







4 March 2024 National & International News

Seizure of CNC Machines Bound for Pakistan at Nhava Sheva Port	 Customs authorities at Nhava Sheva port recently intercepted a dual-use shipment on a vessel destined for Karachi, expressing suspicions regarding its potential utilization in Pakistan's nuclear initiatives. About Nhava Sheva Port: Jawaharlal Nehru Port, also known as JNPT and Nhava Sheva Port, is the second largest container port in India after Mundra Port.
	 Operated by the Jawaharlal Nehru Port Trust Authority (JNPTA), it is located on the eastern shores of the Arabian Sea in Navi Mumbai, Raigad district, Maharashtra.
Hanguls on the Path to RecoveryImage: Additional and the path to RecoveryImage: Additionand and to RecoveryImage: Ad	 Context: The endangered hangul, a shy deer species native to Kashmir, is showing signs of recovery with a healthy mating season indicating a potential increase in numbers. The official figure suggested there are 19.2 males per 100 females "which is much lower than the ideal ratio of 40-50 males per 100 females".
	 Hangul's population declined sharply since 1947 but showed a steady increase from 183 in 2015 to 261 in 2021. Conservation efforts include securing habitats, regulating traffic on highways, and identifying threats. A captive breeding facility has been set up to further protect the species.
	About: Hangul, a subspecies of the Central Asian red deer, is primarily found in the dense riverine forests of the Valley and mountains of Jammu and Kashmir as well as northern Himachal Pradesh.
	 Habitat: Dense riverine forests of the Valley and mountains of Jammu and Kashmir and northern Himachal Pradesh. Threats: Rising pollution, poaching, habitat fragmentation due to land use, and climate change.













	 Impact of Human Activities: Studies indicate that human activities are major factors contributing to the decline in the Hangul population. Conservation Status: The International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) has classified the Hangul as Critically Endangered in the Red Data Book. Legal Protection: The animal is listed under Schedule I of the Indian Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972.
Cabinet Approval for Semiconductor Plants	Context: The Union Cabinet approved three semiconductor plant proposals to strengthen India's semiconductor manufacturing ecosystem.
 Potential in India: In 2019, India's semiconductor consumption hit US\$21 billion, showing a growth rate of 15.1%. The country is expected to surpass USD 80 billion in semiconductor consumption by 2026 and USD 110 billion by 2030. Leading semiconductor manufacturing nations are the USA, Taiwan, South Korea, Japan, the Netherlands, and emerging producers like Germany. 	 Semiconductor Fab with 50,000 wfsm Capacity: Location: Dholera, Gujarat Investment: Rs. 91,000 crore Partnership: Tata Electronics Private Limited ("TEPL") and Powerchip Semiconductor Manufacturing Corp (PSMC), Taiwan Technology Partner: PSMC, known for expertise in logic and memory foundry segments Capacity: 50,000 wafer starts per month (WSPM) Segments: High performance compute chips with 28 nm technology Power management chips for EVs, telecom, defense, automotive, consumer electronics, display, power electronics, etc.
	 Semiconductor ATMP Unit in Assam: Location: Morigaon, Assam Investment: Rs. 27,000 crore Company: Tata Semiconductor Assembly and Test Pvt Ltd ("TSAT") Technology: Developing indigenous advanced semiconductor packaging technologies including flip chip and ISIP Capacity: 48 million per day Segments: Automotive, EVs, consumer electronics, telecom, mobile phones, etc.
	Semiconductor ATMP Unit for Specialized Chips:
	 Location: Sanand, Gujarat Investment: Rs. 7,600 crore











			25
		 Partnership: CG Power, Renesas Elect Corporation (Japan), and Stars Microelect (Thailand) Technology Partner: Renesas, a I semiconductor company in specialized chips Capacity: 15 million per day Segments: Consumer, industrial, automotive power applications. 	tronics eading
ADITI scheme		 Context: Raksha Mantri Shri Rajnath Singh unveiled the scheme at DefConnect 2024 to boost innovations in and strategic defence technologies. Key points: Scheme Name: Acing Development of Inno Technologies with iDEX (ADITI) Purpose: Develop critical and strategic detechnologies. Falls under the iDEX (Innovations for DeExcellence) framework. Period: 2023-24 to 2025-26 Focus: Innovations in critical and strategic detechnologies from startups Grant Amount: Up to Rs 25 crore for rest development, and innovation in defence technologies router of technology sector Technology Watch Tool: To bridge the gap bet modern Armed Forces' needs and detechnologies. Challenges: 17 challenges launched in the edition for Indian Army, Indian Navy, Indian Air and Defence Space Agency to develop technologies R&D Importance: Need for self-reliant technology development due to limitatiot technology acquisition through offset and FDI Government's Support: Reserved 75% of d capital acquisition budget for purchases from companies including MSMEs. 	critical ovative efence efence efence earch, ology vances etween efence ne first Force, latest ce in ns of efence
	rif Becomes Pakistan's Prime e Second Time	 Context: Shehbaz Sharif, a leader of the Pakistan I League Nawaz (PML-N), has been elect Pakistan's Prime Minister for the second time. 	













	 Key points: He secured 201 votes in the election held at the National Assembly, while his opponent Omar Ayub Khan of the Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf (PTI) received only 92 votes. In his victory speech, Shehbaz Sharif emphasized his commitment to revive Pakistan's economy and eradicate terrorism. Shehbaz Sharif vowed to maintain cordial relations with neighboring countries based on equality principles and not involve Pakistan in any geopolitical "great game." While emphasizing the importance of improving ties with all nations, he also raised the Kashmir issue, urging solidarity with the Kashmiri and Palestinian causes.
India's 1st Green Hydrogen Plant in the Stainless steel sector	 Union Minister for Steel and Civil Aviation, Sh. Jyotiraditya M. Scindia virtually inaugurated India's 1st Green Hydrogen Plant in Stainless Steel Sector. The plant, located at Jindal Stainless Limited, Hisar, Haryana is a global milestone, being the world's first off-grid Green Hydrogen plant for the stainless steel industry. It is also the world's first Green Hydrogen plant with rooftop & floating solar. The project targets a significant reduction in carbon emissions, contributing to a sustainable future. This project is also a state-of-the-art green hydrogen facility with a target to reduce carbon emissions over the next two decades. The government encourages "green growth" and "green jobs" to achieve net zero carbon emissions by 2070.

Copyright © by Adda247

All rights are reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without prior permission of Adda247.



