

July, 2021

DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION OF IAS/TCS - Gr. II OFFICERS

Sub: Criminal Law and Procedure (Law Paper I) (Without Books)

Time Allowed: 3 (Three) Hours

Full Marks: 100

Figures in the margin indicate full marks

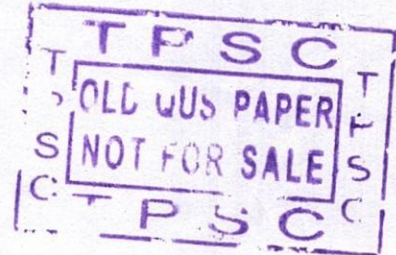
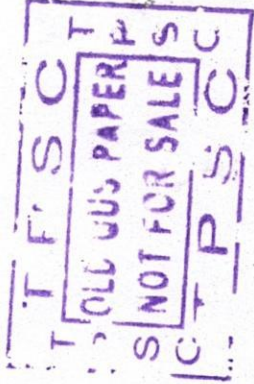
Answer Question No. 1 of Group A, 6 (six) questions from Group B and 5 questions from Group C

(Group A)

1. Answer the following questions: (2X10)

(Answer to the questions shall be only in the form of either 'Yes' or 'No'. Elaborate answer should not be given)

- (i) An Assistant Sub-Inspector of Police made a request to a Medical Practitioner for medical examination of a person arrested on the charge of committing an offence. Is it lawful for the Medical Practitioner to examine the person?
- (ii) 'P', a six years six months old boy steals an article from possession of 'S', a shop keeper. Can 'P' be prosecuted for committing the offence of theft?
- (iii) Can a Police officer superior in rank to an officer-in-charge of a Police Station exercise the same powers, throughout the local area to which he is appointed, as may be exercised by such officer within the limits of his station?
- (iv) 'A' is at work with a hatchet, the head flies off and kills a man who was standing by, despite caution on the part of A. Has A committed any offence?



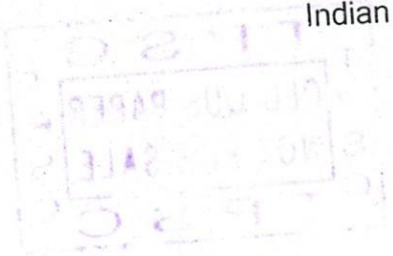
- (v) Is it consent, if such consent is given by a person under fear of injury or under misconception of fact?
- (vi) Is a 'Chowkider', appointed for keeping watch on public property as engaged by the Police Administration, is a public servant?
- (vii) Shall a Court presume a 'power-of-attorney' as to have been executed before a Notary Public was properly authenticated?
- (viii) In a great fire, 'A' pulls down houses in order to prevent conflagration spreading. Has 'A' committed any offence?
- (ix) An Arbitrator is legally authorized to take evidence. Is it a Court within the meaning of the Indian Evidence Act?
- (x) Are the records maintained by the Ward Office of Municipal Corporation public document?

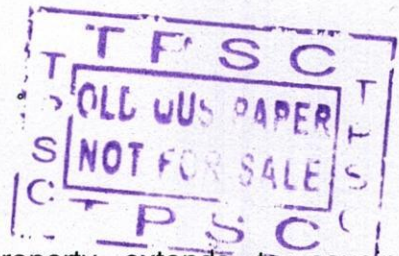
(GROUP - B)

6X5=30

[Answer any 6 (six) questions]

2. When armed forces can be used to disperse unlawful assembly?
3. Is an Executive Magistrate authorized to pass an injunction order pending inquiry under section 133 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973? Discuss citing the relevant provisions of law.
4. Describe the procedure to be followed by police upon seizure of property under the provisions of Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973?
5. What do you mean by the term 'voluntary' as defined in the Indian Penal Code? Give an illustration.





