Judicial Mair (2019) Compulsory Papur.

2019

ENGLISH COMPOSITION, ESSAY & PRECIS WRITING

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Full Marks - 100

If the questions attempted are in excess of the prescribed number, only the questions attempted first up to the prescribed number shall be valued and the remaining ones ignored.

The figures in the margin indicate marks for each question.

1. Write an essay on any one of the following topics:

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- (a) Digital India a dream or a possible reality?
- (b) Law and health services in a developing country.
- (c) Sustainability versus the necessity for economic growth.
- (d) The protection of the girl child.
- 2. Make a précis of the following passage and add a suitable title. Use the précis sheet provided.

25+5=30

Legendary theatre director Sambhu Mitra and his theatre group 'Bohurupee' staged two plays adapted from the Norwegian dramatist Henrik Ibsen—Dasachakra hased on Ibsen's An Enemy of the People and Putul Khela based on A Doll's House. Dasachakra was performed in Kolkata first from 1st July, 1952 and then again from 28th October, 1962. These dates were critical for both Mitra and the new Indian nation. By 1947, when India gained independence from British rule, Mitra had distanced himself both from Leftist groups and from the then monolithic Congress party in power, and possibly identified closely with his principled hero as the isolated public intellectual bounded by 'democratic' masses. October 1962 was another national flashpoint with the India-China border war in which India was humiliated—the ultra-nationalism that followed sparked a witch-hunt for political dissenters, and once again Mitra's hero stood up for freedom of expression and rejection of the mass phobia that closing the tannery polluting the town's drinking water supply would trigger unemployment (a very real issue in 1960s India). Fittingly, the word 'dasachakra' comes from a Bengali proverb to the effect that the mindless masses can make a devil even out of a god.

 (a) Write a dialogue in about 350 words between two individuals marked as X and Y on the following topic:

'Ecological disasters are man-made, not divinely ordained'

Or.

(b) Discuss any one of the following topics in about 350 words:

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- (i) Should social media be fully legislated?
- (ii) Should literary studies be made interdisciplinary?

13621

Or,

(c) Give the substance of the following poem and add your critical comments:

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Four seasons fill the measure of the year;
There are four seasons in the mind of man:
He has his lusty Spring, when fancy clear
Takes in all beauty with an easy span:
He has his Summer, when luxuriously
Spring's honeyed cud of youthful thought he loves
To ruminate and by such dreaming high
His nearest unto heaven's quiet coves
His soul has its Autumn, when his wings
He furleth close; contented so to look
On mist in idleness – to let fair things
Pass by unheeded as a threshold brook.
He has his Winter too of pale misfeature,
Or else he would forgo his mortal nature.

Bengali Composition, Essay & Translation

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Full Marks - 100

If the question attempted are excess of the prescribed number, only the question attempted first up to the prescribed number shall be valued and remaining ones ignored.

১। य कारमा अकि चल्न वालाम चनन :

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- (#) Rabi's father was rich like a king. So Rabi had no want, still he had to live a simple life. His clothes were of the ordinary kind and for shoes he had only a pair of slippers. One day, when putting on a coat, he noticed that it had no packet. At once he went in an angry mood to Niamat, the family tailor, and said, "What sort of coat is this? Where is the pocket?" "Pocket? It has no pocket, you say?" Then the tailor added with a smile, "I must have forgotten it." "Don't be so forgetful again. Where am I to put these things of mine?" So saying, Rabi showed the tailor a few priceless treasures like pieces of broken glass, marbles and stonechips.
- (**) One day he met a poor man like him and asked, "How do you earn your bread here?" The man replied, "I work for my bread. It is quite easy to earn a living in Calcutta." "Would you kindly find me a job?" Said Surendra. He asked, "What work have your learnt?" Surendranath did not know any work at all; so he kept silent and began to think, "Are you a gentleman?" Surendranath nodded his head. "Why then did you not have any education?" "I have some education." The man thought a little and said, "Go to the house over there. A rich zeminder lives in it, he will surely make some provision for you."
- ২। যে কোনো একটি আংশের তাৎপর্য বিবত করুন ঃ

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- (ক) "বাজ্ববের মা বেমন করিয়া কাঁদে, সাহিত্যের মা ক্রেমন করিয়া কাঁদে লা।"
- (খ) "... লোকে বলবে "মুর্খ বড়ো, সামাজিক নয়'!"
- - ক) জনমানসে সামাজিক মাধামের প্রভাব।
 - পণ্ডপ্রেম ও পশুনিগ্রহ জনিত সমাজের ছান্দিক দৃষ্টিভিদ্ন।
- ৪। যে কোনো একটি প্রায়ের উত্তর দিন (পরীক্ষার্থীর নিজনাম ব্যবহার করবেন না) :

