

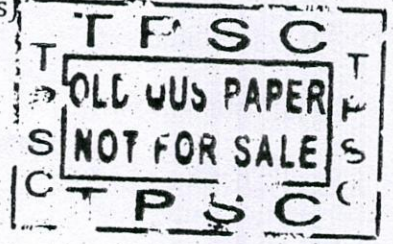
July, 2021

Departmental examination of IPS & TPS Grade-II Officers,

Subject: Law Part-I (Without Books)

Time allowed: 3 hours

Full marks: 100



* Figures at the margin indicate full marks.

Group - A

Answer all the questions by opting out the correct option:

2 x 10 = 20 marks

1.(i) Which of the following is a Criminal Court?

- A. High Court. B. Court of Executive Magistrate.
C. Court of Metropolitan Magistrate. D. All of the above.

(ii) A Public Prosecutor is appointed for -

- A. Coroner's Court. B. High Court.
C. Supreme Court. D. Federal Court.

(iii) Police Officer's power to investigate cognizable case is provided under -

- A. Section 156 of Indian Penal Code. B. Section 156 of Indian Evidence Act.
C. Section 156 of Criminal Procedure Code. D. Police Regulation of Bengal.

(iv) Prayer for Police remand can be sought before a Court not after expiry of -

- A. 15 days from the date of arrest. B. 14 days from the date of arrest.
C. 7 days from the date of arrest. D. 3 days from the date of arrest.

(v) A confessional statement may be given by -

- A. An accused person. B. A co-accused person.
C. A witness. D. Both A and B above.

(vi) Facts not otherwise relevant are relevant -

- A. If they are inconsistent with any fact in issue or relevant fact.
B. If they are not inconsistent with any fact in issue or relevant fact.
C. If by themselves or in connection with other facts they make the existence or non-existence of any fact in issue or relevant fact highly probable or improbable.
D. Both A and C above.

(vii) Which of the following is not a Public Document -

- A. Public records kept in any State of private documents.
B. Documents forming the acts or records of the acts of the sovereign authority.
C. Certified copy of Sale deed.
D. Bank Pass Book.

(viii) A confessional statement may be given by -

- A. An accused person. B. A co-accused person.
C. A witness. D. Both A and B above.

(ix) Who can be an accomplice -

- A. A competent witness. B. A co-accused person.
C. Both A and B. D. None of the above.

(x) A person is said to make a false document or false electronic record, who dishonestly or fraudulently -

- A. makes, signs, seals or executes a document or part of a document.
B. makes or transmits any electronic record or part of any electronic record.
C. affixes any [electronic signature] on any electronic record.
D. All of the above.

Group - B

Answer any 6(six) of the following questions:

5 x 6 = 30 marks

2. Define Solitary Confinement?
3. What is the punishment for absconding to avoid service of summons?
4. A, being legally bound to appear before the High court at Tripura, in obedience to a subpoena issuing from that Court, intentionally omits to appear. What offence has A committed? Discuss with provision for punishment.
5. What is Public Nuisance?
6. Whether an Officer-in-Charge of a Police Station can give command to any unlawful assembly to disperse? If yes, then what is the minimum rank to be possessed by that Officer-in-Charge of Police Station?
7. Who are the authorities before who affidavits may be sworn?
8. Whether a Judicial Magistrate of First Class can take cognizance of offence upon Police report? What are the other modes upon which cognizance of offence may be taken by Magistrates?
9. How far the previous good character and previous bad character are relevant in case an accused is facing a criminal proceeding?

Group - C

Answer any 5(five) of the following questions:

5 x 10 = 50 marks

10. Discuss the provision for dealing with disposal of seized property after conclusion of trial?
11. What is the effect of warrant issued for levy of fine? Also, discuss the mode of recovery of the fine after an offender has been sentenced to pay such fine?
12. Discuss the provision in case an appeal is to be preferred in case of an acquittal?
13. Define - (i) 'Fact' with illustration; (ii) 'Facts in issue' with illustration; (iii) 'Evidence'; (iv) 'Documents' with illustration - in the context of Indian Evidence Act.
14. Whether certified copy of a document is admissible in evidence? If so, then in which cases such certified copy of document is admissible?
15. When the right of private defense of body and property extends to causing death?
16. A instigates B to instigate C to murder Z. B accordingly instigates C to murder Z and C commits that offence in consequence of B's instigation. Here, what offence B has committed? Also, what offence has been committed by A and C?
17. What are the requisites of the common object of the persons composing an unlawful assembly?

