sele	ect the corre	ct respo	nse.		·		
		a b		c	d			
	(1)	I I	V ,	II	III			
	(2)	IV I		III	II			
	(3)	I . II	[III	IV			
	(4)	II I	II	IV	I			
		<u> </u>						
2.	The year		y of the	newly a	added	essential nutrient 'Ni'	vas established	d in the
	(1)	1987	(2)	1997		(3) 2007	(4) 2012	
3.	Whi	ich of the fol	lowing a	are meta	morp	hic rocks ?		
	(1)	Gneiss, sc	hist, sla	te			,	
	(2)	Granite, b	asalt, ga	ibbro .				
	(3)	Sandstone	, shale,	lignite		•		
	(4)	Apatite, se	erpentin	e, calcite	•			
करक्य		गुरी जागा <i>।</i> ९१	ACE EO	P POUC				

- 4. Match the following:
 - a. 1:1 type clay mineral
 - b. 2:1 type (expanding lattice type) clay mineral
 - c. 2:1 type (non-expanding type) clay mineral
 - d. 2:2 type clay mineral

Select the correct response.

I.	Mont	moril	lonite
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- II. Illite
- III. Chlorite
- IV. Kaolinite

а	b	C	d
IV	III	I	II
I	II	III	IV
IV	I	II	III
II	I	IV	III
	IV I IV	IV III I II IV I	IV III I IV I III

- 5. Negative charge on a clay particle is developed when
 - (1) High valence cation is replaced by low valence cation
 - (2) High valence cation is replaced by high valence anion
 - (3) Low valence cation is replaced by high valence cation
 - (4) Low valence cation is replaced by low valence anion
- 6. The mass or weight of a unit volume of soil solid is called
 - (1) Apparent density
 - (2) Bulk density
 - (3) Particle density
 - (4) Volume density
- 7. The capillarity of water is due to
 - (1) Only attractive force of water to solids and surface tension
 - (2) Only adhesive adhesive forces
 - (3) Only cohesive cohesive forces
 - (4) All of the above

8.	Тhe	volume composition of soil in optimum condition for crop growth is						
0.	(1)	Mineral matter 45%, organic matter 5%, water 25% and air 25%						
	(2)	Mineral matter 45%, organic matter 25%, water 5% and air 25%						
	(3)	Mineral matter 5%, organic matter 45%, water 25% and air 25%						
	(4)	Mineral matter 40%, organic matter 10%, water 25% and air 25%						
9.	The safe limit of Residual Sodium Carbonate (RSC) of irrigation water is							
	(1)	1.25 - 2.50 me/L						
	(2)	0.5 - 1.0 me/L						
	(3)	more than 2.50 me/L						
	(4)	less than 1.25 me/L						
10.		The nutrient concentration in a plant below which the yield response to added nutrient occurs is called						
	(1)	Deficient range						
	(2)	Critical range						
	(3)	Minimum range						
	(4)	None of the above						
11.	Acio	Acid soils have						
	(1)	Low CEC and high base saturation						
	(2)	Low CEC and high base unsaturation						
	(3)	High CEC and low base unsaturation						
	(4)	High CEC and high base unsaturation						
12.	Saline soils can be managed through							
	a.	Ponding and leaching of salts with good quality water out of root zone						
	p.	Improving surface and subsurface drainage						
	c.	Treating with gypsum to lower the ESP						
	d.	Applying lime						
	(1)	b and c only (2) b and d only						
		•						
	(3)	a and b only (4) c and d only						

- 13. Heap method of composting is a/an
 - (1) Anaerobic process
 - (2) Reduction process
 - (3) Aerobic process
 - (4) Hydrolysis process
- 14. The bulk density and particle density of soil play an important role in determining suitability for crop production. Which of the following statements are correct?
 - a. In mineral soil, the particle density varies between 2.60 and 2.70 mg/m³.
 - b. The bulk density of coarse textured soil varies from 1.40 to 1.75 mg/m³.
 - c. Increase in organic matter content increases the bulk density of soil.
 - d. The particle density depends on the chemical and mineralogical composition of soil.
 - (1) a, b and c
 - (2) b, c and d
 - (3) a, b and d
 - (4) a, c and d
- 15. In general, organic soil contains organic matter more than
 - (1) 12 percent
 - (2) 14 percent
 - (3) 16 percent
 - (4) 20 percent
- 16. The exchange of gases between soil and the atmosphere is facilitated by the following two mechanisms:
 - (1) Mass flow and diffusion
 - (2) Osmosis and mass flow
 - (3) Diffusion and electrolysis
 - (4) None of the above