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- (ক) ট্রল অবরোধ প্রসঙ্গে নুই নিভাযাত্রীর ভাবনা সংলাপের সাহায়্যে ব্যক্ত করন।
 - গণমাধ্যমের পঞ্চপাতদুষ্ট অবস্থান বিষয়ে দুই সচেতন নাগরিকের দুশ্চিত্বা সংলাপের মাধ্যমে ব্যক্ত করন।
- ६। (य (कारना अकार्ड विश्वत श्रवक तक्रन क्रमन क्रमन :

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- (Ф) IPC 377 বারার পক্ষে বা বিপক্ষে আপনার মন্তামত।
- (খ) রাজনীতি ও ভাষাসন্তাস।
- (গ) কল্মিত কৈশোর ও অপরাধ মনস্কতা।

Hindi Composition, Essay & Translation

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Full Marks - 100

If the question attempted are excess of the prescribed number, only the question attempted first up to the prescribed number shall be valued and remaining ones ignored.

1. Translate into Hindi (any one):

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- (45) Rabi's father was rich like a king. So Rabi had no want; still he had to live a simple life. His clothes were of the ordinary kind and for shoes he had only a pair of slippers. One day, when putting on a coat, he noticed that it had no packet. At once he went in an angry mood to Niamst, the family tailor, and said, "What sort of coat is this? Where is the pocket?" "Pocket? It has no pocket, you say?" Then the tailor added with a smile, "I must have forgotten it." "Don't be so forgetful again. Where am I to put these things of mine?" So saying, Rabi showed the tailor a few priceless treasures like pieces of broken glass, marbles and stonechips.
- (3) One day he met a poor man like him and asked, "How do you earn your bread here?" The man replied, "I work for my bread. It is quite easy to earn a living in Calcutta." "Would you kindly find me a job?" Said Surendra. He asked, "What work have your learnt?" Surendranath did not know any work at all; so he kept silent and began to think, "Are you a gentleman?" Surendranath nodded his head, "Why then did you not have any education?" "I have some education." The man thought a little and said, "Go to the house over there. A rich zeminder lives in it, he will surely make some provision for you."
- 2. Amplify the idea contained in any one of the following:

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- (क) पर्यावरण संरक्षण
- (ख) भारतीय संविधान में उद्घिखित राज्य के नीति निर्देशक तत्व
- 3. Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper on any one of the following:

(Write A, B, C in place of name/address etc.):

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- (क) चुनाव प्रचार की भाषा
- (ख) सबुज साथी परियोजना
- 4. Write an essay on any one of the following:

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- (क) अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय मंच पर भारत
- (स्त्र) पर उपदेश कुशल बहुतेरे

Please Turn Over

13595

5×3=15

- 5. Answer any three of the following:
 - (क) कारक किसे कहते है? क्टरक के विधिन भेदों का उनकी विधिकारों के साथ उल्लेख की जिए।
 - (ख) निम्नलिखित में से किन्हीं पाँच शब्दों के दो दो पर्यायवाची रूप लिखिए : जंगल, कपझ, आकाश, पक्षी, दु:ख, चमक, बेटा, स्वर्ण
 - (ग) निम्नलिखित सब्दों में से किन्हीं प्रीय सब्दों के किलोम रूप लिखिए : प्रकाश, आनंद, बंधन, गर्मी, राजा, प्रशंसा, वीरता, सुरा।
 - (घ) किन्हीं ग्रैंच मुहावरों का अर्थ बताते हुए उनका अपने बाक्यों में प्रयोग कीजिए :
 - (i) उल्दा चीर कोतवाल को डॉंटे
 - (ii) डैंट के मुँह में जीरा
 - (iii) हाथ कंगन को आरसी क्या
 - (iv) न ऊधो का लेना न माधी का देना
 - (v) दूर के ढ़ोल सुहावने
 - (vi) भौथा चना बाजे घना
 - (vii) जिसकी लाठी उसकी भैंस
 - (viii) चोर चोर मौसेरे भाई
 - (ङ) निम्नलिखित शब्दों में से किन्हीं औच शब्दों के उपसर्ग और प्रत्यय बताइए : अनादर, बहिर्मुखी, अनावश्यक, दूधवाला, देवत्व, सधुक्कडी, अपशक्त, पराजव।

Urda Composition, Essay & Translation

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Full Marks - 100

If the question attempted are excess of the prescribed number, only the question attempted first up to the prescribed number shall be valued and remaining ones ignored.

