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Maximum : 100 marks

Time : 1 hour and 30 minutes

1.	The	optical	path	within	cuvette	is	always	:
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- (A) 10 mm (B) 1 mm
- (C) 1 cm (D) Both (A) and (C)
- **2.** Insoluble solid can be removed from a liquid by :
 - (A) Analysis (B) Filtration
 - (C) Distillation (D) Titration
- 3. Find the correct pair regarding Colour code for Biomedical waste collection bag :
 - (i) Black : Body parts
 - (ii) Red : Contaminated Plastic
 - (iii) White : Sharps
 - (iv) Yellow : Placenta
 - (A) (i) and (iii) (B) (ii) and (iv)
 - (C) (ii) and (iii) (D) Both (B) and (C)
- 4. Find the Carcinogenic chemical :
 - (A) Selenite(B) Nitrosamine(C) Benzidine(D) All of the above
- 5. Most common causes of electrical hazard, the laboratory staff should be aware of is :
 - (A) Long flexible electrical connecting cables
 - (B) Electrical equipment left switched off
 - (C) Cables are insulated
 - (D) Electrical cords are as short as possible

6. Reagents with accurate concentrations can be made using :

- (A) Erlenmeyer Flask (B) Conical Flask
- (C) Volumetric Flask (D) Round bottomed Flask
- 7. The following is not true about deionised water :
 - (A) High purity than Distilled water
 - (C) High Electrical Conductivity
- (B) Neutral pH
- (D) Need not be sterile

А

3

- 8. The cleaning of Culture plates after use include the following steps in order :
 - Rinse thoroughly with tap water 1.
 - Autoclaving 30 minutes at 121 °C 2.
 - 3. Brush with detergent and water
 - 4. Dry
 - 5. Pour out the contents of media
 - 6. Rinse with distilled water

(A)	2, 5, 1, 3, 4, 6	(B)	2, 5, 3, 1, 6, 4
(C)	1, 2, 5, 3, 6, 4	(D)	1,2,3,4,5,6

- 9. The main responsibilities of Laboratory professional, include all except :
 - (A) Give Medical Advice and necessary medical treatment to patients
 - (B) Participate in Quality Assurance and Improvement of Laboratory Service
 - Confidentiality of Patient Medical Information (C)
 - (D) Present Laboratory results to Clinicians
- 10. First aid for minor burns don't include :
 - (A) Protect area with sterile non adhesive bandage
 - (B) Apply ice or butter
 - Don't break blisters (C)
 - (D) Take a counter pain reliever
- 11. The 'blue top' vacutainer tube contains which anticoagulant?
 - (A) Sodium fluoride (B) Sodium citrate
 - (C) Heparin (D) EDTA
- 12. Drabkin's reagent is used for haemoglobin estimation. It contains :
 - Sodium ferricyanide, Sodium dihydrogen phosphate, Potassium cyanide (A)
 - (B) Potassium ferrocyanide, Potassium hydrogen - phosphate, Sodium cyanide
 - (C) Potassium ferricyanide, Potassium dihydrogen – phosphate, Potassium cyanide
 - None of these (D)
- 13. Internal diameter of a capillary haematocrit tube is :
 - (A) 1 cm(B) 0.1 mm (C) 0.2 mm (D) 1 mm
- 14. In automated blood cell counters, which method uses light scattering and fluorescence to analyse the blood cells?

(A)	Flow cytometry	(B)	Electrical impedance
(C)	Radio frequency analysis	(D)	Hydrodynamic – focus