17.	Match	the	foll	lowing	:
	TITULUTI		101		

- a. Indore method I. Mechanical composting followed in big cities
- b. Bangalore method II. Aerobic method developed by Dr. Narayan Pandharipande
- c. NADEP method III. Heap or aerobic method of composting
- d. Municipal solid waste IV. Anaerobic process developed by composting Dr. C.N. Acharya

Select the correct response.

	a	Ъ	c	d
(1)	IV	Ι	III	II
(2)	III	II	Ι	IV
(3)	II	I	III	IV
(4)	III	IV	II	I

- 18. The process of enrichment of surface water bodies with nutrients is known as
 - (1) Peutrophication
 - (2) Eutrophication
 - (3) Dedraphication
 - (4) Saponification
- 19. Which of the following are typical characteristics of saline soils?
 - (1) EC greater than 4 d S m⁻¹, ESP less than 15, pH less than 8.5
 - (2) EC less than 4 d S m⁻¹, ESP greater than 15, pH 8·5 to 10·0
 - (3) EC greater than 4 d S m⁻¹, ESP greater than 15, pH is variable usually above 8.5
 - (4) EC less than 4 d S m⁻¹, ESP more than 15, pH 6·0 in surface soil, 8·5 in lower layer
- 20. The rhizobium species that fix atmospheric nitrogen by symbiosis with soybean is
 - (1) Rhizobium meliloti
 - (2) Rhizobium trifolii
 - (3) Rhizobium japonicum
 - (4) Rhizobium leguminosarum

21.	To increase thermal efficiency of a petrol engine the designer has to							
	a.	Increase compression ratio						
	b.	Increase cut-off ratio						
	c.	Decrease cut-off ratio						
	d.	Decrease compression ratio						
	(1)	a and b only (2) a only						
	(3)	b and d only (4) c only						
22.	In 1	1960 – 61, the first manufacturer of tractors in India was						
	(1)	Fergusson Ltd., Madras (2) Hindustan Engineering, Baroda						
	(3)	M/s Eicher Goodearth (4) Kirloskar						
23.	The	e correct sequence of power transmission in the tractor is						
	a.	Clutch						
	b.	Gear box						
	c.	Final drive						
	d.	Differential						
	(1)	a-d-b-c (2) b-a-d-c						
	(3)	a - b - d - c (4) $b - a - c - d$						
24.	The	power delivered by the engine and available at the end of the crankshaft is						
	kno	wn as						
	(1)	IHP (2) BHP (3) PTO hp (4) DBHP						
25.	The	e objective/s of primary tillage is/are						
	a.	To open up any cultivable land						
	b.	To cover soil on crop residues						
	c.	To make the field surface uniform and levelled						
	d.	To pulverize the soil to give smooth seed bed						
	(1)	a only						
	(2)	a and b only						
	(3)	a, b and d only						
	(4)	All of the above						

26.	The device used to connect and disconnect the tractor engine from the transmission					
	(1)	s and drive wheels is Clutch				
	(2)	Brake				
	(3)	Gear				
	(4)	None of the above				
27.	_	seed metering mechanism, the seed rate is controlled by increasing or reasing an aperture below the agitator.				
	(1)	fluted roller				
	(2)	internal run				
	(3)	air seeding				
_	(4)	variable orifice				
28.	The use of high capacity is quite common for many horticultural crops.					
	(1)	power duster				
	(2)	plunger type duster				
	(3)	rotary type duster				
	(4)	knapsack type duster				
29.		constitutes the initial major soil working operation. It is normally				
20.	designed to reduce soil strength, cover plant materials and rearrange aggregates.					
	(1)	Primary tillage				
	(2)	Secondary tillage				
	/					
:	(3)	Clod crushing				
	(4) 	Puddling				
30.	A m	achine used to apply fluids in the form of droplets is called				
	(1)	Sprayer				
	(2)	Duster				
	(3)	Fumigator				
	(4)	All of the above				
あきを21	र कामार	गती जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK				