1. Translate into Urdu: (any one)

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- (i) Rabi's father was rich like a king. So Rabi had no want; still he had to live a simple life. His clothes were of the ordinary kind and for shoes he had only a pair of slippers. One day, when putting on a coat, he noticed that it had no packet. At once he went in an angry mood to Niamat, the family tailot, and said, "What sort of coat is this? Where is the pocket?" "Pocket? It has no pocket, you say?" Then the tailor added with a smile, "I must have forgotten it." "Don't be so forgetful again, Where am I to put these things of mine?" So saying, Rabi showed the tailor a few priceless treasures like pieces of broken glass, marbles and stonechips.
- (ii) One day he met a poor man like him and asked, "How do you earn your bread here?" The man replied, "I work for my bread. It is quite easy to earn a living in Calcutta," "Would you kindly find me a job?" Said Surendra. He asked, "What work have your learnt?" Surendranath did not know any work at all; so he kept silent and began to think, "Are you a gentleman?" Surendranath nodded his head. "Why then did you not have any education?" "I have some education." The man thought a little and said, "Go to the house over there. A rich zeminder lives in it, he will surely make some provision for you."

2. Give a central idea contained in the following passage:

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(i)

1857 کاندرد مرف ہندوستان کی ترکیب آزادی کا زریں باب ہے بلکہ سید کی طلی وکلی زندگی پراس کے بوے دوری اگرات سرت بوے فدر کے بعد اگر یہ وال نے ہندوستانیوں فصوصاً مسلمانوں کوللم وشم کا نشانہ بنایا۔ فدر بیس شرکیب اور نے ہندوستانیوں فصوصاً مسلمانوں کوللم وشم کا نشانہ بنایا۔ فدر بیس شرکیب اور نظم اور نے ہیں میں دی کے امراکو دو ساکوتہ بھتے کیا گیا۔ سرسید نے اس موقع یہ اپنے تمن اور قلم کے ذریع سلمانوں کو موفوظ دیکنے کی کوشش کی۔ انہوں نے پورے طور پر کوشش کی کر سلمانوں کے سرے فدر کا اثرام میں بات ہا۔ اس مقصد کے چیش فظر انہوں نے انہوں نے انہوں نے پیرے طور کا گاری ہیں مقصد بیت واضح ہے۔ اگریز بات کے سات مسلم ہونے کے باوجو دس سید نے "اسباب بقاوت ہمنے" لکھ کر فدر کے اسباب پر دوشتی ڈالے کی کوشش کی اور نہا ہت ہے با کی سے اگریز دوں پر انگی مسلم میں کوفید دکا سب قرار دیا۔ اگریز دوں پر انگی افغانا بڑے حوصلے کی بات تھی اور مرسید نے یہ کر دکھایا۔ مرسید دو اصل آگریز کی تیڈ یب کے نتا خواں ہے اگریز برست خیص ادام انگریز کی تیڈ یب کے نتا خواں ہے اگریز برست خیص ادام ان کا دو اسرائیوت ہیں۔ کہ انہوں نے انگیز نی بیٹھ کو ان خطبات احدین کی شری ایس وقت کے اثر پر دیش خیص است احدین کی شری اس وقت کے اثر پر دیش

ے گورز ولیم پیورکی کتاب" دی لائف آف محد (The life of Mohammed) کے اعتراضات کا جواب دیا۔ پورک کتاب الرفطبات پرمشنل ہے۔ سرسید نے اپنی تحقیق اور جنج کا اعلیٰ نمونہ پیش کیا ہے۔"

Or.

Expand critically the idea contained in any two of the following:

- Write a letter to the editor of an Urdu daily on <u>any one</u> of the following. (Write X,Y,Z in the place of your name and address)
 - (a) ئارى اىك برامنله

4. Write an essay in Urdu on any one of the following:

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- (i) دستور بندادراس کی اجمیت عقار به
- (ii) عدائت عظیٰ کی قرمدداری
- 5. Give the meaning of the following and use them in your own sencences (Only 10 words)

Nepali Composition, Essay & Translation

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Full Marks - 100

If the question attempted are excess of the prescribed number, only the question attempted first up to the prescribed number shall be valued and remaining ones ignored.