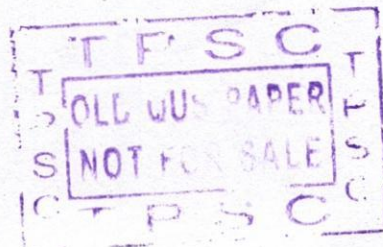
6. When the right of private defense of property extends to causing death?
7. Define the term 'criminal conspiracy'. What is the punishment prescribed for criminal conspiracy in the Indian Penal Code?
8. What are the provisions relating to taking presumption in case of 'dowry death' under the provisions of the Indian Evidence Act?
9. Whether a witness can be excused from answering on the ground that the answer would incriminate him? Discuss relevant provisions of law available in the Indian Evidence Act.

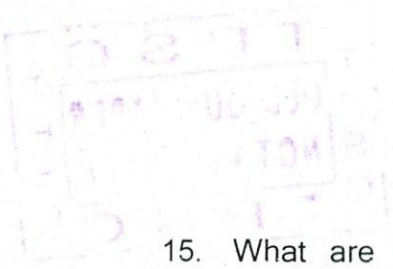
(GROUP C)

[Answer any 5 (five) questions]

10x5=50

10. How arrest is made? What is the special procedure to be followed for causing arrest of woman? - Discuss.
11. When an Executive Magistrate can exercise his power to attach subject of dispute and to appoint receiver? When and what order is to be passed in exercise of such power?
12. What are the laws relating to prohibition in carrying arms in procession or mass drill or mass training with arms under the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973?
13. Define the term 'Document' as provided in the Indian penal Code.
14. What do you mean by 'giving false evidence'? Discuss with illustration as provided in the Indian Penal Code.





15. What are the restrictions regarding making disclosure of professional communications in giving evidence as provided in the Indian Evidence Act? - Discuss.

16. What do you mean by 'leading question'? When leading question may or may not be asked and by whom? - Discuss.

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Departmental Examination of IAS and TCS Grade-II Officers, July, 2021
Subject: - Revenue Law (Law Paper II) (Without Books)
Time Allowed: - 3 (Three) Hours
Total Marks: - 100

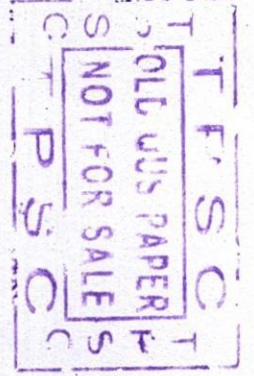
Answer question No. 1 of Group – A, 6 (Six) questions from Group-B and 5 (Five) questions from Group-C

Group-A

1. Answer the following questions (Very short answer type questions)

10x2=20

- Define "Collector" as per the TLR & LR Act.
- What is meant by "public purpose" according to the TLR & LR Act?
- Define "Agriculture" as per the TLR & LR Act.
- Who is a "dealer" according to the Tripura Sales Tax Act?
- Define "toll" As per the Tripura Markets Act, 1979.
- Who is a "landless labourer" according to the Tripura Agricultural Indebtedness Relief Act, 1979?
- What is "business of money lending" according to the Bombay Money Lenders Act, 1946?
- Who is the "Competent authority" according to the TLR & LR Act?
- What is meant by "proprietor of an entertainment" as per the Tripura Entertainment Act, 1997?
- Define "Bargadar".



Group-B

Answer any 6 (Six) questions (Answers should be in brief)

6x5=30

- How are revenue rates determined in Tripura?
- Discuss the role of Licensing Authority under the Tripura Markets Act.
- State the rights of "Raiyats" in land.
- Give a brief outline of the procedures of the revenue courts other than in appeal, review and revisions.
- State the provisions relating to imposition of penalty upon 'proprietor of an entertainment' by the Commissioner of an Entertainment.
- Discuss the salient features of Land Tax Act.
- State the basic features of Bombay Money Lenders Act, as extended to Tripura.
- Name the classes of officers who may be appointed as Revenue officers by the State Government.

Group-C

Answer any 5 (Five) questions (Long answer type questions)

5x10=50

- Discuss the procedures contained in the TLR & LR Rules regarding restoration of transferred land to a member of the scheduled tribe.
- State the procedure to be followed for allotment of land both for industrial and agricultural purposes.
- State the provisions contained in the TLR & LR Act relating to diversion of land.
- Discuss the powers of Sales Tax Tribunal.
- State the rights of under-raiyats.
- State in details the "Mutation process" in Tripura as per the TLR & LR Act and the TLR & LR Rules.
- State in details the procedure to be followed for maintenance of "Register of Bargadars".