- 31. The _____ separates grains as per their roundness.
 - (1) Air-screen cleaner
 - (2) Specific Gravity separator
 - (3) Disk separator
 - (4) Spiral separator
- 32. Pasteurisation process was first developed in _____ by Pasteur to prevent abnormal fermentation in wine.
 - (1) 1854

(2) 1846

(3) 1864

- (4) None of the above
- 33. Sterilization of foods is carried at temperatures above
 - (1) 85°C

(2) 100°C

 $(3) 105^{\circ}C$

- (4) 150°C
- 34. Capacities of ____ may vary from 2 to 1000 tonnes/hour.
 - (1) belt conveyor
 - (2) screw conveyor
 - (3) pneumatic conveyor
 - (4) bucket elevator
- 35. The moisture content of food grains, M, percent dry basis is expressed as _____ where, m, the moisture content percent, wet basis is given.

(1)
$$M = \frac{m}{100 + m} \times 100$$

(2)
$$M = \frac{m}{100 - m} \times 100$$

(3)
$$M = \frac{100 - m}{m} \times 100$$

(4)
$$M = \frac{100 + m}{m} \times 100$$

36.	The sensible heat and of fusion from the product are removed in the food						
	freezing process.						
	(1) latent heat						
	(2) field heat						
	(3) steam heat						
	(4) None of the above						
37.	The amount of moisture in a present in the product and is u	oroduct is given on the basis of the of water sually expressed in percent.					
	(1) volume						
	(2) temperature						
	(3) weight	,					
	(4) None of the above						
38.	In, the grain size is	mainly reduced by impact force.					
	(1) burr mill						
	(2) hammer mill						
	(3) jaw crusher						
	(4) None of the above						
39.	Reciprocating compressor sucks the refrigerant at during its suction stroke.						
	(1) low pressure and high ter	nperature					
	(2) low pressure and low tem	perature					
	(3) high pressure and low ten	nperature					
	(4) high pressure and high te	emperature					
40.	A rubber roll husker is suitable	e for dehusking					
	(1) Barley						
	(2) Millet						
	(3) Paddy						
	(4) Legumes						
		GH WORK P.T.O.					

41.

Calculate the area lost per hectare under contour bunding, if the land slope is 5%,

	base width of bund is 1.25 m and vertical interval is 1.25 m. (1) 250 m^2 (2) 350 m^2 (3) 650 m^2 (4) 550 m^2						
42.	Measuring distance of a base line running through an island of thick and intermingled bamboo growth is a case of						
	(1) Chaining free vision obstructed						
	(2) Chaining obstructed vision free						
	(3) Chaining and vision both obstructed						
	(4) None of the above						
43.	Calculate the vertical interval to be used for bund construction at 5% land slop. Take values of X and Y as 0.60 and 2.0, respectively.						
	(1) 0.9 m (2) 1.2 m (3) 1.5 m (4) 1.8 m						
44.	Read the following two statements :						
	a. When the scale is small the representation of ground on paper is called a map.						
	b. The limit on area that can be surveyed by plane survey is 250 sq.km.						
	Which of the following options about these statements is correct?						
	(1) Statement a is true and statement b is false						
	(2) Statement a is false and statement b is true						
	(3) Statements a and b are both true						
	(4) Statements a and b are both false						
45.	In the universal soil loss equation, only crop management factor is reduced from 0.6 to 0.2 by introduction of erosion resisting crop in the field. What will be the percentage decrease in the soil loss estimated by the universal soil loss equation? (1) 300% (2) 200% (3) 66.67% (4) 10.25%						
46.	What is the recommended side slope for construction of graded bunds in clay soil?						
	(1) 1 Horizontal to 1 Vertical (2) 1.5 Horizontal to 1 Vertical						

47.	Which one of the followin	g options is <i>not</i> a type	of Bench Mark (B.M.)?
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- (1) Temporary
- (2) Fixed
- (3) Arbitrary
- (4) Permanent

48. Read the following statements:

- a. In rational method, the intensity of rainfall is considered for the duration equal to time of concentration of watershed.
- b. The return period of the peak run-off rate computed by rational method is equal to return period of rainfall intensity.