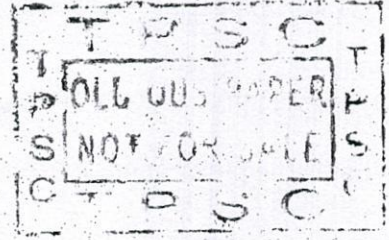
July, 2021

Departmental examination of IPS & TPS Grade-II Officers,

Subject: Law Part-II (With Books)

Time allowed: 3 hours

Full marks: 100



* Figures at the margin indicate full marks.

Group - A

Answer all the questions by opting out the correct option:

2 x 10 = 20 marks

- 1.(i) What is the full form of the explosive RDX?
A. Research Development Explosive. B. Royal Destructive Explosive.
C. Research Destructive Explosive. D. None of the above.
- (ii) An offence under The Police (Incitement to Disaffection) Act, 1922, shall not be triable under -
A. Warrant procedure. B. Summons procedure.
C. Summery procedure. D. Sessions Court.
- (iii) The Arms Act shall not apply to -
A. Arms or ammunition on board any sea-going vessel and forming part thereof.
B. Arms or ammunition on board any sea-going vessel and forming part thereof.
C. Arms or ammunition on board International Space Station.
D. All of the above.
- (iv) The Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867, applies to -
A. Regulation of printing-presses and newspapers. B. Regulation of printing bye-laws.
C. Regulation of printing government gazettes. D. All of the above.
- (v) The Identification of Prisoners Act, 1920, applies to convict suffering imprisonment -
A. Simple imprisonment for a term of 1 year. B. Rigorous imprisonment for a term of 1 year.
C. Imprisonment for a term less than 1 year. D. None of the above.
- (vi) The Essential Commodities (Amendment) Act, 2020, shall be deemed to come into force w.e.f. -
A. 5th June, 2020. B. 26th September, 2020.
C. 27th September, 2020. D. 6th June, 2020.
- (vii) The provision for 'Harassment of the public to be avoided' is provided in -
A. Regulation 258 of Police Regulation of Bengal. B. Regulation 259 of Police Regulation of Bengal.
C. Regulation 260 of Police Regulation of Bengal. D. Regulation 261 of Police Regulation of Bengal
- (viii) What is the penalty for subversive acts committed under the Tripura Security Act, 1980 -
A. Imprisonment. B. Fine.
C. Imprisonment or fine. D. Imprisonment and/or fine.
- (ix) Discharge report of an arrested person shall be prepared in view of -
A. Regulation 276A of Police Regulation of Bengal. B. Regulation 277 of Police Regulation of Bengal.
C. Regulation 278 of Police Regulation of Bengal. D. Regulation 279 of Police Regulation of Bengal.
- (x) 'Code' under the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967, denotes -
A. The Code of Civil Procedure. B. The Code of Criminal Procedure.
C. The Indian Penal Code. D. The Vigilance Manual

Group - B

Answer any 6(six) of the following questions:

5 x 6 = 30 marks

2. Discuss the procedure for declaration of an association as unlawful?
3. What is the punishment for raising funds for terrorists act?
4. State the provision of presumption of culpable mental state on the part of the accused?
5. Discuss the provision for variation of conditions of probation?
6. What are the duties of a Probation Officer?
7. Whether offences committed under the Suppression of Immoral Traffic in Women and Girls Act, 1956, are cognizable or non-cognizable? Discuss with provision.
8. Discuss the provision with punishment relating to procuring, inducing or taking woman or girl for the sake of prostitution?
9. What is the power to grant permission in favor of a foreigner to depart from India under The Foreigners Order, 1948?