Departmental Examination of IAS & TCS Grade-II Officers, July, 2021
Subject: -Civil Law & Procedure (Law Paper- III) (With Books)
Time Allowed: - 3 (Three) Hours
Total Marks: - 10

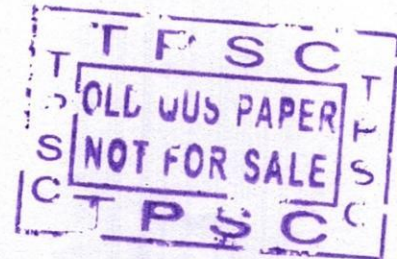
Answer question No. 1 of Group – A, 6 (Six) questions from Group – B and 5 (Five) questions from Group C

Group-A

1. Answer the following questions (Very short answer type questions)

10x2= 20

- Define "Judge" as per the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.
- What does "period of limitation" mean?
- Define "immovable property".
- What does "Public officer" mean as per the Code of Civil Procedure?
- Define "Agreement".
- Define "Contract".
- What does "plaint" mean?
- Define the term "Mortgage".
- What does the term "injunction" mean as per the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908?
- Define "constructive res judicata".



Group-B

Answer any 6 (Six) questions (Answers should be in brief)

6x5=30

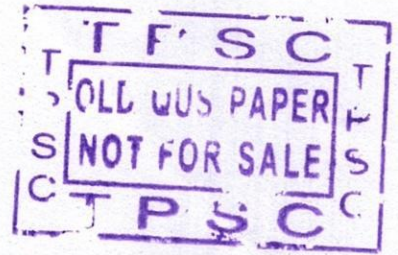
- State the distinction between Order and Decree.
- Write short notes on the following:-
 - Judgement-debtor
 - Cause of action
- State the provisions regarding 'Computation of Period of Limitation'.
- What do you mean by 'indigent person'? Explain the procedure in brief how an indigent person can Institute suit? (2+3=5)
- Explain the terms 'Lease', 'Lessor', 'Lessee', 'Premium' and 'Rent'.
- Define 'Pledge' as per the Indian Contract Act. Mention the difference between hypothecation and Pledge. (2+3=5)
- Define 'Gift'. What are the essential elements of Gift? (2+3=5)
- Mention the types of withdrawal and compromise of suits. State the grounds in brief on which Court may grant permission for withdrawal of a suit. (2+3=5)

Group-C

Answer any 5 (Five) questions (Long answer type questions)

5x10=50

- Discuss the scope and object of Res Sub Judice and the distinction between Res Sub Judice and Res Judicata as per the Code of Civil Procedure.
- Explain the term "ex parte decree". State the remedies available with the defendant against whom ex Parte decree has been passed. (2+8=10)
- Define 'transfer of property'. Explain all the ingredients of transfer of property. (2+8=10)
- Discuss the difference between 'lease' and 'mortgage'.
- Define 'execution of a decree' and state various modes of execution. (2+8=10)
- What is a contingent contract? Explain four types of contingent contract. (2+8=10)
- Explain voidable contract and state the essentials of a valid contract. (3+7=10)



DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION OF IAS/TCS - Gr. II OFFICERS

July, 2021

Sub: Central Laws, Acts & Regulations (With Books)

Time Allowed: 3 (Three) Hours

Full Marks: 100

Figures in the margin indicate full marks

Answer Question No. 1 of Group A, 6 (six) questions from Group B
and 5 (Five) questions from Group C

(Group A)

1. Answer the following questions: (2 X 10 = 20)

(Answer to the questions shall be in the form of either 'Yes' or 'No')

- (i) A police officer, not in uniform, demanded a driver to produce his driving licence and registration certificate of his vehicle. The driver refused. Was the driver wrong?
- (ii) X, a young girl, 16 years old, drives a motor cycle with engine capacity of 50cc in a public place. Does she commit any offence?
- (iii) Is a person, aged 19 years, entitled to have a licence for driving a transport vehicle in any public place?
- (iv) The licensing authority grants licence under section 3 of the Arms Act, 1959 for a period of four years at a time. Does the licensing authority commit any wrong?
- (v) A person used an 'imitation fire arm' to prevent his lawful arrest. Is it a punishable offence under the Arms, Act, 1959?