Which of the following is correct about these statements?

- (1) Statement a is true and statement b is false
- (2) Statement a is false and statement b is true
- (3) Statements a and b are both true
- (4) Statements a and b are both false

49. In how many classes is land classified as per land capability classification?

- (1) VIII
- (2) X
- (3) IV
- (4) V

50. Read the following statements:

- a. The predominance of overland flow or channel flow in the watershed can be used to decide whether the watershed is small or large.
- b. Short duration high intensity storms can also be useful for deciding whether the watershed is small or large.

Which of the following is correct about these statements?

- (1) Statement a is true and statement b is false
- (2) Statement a is false and statement b is true
- (3) Statements a and b are both true
- (4) Statements a and b are both false

51.	Wat	Water Horse Power (WHP) of a centrifugal pump is the function of							
	a.	a. Discharge							
	b.	Total head							
	c. Pump efficiency								
	(1)	(1) a and b only							
	(2) b and c only								
	(3)	c and a only							
	(4)	All of the above							
<u></u> -	ln I	Darcy's law for estimating hydraulic conductivity, the velocity of flow is							
	a.	directly proportional to the hydraulic gradient.							
	b.	inversely proportional to the hydraulic gradient.							
	c.	directly proportional to the cross-sectional area of soil media.							
	(1)	a only							
	(2)	b only							
	(3)	a and c only							
	(4)	b and c only							
53.	The	The maximum wind speed, in kmph, beyond which overhead sprinklers should not							
	be o	perated, as recommended by Agricultural Universities is							
	(1)	12.0							
	(2)	8.0							
	(3)	20.0							
	(4)	15.0							
54.	Maximum spacing of sprinklers under no windy conditions should bepercent of the diameter of the water spread of a sprinkler.								
	(1)	50 (2) 55 (3) 60 (4) 65							
55,	The	Drip Laterals (LDPE) are connected to the PVC manifold pipes with the help of							
	(1)	Gromates							
	(2)	Connectors							
	(3)	End plugs							
	(4)	Stakes							

Welded wire fencing is available in rolls of 100 metres having heights varying from								
(1) $0.5 \text{ to } 1 \text{ m}$								
(2)	2) 1 to 1·5 m							
(3)	3) 1.6 to 2 m							
(4)	None of the above							
A go	good brickearth contains alumina in the range of about							
(1)	20 to 30% (2) 30 to 40%	•						
(3)	3) 10 to 20% (4) 40 to 50%							
-		materials						
(1) Their basic physical properties can be exploited in a wide range of articles that have stiffness, robustness and resilience to resist loads and deformations imposed during normal use.								
(2) They can be easily processed using efficient mass production techniques which result in lower labour charges.								
(3) Both (1) and (2)								
(4)	None of the above							
The farmstead area occupied by residential buildings, dairy barn, bullock shed, poultry houses, other service buildings, threshing yard, roads, etc. is normally kept of the total area.								
(1)	a) 3 to 5 percent							
(2)	2) 5 to 7 percent							
(3)	1 to 3 percent							
(4)	None of the above							
In a	a good brickearth, what should be the percentage of silica?	_						
(1)) 20 to 30%							
(2)	2) 31 to 35%							
(3)	36 to 40%							
(4)	e) 50 to 60%							
	(1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	(1) 0.5 to 1 m (2) 1 to 1.5 m (3) 1.6 to 2 m (4) None of the above A good brickearth contains alumina in the range of about (1) 20 to 30% (2) 30 to 40% (3) 10 to 20% (4) 40 to 50% In greenhouse covering materials, thermoplastics constitute a group of that are attractive to the designer for which of the following reasons? (1) Their basic physical properties can be exploited in a wide range of a have stiffness, robustness and resilience to resist loads and de imposed during normal use. (2) They can be easily processed using efficient mass production technic result in lower labour charges. (3) Both (1) and (2) (4) None of the above The farmstead area occupied by residential buildings, dairy barn, bul poultry houses, other service buildings, threshing yard, roads, etc. is nor of the total area. (1) 3 to 5 percent (2) 5 to 7 percent (3) 1 to 3 percent (4) None of the above In a good brickearth, what should be the percentage of silica? (1) 20 to 30% (2) 31 to 35% (3) 36 to 40%						