(D) Hydrodynamic – focusing

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Α

- **15.** Leishman's stain is used to stain blood cells routinely. The primary mechanism of action of Leishman's stain on blood cells is :
 - (A) It disrupts cell membrane
 - (B) It modifies cell surface receptors
 - (C) It interacts with proteins in the cytoplasm
 - (D) It interacts with nucleic acids in the cell
- **16.** Macrophages play a crucial role in phagocytosis, tissue repair etc. The blood cell which is modified into macrophages in tissue is :
 - (A) Neutrophil (B) Monocyte
 - (C) Basophil (D) Lymphocyte
- 17. Which condition may be indicated by an increased reticulocyte count?
 - (A) Haemolytic anaemia (B) Aplastic anaemia
 - (C) Pernicious anaemia (D) Iron deficiency anaemia
- **18.** In which all hypersensitivity reactions do eosinophilia is seen :
 - (A) Type I and Type II hypersensitivity reactions
 - (B) Type II and Type III hypersensitivity reactions
 - (C) Type II and Type IV hypersensitivity reactions
 - (D) Type I and Type IV hypersensitivity reactions
- **19.** Which of the following is true with the Bombay blood group?
 - (A) H gene is present (B) H gene is absent
 - (C) H substance is formed (D) Seen in subgroups of A blood group
- 20. A negative result in the indirect Coomb's test suggest :
 - (A) The presence of antigens on red blood cells
 - (B) The presence of antibodies in the recipient's serum
 - (C) The absence of antibodies in the recipient's serum
 - (D) The absence of antigens on red blood cells
- **21.** Both naturally occurring and immune antibodies may or may not bind complement. All the main blood group antibodies bind complement, except :
 - (A) Rh antibodies (B) anti A
 - anti B (D) Both anti A and anti B
- **22.** Name the coagulation test which is prolonged in a patient with haemophilia :
 - (A) D-dimer test

(C)

- (B) Thrombin time
- (C) Prothrombin time
- (D) Activated partial-thromboplastin time
- A

 (A) 100 mm (B) 150 mm (D) 250 mm 24. The sperm count below 15 million/ml of semen is termed as : (A) Azoospermia (B) Polyzoospermia (C) Oligospermia (D) Zoospermia 25. Which condition is indicated by the presence of high levels of protein in the urine? (A) Diabetes Mellitus (B) Hyper Tension (C) Glomerulo nephritis (D) Urinary Tract Infection 26. Blood in sputum is termed as : (A) Haemoptysis (B) Haemophilia (C) Haematuria (D) Hemostasis 27. The presence of fat globule in the stool is indicative of : (A) Hepatitis (C) GERD (D) Malabsorption Syndrome 28. Presence of Neutrophils in CSF indicates : (A) Viral meningitis (B) Jaundice (C) Polio (D) Bacterial meningitis 	
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(C) Polio (D) Bacterial meningitis	
29. The Anticoagulant of choice for blood sugar estimation is :	
(A) Sodium citrate (B) Sodium fluoride	
(C) EDTA (D) Heparin	
30. The commonly used tumor marker for prostate cancer is :	
(A) Prostate - specific antigen (B) Alpha - feto protein	
(C) CA - 125 (D) CEA	
31. The marker used to differentiate between cardiac and skeletal muscle damage is :	
(A) Troponin I (B) Myoglobin	
(C) CK-MB (D) LDH	
32. The elevated alkaline phosphatase is seen in :	
(A) Haemolytic anaemia (B) Hyper thyroidism	
(C) Diabetes mellitus (D) Bone disease	

A

33.	The type of cholesterol commonly termed as good cholesterol is :					
	(A)	LDL	(B)	THDL		
	(C)	HDL	(D)	VLDL		
34.	The norm	al value of sodium level in serum is :				
	(A)	80-110 mEq/L	(B)	20-40 mEq/L		
	(C)	200-300 mEq/L	(D)	135-145 mEq/L		
35.	The horm	one which regulates metabolism, heart	rate a	and body temperature :		
	(A)	Thyroid hormone	(B)	Cortisol		
	(C)	Insulin	(D)	Glucagon		
36.	The test p	provides an average blood glucose level	over t	he past 2-3 months is :		
	(A)	HbsAg	(B)	HbA1C		
	(C)	GTT	(D)	GCT		
37.	POCT sta	nds for :				
	(A)	Patient Of Care Testing	(B)	Point Of Care Testing		
	(C)	Part Of Care Testing	(D)	Pulmonology of Care Testing		
38.	The colori	meter works under the principle of :				
	(A)	Beer's Lambert's Law	(B)	Kirchoff's Law		
	(C)	Newton's Law	(D)	Charle's Law		
39.	Which sha	ape describes bacteria with helically tw	isted	cylinders?		
	(A)	Bacillus	(B)	Spirochaete		
	(C)	Coccus	(D)	Vibrio		
40.	Liquid pa:	raffin can be sterilised by :				
	(A)	Hot air oven	(B)	Autoclave		
	(C)	Inspissator	(D)	Waterbath		
41.		— is a clearing agent used in tissue pro	ocessi	ng.		
	(A)	Acetone	(B)	Alcohol		
	(C)	Paraffin Wax	(D)	Water		
42.	Which is t	the instrument used to cut frozen sectio	ons?			
	(A)	Rocking microtome	(B)	Wax bath		
	(C)	Cryostat	(D)	Cryofuge		