1. Translate into Nepali: (any one)

15

- (i) Rabi's father was rich like a king. So Rabi had no want; still he had to live a simple life. His clothes were of the ordinary kind and for shoes he had only a pair of slippers. One day, when putting on a cost, he noticed that it had no packet. At once he went in an angry mood to Niamat, the family tailor, and said, "What sort of coat is this? Where is the pocket?" "Pocket? It has no pocket, you say?" Then the tailor added with a smile, "I must have forgotten it." "Don't be so forgetful again. Where am I to put these things of mine?" So saying, Rabi showed the tailor a few priceless treasures like pieces of broken glass, marbles and stonechips.
- (ii) One day he met a poor man like him and asked, "How do you earn your bread here?" The man replied, "I work for my bread. It is quite easy to earn a living in Calcutta." "Would you kindly find me a job?" Said Surendra. He asked, "What work have your learnt?" Surendranath did not know any work at all; so he kept silent and began to think, "Are you a geotleman?" Surendranath nodded his head. "Why then did you not have any education?" "I have some education." The man thought a little and said, "Go to the house over there. A rich zeminder lives in it, — he will surely make some provision for you."

2. तलका कुनै एउटा गर्शांशको केन्द्रीय भाव स्पष्ट परेर लेख्नुहोस् :

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(Write the central idea of any one of the following:)

- (i) परिस्थितको प्रतिकृतता विरुद्ध वस्तुगत सोचाई लिएर बुध्ने मानसिकताको अभावले नै भावुकतालाई जन्म दिन्छ। भावुकताका सुनीला सपनाहरू जब साकार बन्दैनन् तब नै यस्ता विचार राष्ट्रने मानिसहरू विद्रोही र पलायनवादी बन्दछन्। खास गरी मध्यम वर्गीय बुद्धिजीबीहरूमा यसको प्रबलता पदन्छ। यो वर्ग एकातिर पूँजीवादी वर्गको उत्पाहनमा छट्पटाएको हुन्छ भने अकौतिर सर्वहारा वर्गको राजनैतिक आन्दोलनबाट प्रभावित पनि भएको हुन्छ। फलत: क पूँजीवादी वर्गको आलोचक पनि बनदछ। त्यति भएर पनि मध्यम वर्गीय विशेषताको रूपमा उसको मुख्य चिन्ता नै आपनो बारेमा हुन्छ। विशेष गरेर ऐतिहासिक रूपमा मध्यमवर्गीभत्र दुईवट थारा रही आएको पाईन्छ एउटा सुधारवादी र अकौ क्रान्तिकारी। क्रान्तिकारी धारा पनि निम्न पूँजिवादी भावुकताले ग्रस्त हुने हुँदा लानो समध्यमम एक टिक्को रहन सक्दैन।
- (ii) साहित्यमा यथार्थवाद भन्नाले यथार्थको वस्तुगत औचित्य प्रतिपारित नभएर यसले विशेष दृष्टिकोणलाई बुझाउँछ। यथार्थ र यथार्थवाद शब्दहरू हेर्च एकै जस्तो लागे पनि दुनै एउटे होइनन्। यथार्थ सत्य हो अनि यथार्थवाद एउत विचारधारा हो। प्रत्यक्ष जगल्याई त्यस्तै रूपमा हेर्नुभन्दा त्यहीवर गतिशोल रचनात्मक शक्तिलाई भावानुभूतिमा बौधेर नयौ जीवन सृष्टि गर्ने वातावरणमा सक्रिय योगदान गर्ने कलालाई यथार्थवाद भन्नुपर्छ। प्राकृतिक विशानले यथार्थवादलाई

उलो प्रेरणा दिएको छ। विज्ञानको उदेश्य हो सृष्टिको रचनाको यथातथ्य विवरण प्रस्तुत गर्नु अनि ज्ञानेन्द्रियहरूद्वारा हानीले जुन रूपमा संसारको ज्ञान गर्जी त्यस्तै रूपमा त्यसलाई प्रस्तुत गर्ने कोसिस गर्छ यथार्थवादले। विज्ञान शैतिक सत्य हो अनि सृष्टिको रचनाको बयातथ्य विवरण दिनु त्यसको सार्थकता र सम्पूर्णता हो। निहर, निभ्यक्ष र ईमान्दारीपूर्वक आफ्ना वरपरको चित्रण गर्नु वास्तविक यथार्यवादी साहित्यको मुख्य विशेषता हो।