b1.	The	ne correct definition of Agronomy is								
	(1)	Agronomy is derived from Greek words 'agros' meaning 'soil' meaning 'cultivation'.	and 'nomos'							
	(2)	Agronomy is a branch of Agricultural Science which deals with practices of soil, water and crop management.	orinciples and							
	(3)	(3) Agronomy is a very broad term and Agricultural Science is a branch of Agronomy which deals with principles and practices of soil and water management.								
	(4)	Agricultural Science and Agronomy, both are branches of Crop Crop Production which deals with principles and practimanagement.								
62.	Meteorologically, the Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) has divided the year into periods.									
	(1)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
	(3)	twelve (4) fifty-two								
63.		he study of mutual relationship between organisms and their en	vironment is							
	(1)									
	(3)	Biology (4) Entomology								
—— 64.		he plough mainly used for breaking hard pans and for deep plough sturbance to the top layers is	ing with less							
	(1)) Chisel plough (2) Ridge plough								
	(3)	Rotary plough (4) Sweep cultivator								
65.	Whi	Thich species of sugarcane is known as noble cane and is rich in sucros	e ?							
	a.	$Saccharum\ officinarum\ L.$								
	b.	Saccharum spontaneum L.								
	c.	Saccharum robustum								
,	d.	. Saccharum sinense Roxb								
	Ans	nswer options :								
	(1)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	lofthese							

66.	In which of the following is tillage breaking of hard pan is done without inversion and with less disturbance of top soil?										
	a.	Deep tillage									
	b. Seed bed formation										
	c.	Sub-soiling									
	d. Secondary tillage										
	Answer options:										
	(1)	a and c only (2) b only	(3)	c only	(4) b and d only						
67.	India receives most of the annual rainfall from										
	(1)	North-East monsoon	(2)	South-West monsoon							
	(3)	South-East monsoon	(4)	North-West m	onsoon						
68.	Which character/s of soil is/are modified during tillage ?										
	(1)	Physical	(2)	Chemical							
	(3)	Biological	(4)	All of the abov	re						
69.	The variation between minimum and maximum sizes of the plant to produce economic yield under unlimited space and resources is known as										
	a.	Dry matter partitioning									
	b.	Asymptotic response									
	c.	Elasticity of plant									
	d.	Plant population response									
	Answer options:										
	(1)	d (2) a, b and c	(3)	c	(4) b and c						
70.	Roguing in seed production is to										
	(1) .	(1) Find out different cultures									
	(2)	(2) Avoid contamination by keeping safe distance									
	(3)	Avoid impurities that occur mainly	due to	o cross-pollinati	on						
	(4) Remove off-types of plants before flowering										
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71.	Some plants excrete certain chemicals into soil which inhibit germination and growth of other plants in their vicinity. It is known as										
	(1)	Salinity effect	(2)	Weed suppression effect							
	(3)	Allelopathic effect	(4)	Companion effect							
72.	Growing two or more crops on the same piece of land in one calendar year is known as										
	(1)	Cropping System	(2)	Intercropping							
	(3)	Multiple Cropping	(4)	Monocropping							
73.	Cajanurs cajan variety flavus is characterised by										
	a.	Comparatively smaller plants									
	b.	Pods with 2 to 3 seeds									
	c.	Pods with 4 to 5 seeds									
	d.	Yellow flowers									
	Answer options:										
	(1)	a, b and c	(2)	c, b and d							
	(3)	a, c and d	(4)	a, b and d							
74.	Sugar-beet contains percent sugar.										
	(1)	15 – 16	(2)	20 – 21							
	(3)	25 – 26	(4)	10 – 12							
75.	Mowing is one of the weed control methods in which										
	(1)	Weeds are removed by storage organs.	digging up to deep	oer layers so as to remove underground							
	(2)	It is the most common help of axes and saws.	practice against	brush and trees and is done with the							
	(3)	The method is used to d	The method is used to control aquatic weeds.								