43.	The count	er stain that can be used in Gram's sta	ain :	
	(A)	Dilute carbol fuschin	(B)	Safranine
	(C)	Neutral red	(D)	All of the above
44.	Cerebral	malaria is caused by :		
	(A)	Plasmodium ovale	(B)	Plasmodium vivax
	(C)	Plasmodium falciparum	(D)	Plasmodium malariae
45.	A diagnos	tic technique used for very early detec	tion of	cancer :
	(A)	Biopsy	(B)	Radiation
	(C)	FNAC	(D)	Surgeory
46.	Which is t	the nuclear stain used in Papanicolau	stainin	ıg?
	(A)	Harri's Haematoxylin	(B)	Orange G6
	(C)	EA36	(D)	EA65
47.	RPR test	is used for the serodiagnosis of :		
	(A)	Typhoid	(B)	Syphilis
	(C)	AIDS	(D)	IMN
48.	Which of	the following is not a method for anaer	obic cu	lture of bacteria?
	(A)	McIntosh Fildes jar	(B)	Gaspak system
	(C)	Alkaline pyrogallol method	(D)	Clot culture
49.	Filarial w	orms inhabit which part of the human	body?	
	(A)	Intestine	(B)	Liver
	(C)	Brain	(D)	Lymph nodes
50.	The tissue	e embedding medium used in electron :	micros	copy is :
	(A)	Paraffin wax	(B)	Bees wax
	(C)	Starch	(D)	Epoxy resin
51.	'Candela'	is the SI unit of which fundamental qu	antity	?
	(A)	Electric Current	(B)	Temperature
	(C)	Luminous Intensity	(D)	Amount of Substance
52.		e of mass ' m ' is moving in a Uniform C adius ' r '. The acceleration of the particl		\cdot motion with constant speed 'v' along a
	(A)	Zero	(B)	$\frac{v^2}{r}$
	(C)	$\frac{v}{r^2}$	(D)	$\frac{mv^2}{r}$

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53.	The friction	onal force required to keep the solid ob	ject on	its surface at rest is called?
	(A)	Static friction	(B)	Kinetic friction
	(C)	Rolling friction	(D)	Sliding friction
54.	The varia	tion of acceleration due to gravity with	n heigh	t from the surface of the earth is that :
	(A)	Increases with increase in height	(B)	Decreases with increase in height
	(C)	Remains constant	(D)	None of the above
55.		ment, "The pressure in a fluid at res th" represents which of the following?		e same at all points if they are at the
	(A)	Boyle's Law	(B)	Bernoulli's principle
	(C)	Archimedes Principle	(D)	Pascal's law
56.	The Celsi	us scale temperature corresponding to	212°F	in the Fahrenheit scale is :
	(A)	0 °C	(B)	100 °C
	(C)	212 °C	(D)	273 °C
57.	The perio	d of oscillation of a second's pendulum	is:	
	(A)	1 second	(B)	2 seconds
	(C)	10 seconds	(D)	60 seconds
58.	(i) They (ii) Two	e following statements about electric f y start from positive charge and end in electric field lines can never cross eac tric field lines do not form any closed l (i) and (ii) are correct (ii) and (iii) are correct	i negat h othe	ive charge.
59.	The magn current I		gth 'L'	and number of turns ' N ' and carrying
	(A)	Zero	(B)	$\frac{\mu_0 n I}{2}$
	(C)	$\mu_0 n I$	(D)	$\frac{2}{\mu_0 N I}$
60.		ectromagnetic radiation plays an impo he greenhouse effect?	rtant r	ole in maintaining the Earth's warmth
	(A)	UV rays	(B)	Infrared Rays
	(C)	Gamma Rays	(D)	Radio waves
61.	Which of	the following is the most electrically co	nducti	ive element?
	(A)	Silver	(B)	Lead
	(C)	Hydrogen	(D)	Aluminium
62.		light passes from medium 1 to mediu he incident light and surface of separa		If no refraction occurs, then the angle nould be :
	(A)	45°	(B)	120°