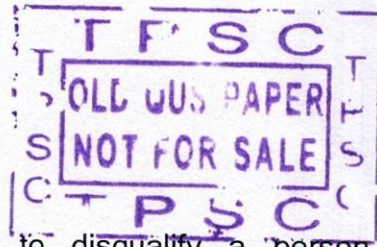
- (vi) Does a member of Armed Forces require to pay court fee for execution of power of attorney to bring a suit on his behalf?
- (vii) An instrument has been admitted in evidence. Can it be called in question at any stage of the suit on the ground that it has not been duly stamped?
- (viii) Has the Registrar power to register a document which might be registered by the Sub-Registrar under the Registration Act, 1908?
- (ix) Is the award of confiscation made by the Collector, in addition to other punishment to be passed by the Court under the Essential Commodities Act, 1955?
- (x) A cultivator, while damaging his crop, seized a cattle which was resisted by the cattle owner. The cultivator seeks aid of the police who refused to advance such aid. Has the police violated the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1891?

(GROUP - B)

[Answer any 6 (six) questions]

(6 X 5 = 30)

2. What the definitions of 'Arm' and 'Fire Arm' as are provided in the Arms Act, 1959?
3. What is the duty of an officer-in-charge of a police station on receipt of information of any accident involving any death or bodily injuries to any person as entrusted upon him in the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 for payment of compensation to the victim?
4. Define the term 'Bill of exchange payable on demand' as laid down in the Indian Stamps Act, 1899.



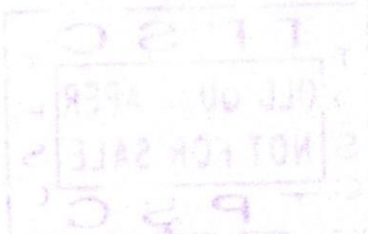
5. Does a Court have the power to disqualify a person holding a Conductor's licence? If so, under what circumstances and to what extent?
6. What are the special provisions in the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 regarding presumptions as to orders and burden of proof in certain cases? - Discuss.
7. What is the limitation for presentation of a document for registration? Is there any provision for condoning the delay? - Discuss. - Ss. 23 and 25
8. Is there any bar in exercising jurisdiction in regard to confiscation of essential commodities under the Essential Commodities Act, 1955? - Discuss.
9. Under what circumstances a Magistrate may cause search and seizure as per provisions of the Arms Act, 1959?

(GROUP C)

[Answer any 5 (five) questions]

(5 X 10 = 50)

10. What are the prohibitions for acquisition or possession by, or of sale or transfer to young persons or certain other persons of fire arms as provided in the Arms Act, 1959?
11. Has the licencing authority power to disqualify from holding a driving licence or revoke such licence as provided in the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988? - Discuss.
12. An instrument not duly stamped is inadmissible in evidence. Is there any exceptions? - Discuss.



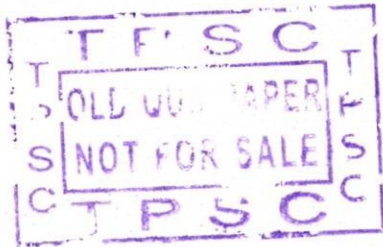
13. Discuss the law relating to protection of action taken by a public servant under the provisions of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 and from his prosecution thereof.

14. Discuss the provisions relating to issue of show cause notice before confiscation of food grains and other articles under the Essential Commodities Act, 1955?

15. What are the provisions in the Registration Act, 1908 for inspection of books, indexes and obtaining certified copy of such documents?

16. Discuss power of the Court to ascertain net profits and market value of the property in suit as provided in the Court Fees Act, 1870.