- 3. आपनो नाम, ठेगानामा XYZ उल्लेख गरेर तलका कुनै एउटा विषयमा पत्र लेख्नुहोस् : (Mentioning XYZ in place of your name, address etc. write a letter on any one of the following)
 - (क) भारतमा खेलकृदको वर्तमान अवस्थाबारे जानकारी दिँदै आफ्नो साथोलाई एउटा पत्र लेखनुहोस्।
 - (ख) वर्षांकालमा आफ्नो गाँउ वा सहरमा देखिँने समस्याहरूबारे जनकारी दिएर सम्बन्धित अधिकारीलाई एउटा यत्र लेख्नुहोस्।
- 4. तल दिईएका प्रश्नहरूका उत्तर लेख्नुहोस् :
 - (क) विपरीवार्थंक सब्द लेख्नुहोस् (कुनै पौचकदा); शोषक, बन्धन, गौण, उत्तरि, खण्ड, प्रष्ट, आकर्षण।

1×5=5

1×5=5

1×5=5

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- (ख) सारहब्द लेख्नुहोस् (कुनै पीचवदा):
 - अर्काको उपकार गर्ने, नेताको कार्य, त्रतिदिन हुने, जसको उपमा छैन, धेरै खाने, जन्म नदिने गाई, चिटी बोक्ने मानिस।
- (ग) सन्धि विच्छेद गर्नुहोस् (कुनै पौचवटा): मनोरथ, सूर्वोदय, प्रत्येक, उल्लास, रवीन्द्र, संसार, हिमालय।

(Write an essay on any one of the following)

5. तलका कुनै एउटा विषयमा निबन्ध लेखाहोस् :

- (क) राष्ट्र निर्माण र युवावर्ग ।
- (ख) प्रशासनिक पदमा महिलाहरूको प्रतिनिधित्व।
- (ग) आधुनिक तिक्षा व्यवस्थामा कम्प्युटरको भूमिका।

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND CURRENT AFFAIRS

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Full Marks - 100

If the questions attempted are in excess of the prescribed number, only the question attempted first up to the prescribed number shall be valued and the remaining ones ignored.

Answers may be written either in English or in Bengali but all answers must be in one and the same language.

Separate answer books to be used for Group-A and Group-B.

(In case a candidate write answers to question on Group-B in the answer book meant for Group-A and Vice-Versa, such answers will not be evaluated)

The figures in the margin indicate marks for each question.

All questions carry equal marks.

Group-A

Answer any four questions:

121/2×4=50

- Write a note on BAHMANI KINGDOM.
- Describe Fold Mountains mentioning causes of formation, type, names of young/ new fold mountains etc.
- 3. What is Angina Pectoris? Compare Artery, Capillary and Vein.
- Explain Election Commission mentioning formation, functioning, laws and provisions and state level functioning.
- 5. What is your view on climate change finance specially on India's role?
- 6. Write a note on International IP Index, 2019.
- Discuss the Constitution (103 RD Amendment) Act on 10 percent quota for EWS in jobs and education.
- Elucidate Ease of Doing Business Report 2019 highlighting key points, India's initiatives for improvement in doing business, challenges etc.

Group-B

Answer any five questions:

10×5=50

- (a) What is the name of the two time pulitzer Prize-winning US-based author who has passed away on January 21, 2019?
 - (b) Who has won the 'Prabha Khaitan Woman's Voice Award' at the Apeejay Kolkata Literary Festival (AKLF 2019)?

Please Turn Over

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- (c) What is the theme of the 12th edition of Aero India 2019, held in Bengaluru from February 20 to 24, 2019?
- (d) Who has been elected as the new Prime Minister of Sweden on 18th January 2019?
- (e) In which state the Diffo Bridge is located, that has been inaugurated on January 18, 2019?
- 10. (a) Who won the 2019 El Salvador presidential election?
 - (b) Which country has won the 2019 Asian Cup Football tournament?
 - (c) What is the theme of the 2019 World Cancer Day (WCD), observed every year on February 4 to spread awareness about cancer, its treatment and to encourage methods of its prevention?
 - (d) Which state has been declared best state for active participation in Swasth Bharat Yatra on January 28, 2019?
 - (e) Which word has been declared the Hindi word for the year 2018 by the Oxford dictionaries?

11. Write in brief on:

- (a) Fifth Generation of Computer technology
- (b) IOS and SIOS-the two initiatives of RBI
- 12. What is first 'JAI' trilateral Meet? State its importance.
- 13. The International System of Units (SI) redefinition is a landmark moment in Scientific progress.
 What is that redefinition and what would be the impact of the new definition?
- State a brief note on the fifth edition of 'Bengal Global Business Summit' emphasising two Points 'Blooming Bengal' and 'Bengal means Business'.