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(C) 180° (D) 90°

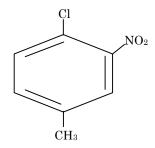
A

63.	Which of	the following mirror is used as rear vie	w mir	ror in vehicles?
	(A)	Convex mirror	(B)	Concave mirror
	(C)	Plane mirror	(D)	Cylindrical mirror
64.	The main	application of Zener diode is :		
	(A)	Amplification	(B)	Multi vibration
	(C)	Rectification	(D)	Voltage regulation
65.	Name the	series of Hydrogen spectrum correspo	nds to	visible region :
	(A)	Balmer series	(B)	Lyman series
	(C)	Paschen series	(D)	Pfund series
66.	A solution the solution		2 litre	s of solution. What is the molarity of
	(A)	$0.25 \mathrm{M}$	(B)	1 M
	(C)	$2.5 \mathrm{M}$	(D)	$0.125 \mathrm{M}$
67.		lectron in a 4s orbital what are the number I :	possi	ble values of the angular momentum
	(A)	1	(B)	0
	(C)	2	(D)	3
68.	During ch	arging of a Lead Storage cell which ele	ectrode	e undergoes the Oxidation reaction :
	(A)	Lead Electrode	(B)	Oxygen Gas Electrode
	(C)	Hydrogen Gas Electrode	(D)	Lead Dioxide Electrode
69.	Which of	the following term is an example of a ly	yophok	pic colloid?
	(A)	Gelatin	(B)	Starch
	(C)	Sulphur	(D)	Gum Arabic
70.		the following elements has the highes eriodic table?	st ioni:	zation enthalpy in the second period of
	(A)	Li	(B)	Be
	(C)	В	(D)	С
71.	Which of	the following equation depicts the redu	icing n	ature of hydrogen peroxide?
	(A)	$2\mathrm{Fe}[(\mathrm{CN})_6]^{4-} + 2\mathrm{H}^+ + \mathrm{H}_2\mathrm{O}_2 \rightarrow 2[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CR})_6]^{4-}$	$(N)_6]^{3-}$	$+2H_2O$
	(B)	$I_2 + H_2O_2 + 2OH^- \rightarrow 2I^- + 2H_2O + O_2$		-
		12 + 11202 + 2011 + 21120 + 02		

- (C) $Mn^{2+}H_2O_2 \rightarrow Mn^{4+} + 2OH^{-}$
- (D) $PbS + 4H_2O_2 \rightarrow PbSO_4 + 4H_2O$

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- 72. Hyponatremia refers to a condition characterized by :
 - (A) High levels of sodium in the blood
 - (B) Low levels of calcium in blood
 - (C) Normal levels of sodium in the blood
 - (D) Low levels of sodium in the blood
- **73.** The IUPAC name for :



- (A) 1-chloro-2-nitro 4-methyl benzene
- (B) 1-chloro 4-methyl 2-nitrobenzene
- (C) 2-chloro 1-nitro 5-methyl benzene
- (D) m-nitro p-chloro toluene
- 74. Which pair of compounds gives Tollen's test?
 - (A) Glucose and Fructose
 - (C) Hexanal and Acetophenone
- **75.** The commercial name of poly acrylonitrile is :
 - (A) Orlon (B) PVC
 - (C) Bakelite (D) Dacron
- 76. Which of the following reagents can be used to oxidise primary alcohols to aldehydes?

(B)

(D)

- 1. CrO_3 in anhydrous medium
- 2. KMnO₄ in acidic medium
- 3. Pyridinium Chlorochromate
- 4. Heat in the presence of Cu at 573 K
 - (A) 1 (B) 1, 2
 - (C) 1, 2, 4 (D) 1, 3, 4
- **77.** Which of the following is an example for analgesic?
 - (A) Ranitidine(B) Aspirine(C) Penicillin(D) Bithional
- A