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Departmental Examination of IAS/TCS Grade-II Officers, July 2021
Subject: Accounts, Paper-V (Without Books)

Time Allowed:- 3 (Three) Hours

Full Marks- 100

Figures in the margin indicate full marks

Group-A

1. **Answer the following questions:**

2 X 10= 20

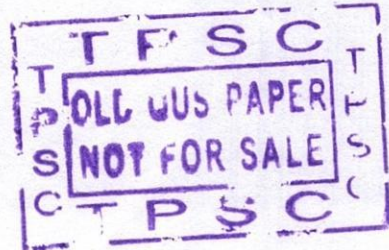
- (a) When the Finance Bill containing the annual taxation proposals is considered and passed by the Legislatures?
- (b) What are the main divisions of Government Accounts?
- (c) What are the differences between 'Banking' and 'Non-Banking' treasuries?
- (d) Who is responsible for ensuring that the entries in the bank scroll are correct and that the remittances have been duly included?
- (e) Name two sources from where Accountant General receives accounts along with supporting documents.
- (f) How the Accountant General decided the periodicity for inspection of different offices?
- (g) Grants-in-aid are _____ payments in the nature of _____. (Fill in the blanks)
- (h) Who prepared the Finance Accounts of Central Government?
- (i) Under which Articles of the Constitution of India, Parliament/Legislature follow the procedures in dealing with Audit Reports submitted by the C&AG of India?
- (j) What is the relation of C&AG of India with the committees on Public Accounts and Public Undertakings?

Group-B

Answer any 6 (six) of the following questions:

5 X 6= 30

2. What is the basis of classification of transactions in Government accounts?
3. What are the procedures followed for daily closing of a State treasury?
4. Write a brief on monthly accounts of State Government prepared by the Accountant General.
5. What are the primary objectives of inspection of Public Works Divisions?
6. What are the conditions to be governed in incurring expenditure from the Consolidated Fund of a State?
7. Explain Reserves and Reserve funds.
8. What are the provisions made in the summary of Appropriation Accounts?
9. Write a brief on 'Separate Audit Reports'.



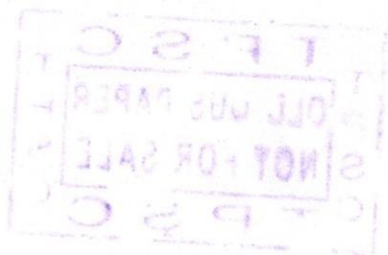
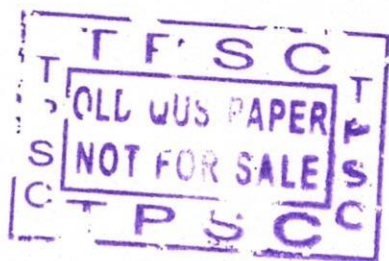
Group-C

Answer any 5 (five) of the following questions:

10 X 5= 50

10. Enumerate the main principles governing the allocation of expenditure on a Capital Scheme between Capital and Revenue accounts.
11. Under which authority C&AG of India audit all receipts which are payable into the Consolidated Fund of India and of each State? Write the important function of audit in relation to assessments, collections and refunds.
12. Describe the duties of audit in connection with moneys received to be held as deposits with the Government.
13. Write a brief about the information included in Part-II of the Finance Accounts.
14. Write a short note on treasury inspection.
15. Outline the scope and functions of the Public Accounts Committee.
16. Write a brief on the duties of audit in respect of 'Scale regulated contingencies' and 'Countersigned contingencies'.

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Departmental Examination of IAS/TCS Grade-II Officers, July 2021
Subject: Accounts- Paper-VI (With Books)