It is the cutting of weeds to the ground level, usually practised in non-cropped

areas.

76.	Which seed is used to produce the foundation seed?											
	a.	Certified			b.	b.	Registered					
	c.	Breeder				d.	Truthful					
	Answer options:											
	(1)	a	(2)	b		(3)	c	(4)	None of these			
77.	Prickly pear weed can be controlled by the following bio-agent:											
	(1)	Zygog $ramma$	bicolo	rata		(2)	Dactylopius c	eylonic	eus			
	(3)	Neochetina br	uchi			(4)	Ophiomyia la	intana	2			
78.	Cro	Cropping Intensity Index (CII) =										
	(1)	Gross cropped Net area	l area	× 100					,			
	(2)	Net area Gross cropped		× 100								
	(3)	Net area Gross cropped			$\frac{1}{e} \times 100$							
	(4)	Total are Gross cropped		× 100								
79.	Which type of intercropping is defined as growing two or more crops simultaneously during part of the life cycle of each?											
	a.	Strip				b.	Relay					
	c.	Mixed				d.	Row					
	Answer options:											
	(1)	a	(2)	b		(3)	c	(4)	None of these			
80.	The equation which converts the yield of different crops into equivalent yield of an one crop is							alent yield of any				
	(1)	Land equivale	nt rat	io		(2)	Crop equivalent yield					
	(3)	Multiple cropp	oing ir	ndex		(4)	Land equival	ent yie	ld			
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81.	Whi	Which out of the following is not a weather element?								
	(1)	Temperature	(2)	Pressure						
	(3)	Cloud	(4)	Water						
82.	In r	ice, which method of nu	rsery raising fulfill	s the following criteria ?						
	a.	Less water requireme	ent							
	b.	Less area required								
	c.	Seedlings raised in half time than the normal								
	d.	More care is required								
	(1)	Wet nursery	(2)	Dry nursery						
,	(3)	Dapog nursery	(4)	Pit nursery						
——— 83.		or the Earth's surface, ost absent above	water vapour in the	e atmosphere is most effective but it is						
	(1)	6 to 8 km	(2)	8 to 10 km						
	(3)	10 to 12 km	(4)	12 to 14 km						
84.	The	The vertical temperature gradient is referred to as								
	(1)	Actual lapse rate								
	(2)	Adiabatic lapse rate								
	(3)	Normal lapse rate								
	(4)	Dry adiabatic lapse r	ate							
85.	The	e most important biotic	factor limiting the	production of pearl millet is						
	(1)	Stem borer								
	(2)	Bacterial leaf blight								
	(3)	Downy mildew								
	(4)	Root wilt								
—— कच्च्य		Root wilt साठी जागा / SPACE FOR F	ROUGH WORK							