15. Name the winners:

- (a) Padma Vibhushan 2019 in the field Art-Vocals-Folk
- (b) Padma Bhushan 2019 in the field Science & Engineering-Space
- (c) Padma Shri 2019 in the field Sports Football
- (d) Padma Bhushan 2019 in the field Art-Music-Sitar
- (e) Grammy Awards 2019 : Record of the year and Song of the year (name of the song & the person).
- 16. Name the author/ translator of the books with some hints:
 - (a) On January 24, 2019 A new anthology titled 'New Brazilian Poems', translated and edited by
 - (b) The book "Law, Justice and Judicial Power-Justice P.N. Bhagwati's Approach" written by

- (c) On the occasion of World Radio Day (WRD-2019), on February 13, the book titled "Let's Talk on Air: Conversations with Radio Presenters" has been released and it has been authored by
- (d) Former Vice President Hamid Ansari on 8th Feb, 2019 launched the book "Undaunted: Saving the idea of India" written by
- (c) The banned Punjabi poem 'Khooni Vaisakhi' published recently, has been written by

17. Explain:

- (a) TN bags FSSAI awards for Swasth Bharat Yatra
- (b) Human Microbiome Project of India
- 18. Write a note, in brief, on US withdrawal from the Joint comprehensive plan of Action in May 2018.

CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Full Marks - 100

if the questions attempted are in excess of the prescribed number, only the questions attempted first up to the prescribed number shall be valued and the remaining ones ignored.

Answers may be written either in English or in Bengali but all answers must be in one and the same language.

Separate answer books to be used for Group-A & Group-B.

(In case a candidate write answers to question on Group-B in the answer book meant for Group-A and Vice-Versa such answers will not be evaluated).

The figures in the margin indicate marks for each question.

All questions carry equal marks.

Group-A

Answer all questions

	the med the questions.			
1.	Write short notes on the following:	5+5=10		
	(a) Types of decree			
	(b) Judgement			
2.	Write a note on presumption as to jurisdiction of civil court with the help of judicial decisi	ons. 10		
3.	Explain constructive res judicata.	10		
4.	Write notes on the following:			
	(a) Foreign judgement not on merits	. ========		
	(b) Foreign judgement opposed to natural justice			
5,	Write notes on the following:			
	(a) Joinder of plaintiffs			
	(b) Joinder of defendants	5+5=10		
	Group-B			
	Answer any five questions.			
6.	Elucidate on appeals from original decrees.	10		
7.	Elucidate the provision of "review" given in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.	10		
8.	What are the guiding principles for granting of temporary injunction?	10		
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9.	Write a note on interpleader suit.	. 10
10.	(a) What do you understand by summons? (b) What are the rules as to issue of summons?	5+5=10
11.	Write notes on the following:	5+5=10
	(a) Dismissal of suit	
	(b) Remedies to defendant in ex-parte proceedings.	

INDIAN EVIDENCE ACT

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Full Marks - 100

If the questions attempted are in excess of the prescribed number, only the questions attempted first up to the prescribed number shall be valued and the remaining ones ignored.

Separate answer books to be used for Group-A & Group-B.

(In case a candidate writes answer to questions on Group-B in the answer book meant for Group-A and Vice-Versa, such answer will not be evaluated).

> Answer may be written either in English or in Bengali but all answers must be in one and the same language.

The figures in the margin indicate marks for each question.

Group-A

Answer Question No. 1 and any two from the rest.

- (a) "There are several divisions of evidence which although in some degrees arbitrary, it will be found useful to bear in mind"

 — Specify these divisions, adding explanatory notes in each case.
 - (b) Explain the difference as to the effect of evidence in civil and criminal proceedings. 12+8=20
- 2. (a) What is meant by 'Instruments of Evidence'? Classify them with illustrations.
 - (b) Has the maxim "FALSUS IN UNO FALSUS IN OMNIBUS" received general acceptance in the court of Law in India? 7+8=15
- 3. (a) State the kinds of statement of a dead person are relevant and can be tendered in evidence.
 - (b) The question is what was the date of birth of S? A letter from his deceased father to a friend, announcing the birth of S on a given day, is produced. Discuss its admissibility in evidence. 10+5=15
- (a) Mention all the cases in which secondary evidence of the existence, condition or contents of a document may be given.
 - (b) Explain the distinction between 'patent ambiguity' and 'latent ambiguity' in a document. 8+7=15

Group-B

Answer Question No. 5 and any two from the rest.