Time Allowed:- 03 (Three) Hours

Full Marks- 100

Figures in the margin indicate full marks

Group-A

1. Answer the following questions:

2 X 10= 20

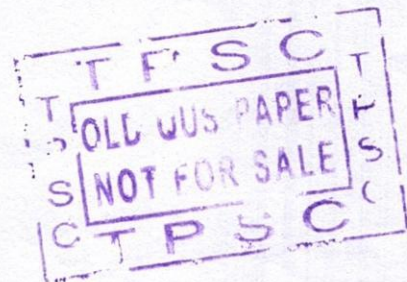
- (a) What is meant by the term 'lien'?
- (b) What is Honorarium?
- (c) Distinguish between the terms 'Personal pay' and Special Pay'.
- (d) Distinguish between Foreign Service and Deputation Out of India.
- (e) In what circumstances may a Government servant be transferred to another post carrying a lesser pay?
- (f) By whom can the order of suspension against a government servant be revoked?
- (g) What is a charge?
- (h) What are the essential conditions governing expenditure from public funds?
- (i) What is the periodicity of examination of cash and opium in the treasury by the Collector?
- (j) A female Government servant applied for maternity leave on the basis of a Medical Certificate confirming threatened abortion. Comment.

Group-B

Answer any 6 (six) of the following questions:

5 X 6= 30

2. Enumerate the services /Staff who do not come under CCS (CCA) Rules, 1965.
3. What are the procedures to be followed where an Accountant General disallows a payment as unauthorised?
4. What is the complaint mechanism in case of sexual harassment of working women? What is the composition of the complaints committee?
5. What are the rules regarding participation of Government servant in any demonstration and strikes?
6. What are the rules to be followed by every DDO in submitting claims for money?
7. What are the adverse effects if the provisions of CCS (CCA) Rules, 1965, are not followed rigidly?
8. Can more than one statutory penalty be imposed on a Government servant in respect of a single offence?
9. What are the procedures to be followed in communication of adverse medical report to a Government servant?



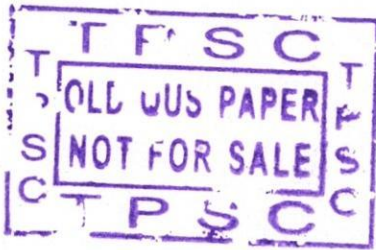
Group-C

Answer any 5 (five) of the following questions:

10 X 5= 50

10. State the procedure prescribed for dealing with cases of losses of Government money or property caused by defalcations, accidents, thefts or otherwise.
11. What are the general principles that should be observed by the subordinate authorities while entering into agreements or contracts involving expenditure from public funds?
12. What are the various stages in major and minor penalty proceedings?
13. Mention the activities requiring permission/sanction under CCS (Conduct) Rules, 1964.
14. Describe classification of contingent charges adopted in each department or offices?
15. What are the instructions to be followed in the disposal of surplus and unserviceable stores?
16. What is meant by 'Budget Estimate of Central Government'? How is it prepared and presented to Parliament?

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Departmental Examination for IAS & TCS Gr-II Officers July-2021
Subject- Security and Disaster Management (With Books)
Full Marks-50
Time: 2.00 hours

1. Answer the following questions in one or two sentences.

10×1=10

- a) Who is the Chairman of the Tripura State Disaster Management Authority?
- b) Whether the outbreak of disease Covid-19 can be termed as disaster?
- c) Write the full form of NIDM.
- d) For what purpose NDRF is called by the Civil Administration during a disaster?
- e) Write the full form of IMD.
- f) Which Authority formulates policies and guidelines on Disaster Management at the National level?
- g) In the middle of May, 2021, which states of India were hit by cyclone?
- h) Mock exercise is undertaken on which date of every month in the schools of our state?
- i) What is drought?
- j) Write the full form of WHO? Where is it's headquarter located?

2. Answer the following questions in Brief (Any five).

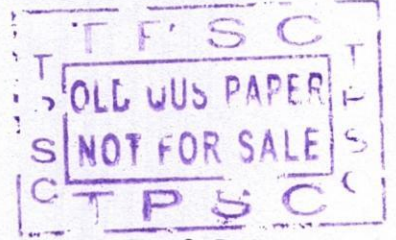
5×2=10

- a) Define the term "Disaster".
- b) What is "Tsunami"? Can it be termed as a disaster?
- c) Name two natural disaster. Can a bus accident be called a disaster?
- d) Can fund from SDRF be utilized for construction of a new Flyover? Explain.
- e) As pr NDMA guidelines, how much financial assistance can be extended to the family of a flood victim? What is the maximum amount that can be given as compensation for a fully damaged House?
- f) Name 2(two) prominent NGOs who take part in relief operation during disasters in our state.