00.	The	The aroma of scentled fice variety depends on									
	a.	Influence of er	viron	\mathbf{ment}							
	b.	Varietal inher	itance	;							
	c.	Carbaryl comp	onen	t content							
	d.	Fertilizer man	agem	ent							
	(1)	All of the abov	e								
	(2)	a, b and c									
	(3)	b, c and d									
	(4)	a, b and d									
87.	Wha	at is used in bar	ograp	hs ?							
	(1)	Mercury				(2)	Altimeter				
	(3)	Vernier calipe	r			(4)	Sylphon cell				
88.	In p	eninsular zones	, whic	ch specie	s of wh	eat is	most importan	t in rainfed (conditions?		
	(1)	$T.\ aestivum$				(2)	$T.\ durum$	•			
	(3)	$T.\ dicoccum$				(4)	T. spherococc	um	,		
89.	At s	sea level, the atr	nosph	eric pres	sure is	arour	nd				
	(1)	1013·25 mb				(2)	913·25 mb		•		
	(3)	1113:25 mb				(4)	2013·25 mb				
90.		ich forecast is ther predictions		d on sy	noptic	consi	derations and	operational	numerical		
	a.	Now casting									
	b.	Short range									
	c.	Medium range)								
	d.	Long range									
	Ans	swer options :									
	(1)	a only	(2)	b only		(3)	a, b and c	(4) d on	ly		
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91.	In India, many states consider the 'Anewarry System' as a criteria of drought, wherein crop conditions are passed through visual estimates and when the production is 50 to 75 percent of normal than it, is										
	(1)) Moderate drought									
	(2)										
	(3)										
	(4)	Disastrous drought									
92.	water is also designated as water of cohesion.										
	a.	Hygroscopic									
	b.	Gravitational									
	c.	Unavailable									
	d.	Capillary									
	Ans	Answer options:									
	(1)	a and b only	(2)	b only							
	(3)	a and c only	(4)	d only							
93.	Whi	nich of the following statements are mos	t cor	rect for pulse crops ?							
	a.	Fix atmospheric nitrogen and improve soil health.									
	b.	Short duration and fit well in cropping systems.									
	c.	Component of INM in cropping system	ns.								
	d.	Component of IPM due to less pest at	tack	DU 17/1							
	Ans	swer options :									
	(1)	All are correct	(2)	a, b and d							
	(3)	a, b and c	(4)	b, c and d							
94.		ants show wilting symptoms even under	r hiş	gh humidity conditions. At that point,							
	(1)	(-0·1) bar	(2)	(- 0·3) bars							
	(3)	(- 15) bars	(4)	(- 60) bars							
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(1) Little millet (2) Foxtail millet (3) Proso millet (4) Finger millet 96. The ICAR has divided the country in 129 zones called agro-climatic zone classification is based on Topography, Temperature, Rainfall and (1) Farming pattern (2) Farming system (3) Water resources (4) Cropping pattern 97. The amount of water required to raise a successful crop in a given period is (1) Irrigation requirement (2) Water requirement (3) Gross irrigation requirement								
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(1) Irrigation requirement(2) Water requirement								
(2) Water requirement								
(3) Gross irrigation requirement								
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
(4) Net irrigation requirement								
98. Which species of groundnut spreads upright in growth, has alternate branches inflorescence on main stem, flowers longer and matures later? (1) A. hypogaea (2) A. fastigiata (3) A. hirsuta (4) A. vulgaris	cining,							
99. Plants require water mainly to meet the demands of evaporation, transpiration metabolic needs; all together it is known as (1) Cumulative use (2) Consumptive use (3) Progressive use (4) Water requirement	on and							
100. In system of surface drains, the land is perfectly levelled, the large constructed parallel to each other and they are connected to the main drain a. Bedding b. Ridge terrace c. Regular d. Random Answer options: (1) a only (2) a and b only (3) c only (4) a and c only								
	P.T.O.							

सूचना - (पृष्ठ 1 वरून पुढे....)

- (8) प्रश्नपुस्तिकेमध्ये विहित केलेल्या विशिष्ट जागीच कच्चे काम (एफ वर्क) करावे. प्रश्नपुस्तिकेव्यतिरिक्त उत्तरपत्रिकेवर वा इतर कागदावर कच्चे काम केल्यास ते कॉपी करण्याच्या उद्देशाने केले आहे, असे मानले जाईल व त्यानुसार उमेदवारावर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या ''परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचे अधिनियम-82'' यातील तरतदीनसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रूपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.
- (9) सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपल्यानंतर उमेदवाराला ही प्रश्नपस्तिका स्वत:बरोबर परीक्षाकक्षाबाहेर घेऊन जाण्यास परवानगी आहे. मात्र परीक्षा कक्षाबाहेर जाण्यापूर्वी उमेदवाराने आपल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेचा भाग-1 समवेक्षकाकडे न विसरता परत करणे आवश्यक आहे.

नमुना प्रश्न

Pick out the correct word to fill in the blank:

Q. No. 201.	I congratulate you	your grand success.
	(1) for	(2) at
	(3) on	(4) about
		असे आहे. त्यामुळे या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर ''(3)'' होईल. यास्त उत्तर-क्रमांक ''(3)'' हे वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखिक
	आवश्यक आहे.	
प्र. क. 201.		

अशा पद्धतीने प्रस्तुत प्रश्नपुस्तिकेती<mark>ल प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचा तुमचा</mark> उत्तरक्रमांक हा तुम्हाला स्वतंत्ररीत्या पुरविलेल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील त्या त्या प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोरील संबंधित वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखवावा. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा/SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