Sucrose and Glucose

Fructose and Sucrose

11

78.	The discovery of fullerenes led to the development of which significant area in materials science :				
	(A)	Superconductors	(B)	Nanotechnology	
	(C)	Polymers	(D)	Photovoltaic	
79.		the following is not a transition metal?			
	(A)	Vanadium	(B)	Gold	
	(C)	Copper	(D)	Thallium	
80.	Which ste	p is not involved in decomposition?			
	(A)	Leaching	(B)	Stratification	
	(C)	Catabolism	(D)	Fragmentation	
81.	Name the	e enzyme used to break the bacteria	l cell	for DNA isolation :	
	(A)	Pectinase	(B)	Chitinase	
	(C)	Cellulase	(D)	Lysozyme	
82.	Name the	part that guide the entry of pollen tube	into ti	he embryo sac / female gametophyte is :	
	(A)	Synergid	(B)	Egg	
	(C)	Filiform apparatus	(D)	Antipodals	
83.	Which one	e of the following pair is correct?			
	(i) Elai	oplast – Store oil/fat			
	(ii) Amy	vloplast – Store carotenoid			
	(iii) Aleu	aroplast – Store protein			
	(A)	Both (i) and (iii)	(B)	Both (ii) and (iii)	
	(C)	Both (i) and (ii)	(D)	Only (iii)	
84.	Single co	tyledon present in Maize seed is call	led :		
	(A)	Epiblast	(B)	Scutellum	
	(C)	Hypocotyl	(D)	Perisperm	
85.	Which pe	est is controlled by cryIAb gene of Ba	cillus	thuringiensis?	
	(A)	Corn borer	(B)	Cotton bollworms	
	(C)	Armyworm	(D)	Budworm	
86.	Name th Marino ra		Pun	jab by crossing Bikaneri ewes and	
	(A)	Nellore	(B)	Hisardale	
	(C)	Marwari	(D)	Mecheri	

- 87. Which type of synovial joint allows for the rotational movement between the Atlas and Axis vertebrae?
 - (A) Hinge Joint (B) Ball and Socket Joint
 - (C) Pivot Joint (D) Gliding Joint
- 88. What is the effect of ADH on blood vessels, and how does this influence Kidney function?
 - (A) Vasodilation; decreases GFR
 - (B) Vasoconstriction; increases blood pressure and GFR
 - (C) Vasodilation; increases GFR
 - (D) Vasoconstriction; decreases blood pressure and GFR
- **89.** In which method is the ovum collected from a donor transferred into the fallopian tube of another female?
 - (A) Artificial Insemination
 - (B) In Vitro Fertilisation
 - (C) Gamete Intra Fallopian Transfer
 - (D) Intra Cytoplasmic Sperm Injection
- 90. Which feature is NOT typically associated with Down's Syndrome?
 - (A) Broad palm with palm crease (B) Short stature
 - (C) Mental retardation (D) Gynaecomastia
- **91.** Which class of Satellite DNA is specifically used in DNA finger printing due to its high degree of polymorphism?
 - (A) Microsatellite
 - (B) Minisatellite
 - (C) Alu sequences
 - (D) Long Interspersed Nuclear Elements
- **92.** Which characteristic is NOT typical of Cancer cells?
 - (A) Uncontrolled Cell Division
 - (B) Loss of Contact Inhibition
 - (C) Formation of Benign tumors only
 - (D) Ability to invade surrounding tissues
- 93. Which of the following Phyla show radial symmetry?
 - (A) Porifera (B) Coelenterata
 - (C) Annelida (D) Mollusca
- A

- **94.** In a club, 60 men play cricket 30 play tennis and 15 play both cricket and tennis. How many play at least one of these two games?
 - (A)
 60
 (B)
 70

 (C)
 72
 (D)
 75

95. If $A = \{x, y, z\} B = \{1, 2\}$ then the number of relations from A into B is :

- (A) 64 (B) 63
- (C) 36 (D) 54
- 96. Which of the following function describe an 'onto' function?
 - (A) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and $f: A \to A$ is defined by $\{(1, 3), (2, 5), (3, 5), (4, 2), (5, 3)\}$
 - (B) Let $A = \{-1, 1\}$ and $f: A \to A$ is given by $f(x) = x^2$
 - (C) Let $A = \{-1, 1\}$ and $g: A \to A$ is given by $g(x) = x^3$
 - (D) None of these

97. How many terms of the Arithmetic progression 1, 4, 7,.... are needed to give the sum 715?

(A)	22	(B)	25
(C)	30	(D)	31

98. What is the value of $2\sin^2 30 - 3\cos^2 45 + \cos^2 60$?

(A)
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 (B) $\frac{-3}{4}$
(C) $\frac{1}{2}$ (D) $\frac{-5}{4}$

- **99.** What is the equation of the ellipse whose vertices are at (5,0), (-5,0) and foci at (4,0), (-4,0)?
 - (A) $25x^2 + 9y^2 = 225$ (B) $5x^2 + 3y^2 = 15$ (C) $9x^2 + 25y^2 = 225$ (D) $3x^2 + 5y^2 = 15$
- **100.** Find the equation of the line that has *x*-intercept -3 and is perpendicular to 3x+5y=4:
 - (A) 3x+5y+9=0 (B) 3x-5y-9=0
 - (C) 5x 8y 45 = 0 (D) 5x 3y + 15 = 0

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A

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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