





**Daily Current Affairs Encyclopedia** 



## 17 May 2024 National and International News

Right to property	<ul> <li>Why in news?</li> <li>The Supreme Court has taken a significant step to protect private property from arbitrary state takeover for a "public purpose".</li> <li>It held that compulsory acquisition without following mandatory procedures and without a grant of compensation to the owners will not make the accession constitutional.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Key points:</li> <li>The right to property is protected as a constitutional right and has even been interpreted to be a human right.</li> <li>This declaration was made by a Bench of Justices P.S. Narasimha and Aravind Kumar in a judgment.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>About Right to property:</li> <li>Originally, the Right to Property was a fundamental right under Article 31 of the Indian Constitution.</li> <li>It guaranteed citizens the right to acquire, hold, and dispose of property.</li> <li>The 44th Amendment Act of 1978 removed the Right to Property from the list of fundamental rights (Article 19).</li> <li>It was moved to Article 300A as a constitutional/legal right. <ul> <li>It states that "No person shall be deprived of his property save by authority of law."</li> </ul> </li> <li>This amendment land reform policies and redistribute land to the landless without facing legal hurdles.</li> </ul>
Global Report on Internal Displacement 2024	<ul> <li>Why in news?</li> <li>According to the Global Report on Internal Displacement 2024 (GRID-2024), the number of internally displaced people globally increased to 75.9 million in 2023.</li> <li>The report was released by the Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC).</li> <li>About Global Report on Internal Displacement 2024</li> </ul>





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	<ul> <li>The Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre (IDMC), based in Geneva, publishes an annual report.</li> <li>This report records internal displacements worldwide.</li> <li>The causes of these displacements include conflict, violence, and disasters.</li> </ul>
Sahul	<ul> <li>Why in news?</li> <li>Recently, archeologists have discovered evidence of a lost landscape, known as Sahul in ancient times.</li> <li>Sahul played a significant role in helping humans travel across continents.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>About Sahul: <ul> <li>Sahul can be termed as a supercontinent that was exposed on the Earth's surface during the last ice age.</li> <li>The ice age led to glaciation of water levels on the planet, exposing parts of land like Sahul.</li> <li>Present region of Australia to Papua New Guinea in the north and Tasmania in the south is connected to Sahul.</li> <li>It helped humans in ancient times to cross continents from Asia to Australia almost 7,000 decades ago.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Insurance Surety Bonds	<ul> <li>Why in news?</li> <li>Insurance companies have issued approximately 700 insurance surety bonds.</li> <li>This action was taken after the Centre equated these instruments with bank guarantees for all government procurements.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>About Insurance Surety Bonds: <ul> <li>An insurance surety bond is a financial instrument.</li> <li>In this arrangement, insurance companies act as the 'Surety'.</li> <li>The Surety provides a financial guarantee that the contractor (or principal) will fulfill its obligations as per the agreed terms.</li> <li>This setup is a risk transfer mechanism.</li> <li>If the principal fails to fulfill his promise, the insurer pays a monetary compensation to the obligee.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Kanwar Lake	<ul> <li>Why in news?</li> <li>Kanwar Lake was once a paradise for migratory birds, and is currently struggling for its survival.</li> </ul>



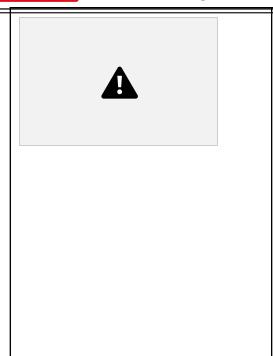






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#### About Kanwar Lake:

- Kanwar Lake, also known as Kabartal Jheel, is Asia's • largest freshwater oxbow lake.
- It is located in northern Bihar, covering the majority of the Indo-Gangetic plains.
- The lake is a residual oxbow lake, formed due to the meandering of the Gandak river, a tributary of the Ganga.
- It is a rainfed lake and an important stopover along the Central Asian Flyway.
- The wetland is used by 58 migratory waterbirds to rest and refuel.
- Five critically endangered species inhabit the site. These include three vultures - the red-headed vulture, white-rumped vulture, and Indian vulture - and two waterbirds, the sociable lapwing and Baer's pochard.
- **Major threats** to the site include water management activities such as drainage, water abstraction, damming, and canalization.



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