Group - C

Answer any 5(five) of the following questions:

5 x 10 = 50 marks

10. What conditions are to be fulfilled for committing criminal misconduct by a public servant? Explain with the provision of punishment for committing the same.
11. What are the grounds on which the Railway administration shall report of accident to the nearest Police Station?
12. Discuss elaborately the procedure for confiscation of essential commodity?
13. What orders may be passed by a Children's Court in regard to a delinquent child?
14. Define Brothel. What is the punishment for keeping a brothel or allowing premises to be used as a brothel?
15. How a prostitute can be removed from a place? Elaborate with provision.
16. Is a person bound to give information to the nearest Police Station of some offences committed under the Arms Act? Discuss with specific provision, if any.
17. Whether previous sanction of the Central Government or as the case may be the State Government necessary for prosecuting an offender committing an offence under the Prevention of Corruption Act? If yes, state the provisions relevant in this regard.

DEPARTMENTAL EXAMINATION OF IPS/TPS GRADE-II OFFICERS, July -2021.

Subject: Accounts, Part-I (Without Books)

Time Allowed: 03 (Three) hours.

Total Marks: 100

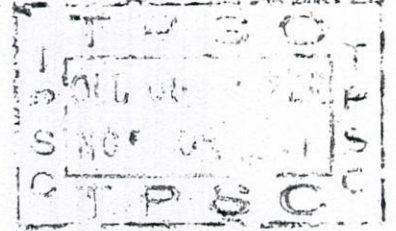
(Figures in the margin indicate full marks)

Group-A

1. Answer the following Questions:

2x10=20

- (a) Distinguish between Revenue and Capital Expenditure?
- (b) What is Vote on Account?
- (c) What is the difference between Government and Commercial Accounts?
- (d) In how many parts Government Accounts are kept? Mention these parts.
- (e) What is Charged Expenditure and what is Voted Expenditure?
- (f) Define Consolidated Fund of Government of India or of a State?
- (g) Every Government servant exercises the same vigilance in respect of expenditure incurred from public moneys as a person of ordinary prudence would exercise in respect of expenditure of _____ money. (Fill in the blanks)
- (h) No authority exercises its powers of sanctioning expenditure to pass an order which will be directly or indirectly to _____ advantage. (Fill in the blanks)
- (i) Major Head of Account "0210" reflects Expenditure Head Capital Account. (True or False)
- (j) What is denoted by Minor Head 800.



Group-B

Answer any 06 (Six) of the following questions:

5x6=30

2. Write a brief on Monthly Accounts of State Government prepared by the Accountant General.
3. Write briefly on the purpose of Government and of Commercial Accounts.
4. Write short notes on Sectors and Sub-sectors of Accounts.
5. Explain the necessity of Transfer Entries.
6. How Suspense Accounts are cleared?
7. Write brief notes on transfer of Provident Fund Accounts.
8. Write short notes on check against Sanctioned Posts.
9. What are the checks to be exercised in treasury when claims are received for payments?

GROUP-C

Answer any 05 (Five) of the following questions:

5x10=50

10. Describe briefly the Duties and Powers of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India regarding audit of Substantially Financed Bodies and Authorities.
11. Write briefly the procedure of Opening and Daily Closing of the Treasury. 5+5
12. Write briefly on Transfer of Place of Payment of Pension and Anticipatory/Provisional Pension.5+5
13. How allocation between Capital and Revenue expenditure on a Capital Scheme are determined?
14. Explain briefly the audit against propriety. What are the main standards of propriety?
15. How accounts are classified into Major, Minor and Detailed heads?
16. What are the main divisions in which government accounts are kept? Discuss in details.