3. Answer the following questions within 30 words each (Any five).

5×3=15

- a) Where is the National Institute of Disaster management Located? What are its functions?
- b) A cyclonic storm has hit your Sub Division last night. Hundreds of injured persons rushed to the Sub Divisional Hospital for treatment. There is chaos inside and outside the Hospital. How will you tackle the situation as a Civil servant of the Sub Division.
- c) What are the functions of National Disaster Management Authority?
- d) Differentiate "Magnitude" and "Intensity" in respect of Earthquake.
- e) Write a note on "Flood Hazards" in Tripura.
- f) Suggest 3(three) measures to be taken to save Agartala City from flood.



3×5=15

4. Answer the following questions within 60 words each (Any three).

- a) An Earthquake of magnitude 6.4 in the Richter scale occurred in your Sub division last night. 25 persons died, many injured and hundreds of houses collapsed due to earthquake. Write a letter to the DM & Collector of your district describing the losses and damages and seeking assistance for relief and resettlement of the affected families.
- b) Suggest a few measures as per your opinion to be taken to contain the spread of Covid-19(2nd wave) in our state.
- c) A message has been received from the local station of the IMD to the effect that a Cyclonic storm at a speed of 100 kms per hour is likely to hit your Sub division within next 48 hours. What steps will you take as a Sub Divisional Magistrate to save the life and property of the people of your Sub Division?
- d) Explain the role of NGOs in rescue and relief operation during and after a disaster.

OFFICERS

2021

Subject : BENGALI (Without Books)

Time allowed : 1 hour & 30 minutes

Full Marks : 60

1. Translate the following passage into English : 15

ঐশ্বর্যের ভাষায় উৎকর্ষ প্রার্থন করিতে না পারিলে
 পৃথিবীতে কোন জাতিবৃহি উন্নতি হয় না, যে কোন বিদ্যুই
 হউক, নিজের ভাষায় প্রাচ্যে যেব্যপ মহজে বুদ্ধিতে পারা
 যায়, বিদ্যেীর ভাষা দ্বারা যেব্যপ বুদ্ধিতে পারা যায় না,
 সেইজন্য বেথুন প্রত্যেক শিক্ষিত বাঙালীকেই বাঙালী ভাষায়
 উন্নতির জন্য উৎসাহ দিতেন, কোন বিদ্যালয় দেখিতে যাইলে,
 সেই বিদ্যালয়ের ছাত্রদিগের মনে বাঙালী ভাষায় প্রতি কিব্যপ
 অনুপ্রাণা জন্মিতোছে, ইহা তিনি প্রায়ই জিজ্ঞাসা করিতেন, কোন
 শিক্ষিত বাঙালী ইংরাজী ভাষায় গুরু বচনা করিয়া তাঁহাকে
 উপহার দিলে তিনি তাঁহার উপায়ক প্রমাণ করিতেন বটে,
 কিন্তু বাঙালী ভাষায় লিখিলে সে দোষের আওত উপকার হইত,
 তাহাও তিনি গুরুকারকে বুঝাইয়া দিতেন, তাঁহার উপদেশ ও
 উৎসাহের ফলে অনেক শিক্ষিত বাঙালী ঐশ্বর্যের ভাষায়
 অনুপ্রাণনে প্রবৃত্ত হইয়াছিলেন।

2. Translate the following passage into Bengali : 15

Anything, which when seen or heard or uttered or
 thought of awakens evil propensities in the mind,
 ought to be wholly eschewed. If the sight of a good picture
 inspires the mind with pure thoughts, why should not unholy
 ideas be instilled into it by seeing objectionable pictures?
 If one's heart is filled with noble sentiments when
 one listens to good songs or gentle words, there is no
 reason why it should not be polluted with unclean
 thoughts when one hears indecent music or ugly words.
 There is nothing so ruinous as evil company. Ask of
 those people who have fallen low, and you will, I
 think, learn from every one of them that bad
 association is the cause of their downfall. The
 number of people to lead us astray is legion, but
 few are the comrades on the path of rectitude.