- (a) "An accomplice shall be a competent witness against an accused person and a conviction is not merely illegal because it proceeds upon the uncorroborated testimony of an accomplice" – Discuss.
 - (b) Write a short note on 'Corroboration'.

12+8=20

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6	(a)	When	Can	a party	DUL	leading	question	s to	a	witness?

(b) Is the Judge entitled to put a leading question to a witness?

8+7=15

- 7. (a) Indicate the application of the Rule of Estoppel as between a Landlord and his Tenant.
 - (b) What do you understand by 'Estoppel in Pais'?

10+5=15

- 8. (a) What is the provision regarding 'Refreshing the Memory' of a witness in the Indian Evidence Act?
 - (b) Is improper admission or rejection of evidence a ground for a new Trial? Discuss.

7+8=15

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE AND INDIAN PENAL CODE

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Full Marks - 100

If the questions attempted are in excess of the prescribed number, only the questions attempted first up to the prescribed number shall be valued and the remaining ones ignored.

Answers may be written either in English or in Bengali but all answers must be in one and the same language.

Separate answer books to be used for Group-A & Group-B.

(In case a candidate write answers to question on Group-B in the answer book meant for Group-A and Vice-Versa such answers will not be evaluated).

The figures in the margin indicate marks for each question.

All questions carry equal marks.

Group-A

Answer any five questions.

- 1. (a) Define 'complaint' and discuss the essential requirements of a valid complaint.
 - (b) Distinguish between warrant and summons cases.

(2+4)+4=10

- 2. (a) Discuss different types of criminal courts in India with jurisdictions and functions.
 - (b) What is the legal provision relating to the jurisdiction in the case of juveniles? 5+5=10
- 3. (a) Discuss on issue of warrant in lieu of or in addition to summons.
 - (b) Explain rights of arrested person with reference to decided cases.

5+5=10

- 4. (a) What is search warrant?
 - (b) Discuss law relating to search by a public officer.
 - (c) Discuss sections 53, 53A, 54 and 54A of the code of Criminal Procedure and give your opinion. 2+4+4=10
- 'Prevention is better than cure' with reference to this statement examine relevant provisions
 of the code of criminal procedure relating security for keeping the peace and for good behaviour
 in society.
- Explain legal provisions relating to maintenance of wives, children and parents with reference to the landmark cases and recent developments in Indian scenario.

Group-B

Answer any five questions.

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7.	(a) Give suitable definition to the terr	m 'crime'.			
	(b) Write essential requirements of cr	iminal liability.			
	(c) Explain the maxim 'actus non fac	it reum nisi mens sit rea'.	3+3+4=10		
8.	Distinguish between the following:		2½x4=10		
	(a) Preparation and attempt				
	(b) Section 34 and section 149 of the	Indian Penal Code			
	(c) Section 299 and section 300 of th	ie IPC			
	(d) Criminal Misappropriation of Property and Criminal Breach of Trust				
9.	Write short notes on any four of the	following:	21/2×4=10		
	(a) Dacoity	(b) Dishonestly			
	(c) Grievous hurt	(d) Defamation			
	(e) Person	(f) Bigamy			
10.	Write on insanity as defence under the Indian Penal Code with reference to McNaghten Rules and landmark judicial decisions.				
11.	(a) What do you mean by 'Right of p	private defence'?			
	(b) When the right of private defence of property extends to causing Death?				
	(c) What is the law relating the comme of body and property.	encement and continuance of the righ	at of private defence		
12.	(a) Discuss significance of sections 29 digital era.	92 and 294 of the Indian Penal Co	de in contemporary		
	(b) 'A' threw acid on the face of 'B', be convicted? Why?	a young girl. Under what section	of the IPC can 'A' 5+5=10		

LAW OF CONTRACTS AND TORTS

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Full Marks - 100

If the question attempted are excess of the prescribed number, only the question attempted first up to the prescribed number shall be valued and remaining ones ignored.

Answers may be written either in English or in Bengali, but all answers must be in one and same language.

Separate answer books to be used for Group-A & Group-B

(In case a candidate writes answer to questions on Group-B in the answer book meant for Group-A and Vice-versa such answers will not be evaluated).

The figure in the margin indicate marks for each question.

All questions carry equal marks.

Group-A

Answer all questions.