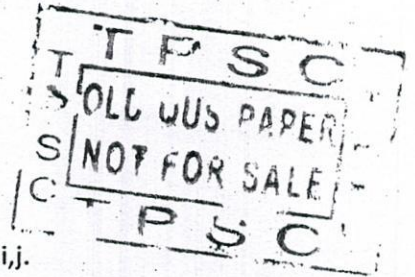
July, 2024

Departmental Examination of IPS & TPS, Gr.II Officers.
Subject : Criminology (Without Books)
Time allowed : 3(three) hours.
Full Marks :- 100
Figure in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Answer the following questions :-

2x10= 20

- What do you mean by Modus Operandi ?
- Who is a hostile witness ?
- Define burglary.
- What are the 4(four) main patterns of Finger Print ?
- What is a scald ?
- What is the major difference between Complaint and FIR ?
fill in the blank in the answer sheet for question No. g.
- Section 110 Cr.P.C. deals with _____ offenders.
Write 'True' or 'False' in the answer sheet for question. No. h,i,j.
- Tailing is absent in homicidal wound.
- Section 65 B Indian Evidence Act deals with electronic records.
- The success of an investigation depends much on the team work rather than on the individual brilliance of I.O.



GROUP -B

Answer any 6 (six) questions.

5X6= 30

- Discuss different types of habitual criminals.
- Please write the differences between wounds of entrance and exit of a bullet wound.
- What is arrest and how arrest is made ?
- What are explosives ? Discuss commonly known explosives.
- Please write the reasons for using of a lie detector.
- Please discuss the characteristics of a Cartridge Case.
- What is a fabric ? What are the factors upon which fabric evidences depend ?
- Discuss about the classification of scene of crime.

GROUP - C

Answer any 5 (five) questions.

10x5=50

- Discuss about the factors that generally help to study " Modus Operandi " .
- How the age of a person is determined from his physical examination ?
- Write the differences between Lacerated wound and Stab wound.
- What is grievous injury? Discuss different types of grievous injury.
- What are the typical applications of U-V Rays ?
- Please mention the importance of Foot Prints and its classification.
- What are the remedial measures of Juvenile Delinquency ?

OFFICERS

2021

Subject : BENGALI (Without Books)

Time allowed : 1 hour & 30 minutes

Full Marks : 60

1. Translate the following passage into English : 15

অদেহীও ভাষায় উৎকর্ষ প্রর্জন করিতে না পারিলে
 পৃথিবীতে কোন জাতিবই উন্নতি হয় না, যে কোন বিদ্যুৎ
 হউক, নিজের ভাষায় সাহায্যে লেখাপ সহজে বুঝিতে পারা
 যায়, বিদেহীও ভাষা দ্বারা লেখাপ বুঝিতে পারা যায় না,
 সেইজন্য বেথুন প্রত্যেক শিক্ষিত বাঙালীকেই বাঙালী ভাষায়
 উন্নতির জন্য উৎসাহ দিতেন, কোন বিদ্যালয় দেখিতে যাইলে,
 সেই বিদ্যালয়ের ছাত্রদিগের মনে বাঙালী ভাষায় প্রতি কিঞ্চপ
 অনুরাগ জন্মিতোছে, ইহা তিনি প্রায়ই জিজ্ঞাসা করিতেন, কোন
 শিক্ষিত বাঙালী ইংরেজী ভাষায় গ্রন্থ রচনা করিয়া তাঁহাকে
 উপহার দিলে তিনি তাহার উপস্থিত প্রমাণ করিতেন বটে,
 কিন্তু বাঙালী ভাষায় লিখিলে যে দোষের আওত উপকার হইত,
 তাহাও তিনি গ্রন্থকারকে বুঝাইয়া দিতেন, তাঁহার উপদেশ ও
 উৎসাহের ফলে অনেক শিক্ষিত বাঙালী অদেহীও ভাষায়
 অনুশীলনে প্রবৃত্ত হইয়াছিলেন।

2. Translate the following passage into Bengali : 15

Anything, which when seen or heard or uttered or
 thought of awakens evil propensities in the mind,
 ought to be wholly eschewed. If the sight of a good picture
 inspires the mind with pure thoughts, why should not unholy
 ideas be instilled into it by seeing objectionable pictures?
 If one's heart is filled with noble sentiments when
 one listens to good songs or gentle words, there is no
 reason why it should not be polluted with unclean
 thoughts when one hears indecent music or ugly words.
 There is nothing so ruinous as evil company. Ask of
 those people who have fallen low, and you will, I
 think, learn from every one of them that bad
 association is the cause of their downfall. The
 numbers of people to lead us astray is legion, but
 few are the comrades on the path of rectitude.