- 1. (a) Point out the exceptions to the Doctrine of 'Privity of Contract'.
 - (b) A, man who knowingly lets out quarter to a Prostitute as her residence and not for carrying out the Prostitution. She fails to pay the rent for six months.

Can A recover the rent in a Court of Law?

6+4=10

- (a) Mention the similarities and differences of Fraud and Misrepresentation.
 - (b) X offered to sell his house to Y for Rs. 5 Lac. Z who was overhearing came forward and said that he is ready to buy X's house on X's terms.

Can Z enforce it through Court of Law?

6+4=10

- (a) Distinguish between "Offer" and "Invitation to make an offer" with suitable example.
 Distinguish between Cross offer and Counter offer with suitable example.
 - (b) A invites B to see a picture with him. B accepts the offer. A purchases a ticket for B and waits for him at the Cinema Hall. B does not turn up.

Has A any cause of action against B?

(4+4)+2=10

- (a) "There are certain obligations which are not in truth contract in the sense of resting on agreement, but which the law treats as if they were"— Salmond.
 Explain the above comment in the context of Indian Contract Act, 1872.
 - (b) A, B, and C jointly lent Rs. 5000 to D. A dies. B and C files a suit against D for recovery of the money. Will they succeed?

Elaborate your answer with reasons.

7+3=10

- 5. (a) Comment on the following:
 - (i) Bailee should not mix his own goods with those of the Bailor.
 - (ii) Pledge is a bailment for Special Purpose.
 - (b) A hired a horse for the purpose of riding on the exhibition ground. While he was riding on the exhibition ground the horse became frightened by crowd and ran in to a ditch and injured.

Is A liable? Decide the matter with reasons.

(4+3)+3=10

Group-B

Answer all questions.

- (a) Explain Malfeasance, misfeasance and non-feasance with example.
 - (b) A live wire from the electric pole got disconnected due to heavy storm and rain. It fell on a cyclist who was passing through the road and he died due to electrocution.

Can the Electricity Board defend itself on the ground of Act of God? Explain the rights of the deceased person. 6+4=10

- (a) Is it open to a person to recover damages for mental and nervous shock, and if so, in what circumstances? — Explain your answer with the help of Case Law.
 - (b) How far 'volenti non fit injuria' is a defence in an action in Tort? Explain with illustration.
 6+4=10
- 8. (a) Explain Contributory Negligence and Composite Negligence with proper example.
 - (b) A boy of 6 years old was standing just near the Footpath when a lorry came and hit him causing severe injuries.

Can legal representative of the boy claim compensation? Explain.

6+4=10

- 9. Write short notes on:
 - (a) Res ipsa Loquitor,
 - (b) Actio Personalis moritur cum Persona.

5+5=10

10. Define 'Nuisance'.

Make a distinction between Public Nuisance and Private Nuisance.

5+5=10

TRANSFER OF PROPERTY ACT

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Full Marks - 100

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Separate answer books to be used for Group-A and Group-B.

(In case a candidate write answers to question on Group-B in the answer book meant for Group-A and Vice-Versa, such answers will not be evaluated)

The figures in the margin indicate marks for each question.

Group-A

Answer Q. No. 1 and any two from the rest.

- (a) What property may be transferred and what may not be transferred under Transfer of Property Act, 1882?
 - (b) What is Spes successionis?

12+8=20

- "The Doctrine of 'Part Performance' can be used as shield and not as sword" In the light
 of the above statement discuss the doctrine as mentioned under sec 53A of Transfer of Property
 Act, 1882.
- 3. (a) Explain the 'Doctrine of Lis Pendens'.
 - (b) What are the essential conditions for application of this doctrine?

7+8=15

- 4. (a) Critically analyse the 'Doctrine of Election'.
 - (b) Is there any exception to the doctrine? Mention if any.

10+5=15

Group-B

Answer Q. No. 5 and any two from the rest.

- 5. (a) Discuss in brief the statement "Once a mortgage, always a mortgage."
 - (b) Discuss the concept 'Clog on Redemption'.

10+10=20

- 6. (a) Define sale. State the rights and duties of buyer,
 - (b) What is the difference between Gift and Sale under the Transfer of Property Act, 1882? 8+7=15

- 7. (a) Define Lease. What is 'seller's lien'?
 - (b) How is lease determined?

8+7=15

- 8. (a) Define Gift. When a gift may be revoked or suspended?
 - (b) Explain 'Universal Donee' and 'Onerous Gift'.

(3+5)+(4+3)=15